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#### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : Sikaflex®-221

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Sealant/adhesive

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name of supplier : Sika Limited

Watchmead Welwyn Garden City

Hertfordshire. AL7 1BQ

Telephone : +44 (0)1707 394444
Telefax : +44 (0)1707 329129
E-mail address of person : EHS@uk.sika.com

responsible for the SDS

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National Chemical Emergency Centre (NCEC) 24 Hour Emergency Telephone Number +44 870 190 6777

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Respiratory sensitisation, Category 1 H334: May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or

breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, Category 2, Central nervous longed or repeated exposure if inhaled.

system

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms :

Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or

breathing difficulties if inhaled.

H373 May cause damage to organs (Central nerv-

ous system) through prolonged or repeated

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exposure if inhaled.

Precautionary statements : Prevention:

P260 Do not breathe mist or vapours.

P284 In case of inadequate ventilation wear respir-

atory protection.

Response:

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and

keep comfortable for breathing.

P342 + P311 If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a

POISON CENTER/ doctor.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance

with local regulation.

#### Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) 4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate m-tolylidene diisocyanate

### **Additional Labelling**

EUH211

Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.

"As from 24 August 2023 adequate training is required before industrial or professional use."

#### 2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Ecological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Toxicological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

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## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

### 3.2 Mixtures

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Classification	Concentration
Onemical name	EC-No.	Glassification	(% w/w)
	Registration number		(70 00/00)
Urea,N,N"-(methylenedi-4,1- phenylene)bis[N'-butyl-	77703-56-1 416-600-4 01-0000016345-72- XXXX	Aquatic Chronic 4; H413	>= 2,5 - < 5
reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	Not Assigned 905-588-0 01-2119488216-32- XXXX	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 Acute Tox. 4; H332 Acute Tox. 4; H312 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 STOT SE 3; H335 (Respiratory system) STOT RE 2; H373 Asp. Tox. 1; H304 Aquatic Chronic 3; H412	>= 1 - < 2,5
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	Not Assigned 919-446-0 265-185-4 01-2119458049-33- XXXX [corresponding group CAS 64742-82- 1]	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 STOT SE 3; H336 (Central nervous system) STOT RE 1; H372 (Central nervous system) Asp. Tox. 1; H304 Aquatic Chronic 2; H411 EUH066	>= 1 - < 2,5

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4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocya-101-68-8 Acute Tox. 4: H332 >= 0.5 - < 1 nate 202-966-0 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 01-2119457014-47-Eye Irrit. 2; H319 XXXX Resp. Sens. 1; H334 Skin Sens. 1; H317 Carc. 2; H351 STOT SE 3; H335 (Respiratory system) STOT RE 2; H373 specific concentration limit Eye Irrit. 2; H319 >= 5 % STOT SE 3; H335 >= 5 % Skin Irrit. 2; H315 >= 5 % Resp. Sens. 1; H334 >= 0,1 % Acute toxicity estimate Acute inhalation toxicity (dust/mist): 1,5 mg/l m-tolylidene diisocyanate 26471-62-5 Acute Tox. 1; H330 >= 0,0025 - < 247-722-4 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 0,025 01-2119454791-34-Eye Irrit. 2; H319 XXXX Resp. Sens. 1; H334 Skin Sens. 1; H317 Carc. 2: H351 STOT SE 3; H335 (Respiratory system) Aquatic Chronic 3; H412 specific concentration limit Resp. Sens. 1; H334 >= 0.1 % Acute toxