According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



# Sikaflex®-271

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#### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : Sikaflex®-271

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Sealant/adhesive, Product is not intended for consumer use

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name of supplier : Sika Limited

Watchmead Welwyn Garden City

Hertfordshire. AL7 1BQ

Telephone : +44 (0)1707 394444
Telefax : +44 (0)1707 329129
E-mail address of person : EHS@uk.sika.com

responsible for the SDS

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National Chemical Emergency Centre (NCEC) 24 Hour Emergency Telephone Number +44 870 190 6777

**SECTION 2: Hazards identification** 

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Respiratory sensitisation, Category 1 H334: May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or

breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Skin sensitisation, Category 1 H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

#### 2.2 Label elements

#### Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms

Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or

breathing difficulties if inhaled.

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Precautionary statements : Prevention:

P261 Avoid breathing mist or vapours.

P280 Wear protective gloves.
P284 Wear respiratory protection.

Response:

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and

keep comfortable for breathing.

P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical

advice/ attention.

P342 + P311 If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a

POISON CENTER/ doctor.

### Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

aliphatic prepolymer (t-polyether based) aliphatic prepolymer (d-polyether based)

Hexamethylene-1,6-diisocyanate homopolymer

4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate

3-isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate

#### **Additional Labelling**

"As from 24 August 2023 adequate training is required before industrial or professional use."

#### 2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Ecological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Toxicological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

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# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

## 3.2 Mixtures

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No. Registration number	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
aliphatic prepolymer (t-polyether based)	138626-39-8 Not Assigned	Skin Sens. 1; H317	>= 5 - < 10
aliphatic prepolymer (d-polyether based)	39323-37-0 Not Assigned	Skin Sens. 1; H317	>= 1 - < 2,5
Hexamethylene-1,6-diisocyanate homopolymer Contains: hexamethylene-di-isocyanate <= 0,3 %	28182-81-2 931-274-8 01-2119485796-17- XXXX	Acute Tox. 4; H332 Skin Sens. 1; H317 STOT SE 3; H335 (Respiratory system)  Acute toxicity estimate  Acute inhalation toxicity (dust/mist): 1,5 mg/l	>= 1 - < 2,5

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4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocya- nate	101-68-8 202-966-0 01-2119457014-47- XXXX	Acute Tox. 4; H332 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 Resp. Sens. 1; H334 Skin Sens. 1; H317 Carc. 2; H351 STOT SE 3; H335 (Respiratory system) STOT RE 2; H373	>= 0,5 - < 1
		specific concentration limit Eye Irrit. 2; H319 >= 5 % STOT SE 3; H335 >= 5 % Skin Irrit. 2; H315 >= 5 % Resp. Sens. 1; H334 >= 0,1 %	
		Acute toxicity esti- mate	
		Acute inhalation toxicity (dust/mist): 1,5 mg/l	

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3-isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate	4098-71-9 223-861-6 01-2119490408-31- XXXX	Acute Tox. 1; H330 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 Resp. Sens. 1; H334 Skin Sens. 1; H317 STOT SE 3; H335 (Respiratory system) Aquatic Chronic 2; H411  specific concentration limit Resp. Sens. 1; H334 >= 0,5 % Skin Sens. 1; H317 >= 0,5 %	>= 0,025 - < 0,1
		Acute toxicity esti- mate	
		Acute inhalation toxicity (dust/mist): 0,031 mg/l	

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice : Move out of dangerous area.

Consult a physician.

Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

If inhaled : Move to fresh air.

Consult a physician after significant exposure.

In case of skin contact : Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately.

Wash off with soap and plenty of water. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

In case of eye contact : Remove contact lenses.

Keep eye wide open while rinsing.

If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.

If swallowed : Do not induce vomiting without medical advice.

Rinse mouth with water.

Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

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#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

**Symptoms** Asthmatic appearance

Allergic reactions

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects

and symptoms.

Risks sensitising effects

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficul-

ties if inhaled.

## 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**Treatment** : Treat symptomatically.

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media In case of fire, use water/water spray/water jet/carbon diox-

ide/sand/foam/alcohol resistant foam/chemical powder for

extinction.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

ucts

Hazardous combustion prod- : No hazardous combustion products are known

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

for firefighters

Special protective equipment : In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Further information Standard procedure for chemical fires.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

## 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Use personal protective equipment.

Deny access to unprotected persons.

# 6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

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## 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel,

acid binder, universal binder, sawdust).

Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protection see section 8.

#### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling : Avoid exceeding the given occupational exposure limits (see

section 8).

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. For personal protection see section 8.

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being

used.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the ap-

plication area.

Follow standard hygiene measures when handling chemical

products

Advice on protection against

fire and explosion

Normal measures for preventive fire protection.

Hygiene measures : Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety

practice. When using do not eat or drink. When using do not smoke. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage

areas and containers

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated

place. Store in accordance with local regulations.

Further information on stor-

age stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) : Cleaning with aprotic polar solvents must be avoided.

Consult most current local Product Data Sheet prior to any

use.

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## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

## 8.1 Control parameters

## **Occupational Exposure Limits**

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parame- ters *	Basis *
Hexamethylene-1,6-diisocyanate homopolymer	28182-81-2	TWA	0,02 mg/m3 (NCO)	GB EH40
1-7	Further informa	ation: Substances th		upational
		nown as asthmage		
	can induce a s	tate of specific airw	ay hyper-respons	iveness via an
		irritant or other med		
		-responsive, further		
		en in tiny quantities,		
		ymptoms can range		
		I workers who are e		
		sponsive and it is in	•	•
		likely to become hy occupational asthn		
		ich may trigger the		
		ng airway hyper-res		
		ease themselves. T		
		sthmagens or respir		
		found in the HSE p		
	assessments of the evidence for agents implicated in occupational			
	asthma., Wherever it is reasonably practicable, exposure to sub-			
	stances that can cause occupational asthma should be prevented.			
	Where this is not possible, the primary aim is to apply adequate			
	standards of control to prevent workers from becoming hyper-			
	responsive. For substances that can cause occupational asthma,			
	COSHH requires that exposure be reduced to as low as is rea-			
	sonably practicable. Activities giving rise to short-term peak con-			
	centrations should receive particular attention when risk management is being considered. Health surveillance is appropriate for all			
	employees exposed or liable to be exposed to a substance which			
	may cause occupational asthma and there should be appropriate			
	consultation with an occupational health professional over the			
	degree of risk and level of surveillance., Capable of causing occu-			
	pational asthma., The 'Sen' notation in the list of WELs has been			
	assigned only to those substances which may cause occupational			
	asthma in the categories shown in Table 1. It should be remem-			
	bered that other substances not in these tables may cause occu-			
		pational asthma. HSE's asthma web pages (www.hse.gov.uk/asthma) provide further information.		
	(www.hse.gov.			
		STEL	0,07 mg/m3 (NCO)	GB EH40
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	101-68-8	TWA	0,02 mg/m3 (NCO)	GB EH40
	Further informa	ation: Capable of ca		al asthma.
		STEL	0,07 mg/m3	GB EH40

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			(NCO)		
3-isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5- trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate	4098-71-9	TWA	0,02 mg/m3 (NCO)	GB EH40	
	Further infor	mation: Substance	ces that can cause oc	cupational	
			nagens and respirator		
			airway hyper-respon		
			r mechanism. Once th		
			rther exposure to the		
			ities, may cause resp		
			ange in severity from		
			are exposed to a sen		
			t is impossible to iden		
			ne hyper-responsive.		
			asthma should be dist		
			r the symptoms of ast		
		with pre-existing airway hyper-responsiveness, but which do not			
	include the d	include the disease themselves. The latter substances are not			
	classified as	classified as asthmagens or respiratory sensitisers. Further infor			
		mation can be found in the HSE publication Asthmagen? Critical			
	assessments	assessments of the evidence for agents implicated in occupation			
	asthma., Wh	asthma., Wherever it is reasonably practicable, exposure to sub-			
	stances that	stances that can cause occupational asthma should be prevented			
	Where this is	Where this is not possible, the primary aim is to apply adequate			
	standards of	standards of control to prevent workers from becoming hyper-			
			hat can cause occupa		
	COSHH requ	uires that exposu	re be reduced to as lo	ow as is rea-	
	sonably prac	ticable. Activities	giving rise to short-to	erm peak con	
	centrations s	hould receive pa	rticular attention whe	n risk manag	
	ment is being	g considered. He	alth surveillance is ap	propriate for	
	employees e	xposed or liable	to be exposed to a su	ubstance which	
			ma and there should		
		consultation with an occupational health professional over the			
		degree of risk and level of surveillance., Capable of causing occ			
		pational asthma., The 'Sen' notation in the list of WELs has beer			
			ances which may cau		
			wn in Table 1. It shou		
			not in these tables ma	y cause occu	
		ma. HSE's asthr			
	(www.hse.go		ovide further informati		
		STEL	0,07 mg/m3	GB EH40	

<sup>\*</sup>The above mentioned values are in accordance with the legislation in effect at the date of the release of this safety data sheet.

## **Biological occupational exposure limits**

Substance name	CAS-No.	Control parame- ters	Sampling time	Basis
Hexamethylene-1,6-diisocyanate homopolymer	28182-81-2	isocyanate- derived diamine (Isocyanates): 1 µmol/mol creati- nine	At the end of the period of exposure	GB EH40 BAT

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4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	101-68-8	(Urine) isocyanate- derived diamine (Isocyanates): 1 µmol/mol creati- nine (Urine)	At the end of the period of exposure	GB EH40 BAT
3-isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5- trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate	4098-71-9	isocyanate- derived diamine (Isocyanates): 1 µmol/mol creati- nine (Urine)	At the end of the period of expo- sure	GB EH40 BAT

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

#### **Engineering measures**

Maintain air concentrations below occupational exposure standards.

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

#### Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection : Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to EN166

Eye wash bottle with pure water

Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an ap-

proved standard must be worn at all times when handling chemical products. Reference number EN 374. Follow manu-

facturer specifications.

Suitable for short time use or protection against splashes:

Butyl rubber/nitrile rubber gloves (> 0,1 mm) Contaminated gloves should be removed.

Suitable for permanent exposure:

Viton gloves (0.4 mm), breakthrough time >30 min.

Skin and body protection : Protective clothing (e.g. Safety shoes acc. to EN ISO 20345,

long-sleeved working clothing, long trousers). Rubber aprons and protective boots are additionally recommended for mixing

and stirring work.

Respiratory protection : In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe work-

ing limits of the selected respirator.

Use a properly fitted NIOSH approved air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk as-

sessment indicates this is necessary.

organic vapor filter (Type A)

A1: < 1000 ppm; A2: < 5000 ppm; A3: < 10000 ppm Ensure adequate ventilation. This can be achieved by local exhaust extraction or by general ventilation. (EN 689 - Methods for determining inhalation exposure). This applies in par-

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ticular to the mixing / stirring area. In case this is not sufficent to keep the concentrations under the occupational exposure limits then respiration protection measures must be used.

#### **Environmental exposure controls**

General advice : Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

#### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state liquid Appearance paste Colour black

Odour slight

Melting point/range / Freezing : No data available

point

Boiling point/boiling range No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : No data available

#### Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Upper explosion limit / Up- : No data available

per flammability limit

Lower explosion limit /

Lower flammability limit

: No data available

Flash point : > 101 °C

Method: closed cup

Auto-ignition temperature No data available

Decomposition temperature No data available

pΗ Not applicable

substance/mixture is non-soluble (in water)

**Viscosity** 

Viscosity, kinematic  $> 20,5 \text{ mm2/s} (40 \,^{\circ}\text{C})$ 

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Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : insoluble

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: No data available

Vapour pressure : 0,01 hPa

Density : ca. 1,2 g/cm3 (20 °C)

Relative vapour density : No data available

Particle characteristics : No data available

## 9.2 Other information

No data available

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

## 10.1 Reactivity

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : No hazards to be specially mentioned.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : No data available

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : No data available

## 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

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#### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

## **Acute toxicity**

Not classified due to lack of data.

#### **Components:**

#### aliphatic prepolymer (d-polyether based):

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): > 2.000 mg/kg

#### Hexamethylene-1,6-diisocyanate homopolymer:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): > 2.500 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50: 1,5 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Expert judgement

Acute toxicity estimate: 1,5 mg/l Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 Dermal (Rat): > 2.000 mg/kg

#### 4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50: 1,5 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Expert judgement

Acute toxicity estimate: 1,5 mg/l Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Calculation method

## 3-isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): 4.814 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 0,031 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute toxicity estimate: 0,031 mg/l

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

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Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 Dermal (Rat): > 7.000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified due to lack of data.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified due to lack of data.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Respiratory sensitisation

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified due to lack of data.

Carcinogenicity

Not classified due to lack of data.

Reproductive toxicity

Not classified due to lack of data.

STOT - single exposure

Not classified due to lack of data.

STOT - repeated exposure

Not classified due to lack of data.

**Aspiration toxicity** 

Not classified due to lack of data.

11.2 Information on other hazards

**Endocrine disrupting properties** 

**Product:** 

Assessment : The substance/mixture does not contain components consid-

ered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at

levels of 0.1% or higher.

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## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

#### **Components:**

### aliphatic prepolymer (t-polyether based):

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

: EC50 (algae): 100 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h

plants

NOEC (algae): 100 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h

#### aliphatic prepolymer (d-polyether based):

aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Daphnia (water flea)): > 100 mg/l

NOEC (Daphnia (water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

: EC50 (algae): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

No data available

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

#### **Product:**

Assessment This substance/mixture contains no components considered

> to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of

0.1% or higher...

#### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

#### **Product:**

: The substance/mixture does not contain components consid-Assessment

> ered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at

levels of 0.1% or higher.

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#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

**Product:** 

Additional ecological infor-

mation

: There is no data available for this product.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized

wherever possible.

Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe

way.

Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed

waste disposal contractor.

Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional

local authority requirements.

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with

soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

European Waste Catalogue : 08 04 09\* waste adhesives and sealants containing organic

solvents or other dangerous substances

Contaminated packaging : 15 01 10\* packaging containing residues of or contaminated

by dangerous substances

#### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### 14.1 UN number or ID number

ADR : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA : Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA : Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADR : Not regulated as a dangerous good

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IMDG : Not regulated as a dangerous goodIATA : Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.4 Packing group

ADR : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA (Cargo) : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA (Passenger) : Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.5 Environmental hazards

Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.6 Special precautions for user

Not applicable

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable for product as supplied.

#### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

**15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**Relevant EU provisions transposed through retained EU law

UK REACH List of restrictions (Annex 17) : Conditions of restriction for the fol-

lowing entries should be considered: 4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate

(Number on list 74, 56) 3-isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate

(Number on list 74)

1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C9-11-branched alkyl esters, C10-rich

(Number on list 52)

UK REACH Candidate list of substances of very high

concern (SVHC) for Authorisation

: Not applicable

The Persistent Organic Pollutants Regulations (retained

Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 as amended for Great Brit-

ain)

Not applicable

Not applicable

International Chemical Weapons Convention (CWC)

Schedules of Toxic Chemicals and Precursors

Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that de- : Not applicable

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plete the ozone layer

UK REACH List of substances subject to authorisation

(Annex XIV)

: Not applicable

GB Export and import of hazardous chemicals - Prior

Informed Consent (PIC) Regulation

Not applicable

Control of Major Accident Hazards Regulations

2015 (COMAH)

Volatile organic compounds : Law on the incentive tax for volatile organic compounds

(VOCV) no VOC duties

Directive 2010/75/EU of 24 November 2010 on industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control)

Not applicable

Not applicable

If other regulatory information applies that is not already provided elsewhere in the Safety Data Sheet, then it is described in this subsection.

Health, safety and environmental regulation/legislation specific for the substance or mixture: : Environmental Protection Act 1990 & Subsidiary Regulations Health and Safety at Work Act 1974 & Subsidiary Regulations Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations

(COSHH)

May be subject to the Control of Major Accident Hazards

Regulations (COMAH), and amendments.

#### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this mixture by the supplier.

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### Full text of H-Statements

H315	: Causes skin irritation.
H317	: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	: Causes serious eye irritation.
H330	: Fatal if inhaled.

H330 : Fatal if inhaled. H332 : Harmful if inhaled.

H334 : May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficul-

ties if inhaled.

H335 : May cause respiratory irritation. H351 : Suspected of causing cancer.

H373 : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure if inhaled.

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



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H411 : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of other abbreviations

Acute Tox. Acute toxicity

Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard Aquatic Chronic

Carc. Carcinogenicity Eve Irrit. Eve irritation

Resp. Sens. Respiratory sensitisation

Skin Irrit. Skin irritation Skin Sens. Skin sensitisation

STOT RE Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure STOT SE Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure GB EH40 UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits UK. Biological monitoring guidance values GB EH40 BAT

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA reference period) GB EH40 / TWA Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period) GB EH40 / STEL

European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of **ADR** 

Dangerous Goods by Road

CAS Chemical Abstracts Service Derived no-effect level DNEL

EC50 Half maximal effective concentration GHS Globally Harmonized System

IATA International Air Transport Association

International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods **IMDG** 

LD50 Median lethal dosis (the amount of a material, given all at

once, which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of

test animals)

LC50 Median lethal concentration (concentrations of the chemical in

air that kills 50% of the test animals during the observation

period)

**MARPOL** International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from

Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978

OEL Occupational Exposure Limit

**PBT** Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic **PNEC** Predicted no effect concentration

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament **REACH** 

> and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency

SVHC Substances of Very High Concern

vPvB Very persistent and very bioaccumulative

**Further information** 

Classification of the mixture: Classification procedure:

Resp. Sens. 1 Calculation method H334 Skin Sens. 1 H317 Calculation method

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



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The information contained in this Safety Data Sheet corresponds to our level of knowledge at the time of publication. All warranties are excluded. Our most current General Sales Conditions shall apply. Please consult the product data sheet prior to any use and processing.

Changes as compared to previous version!

GB / EN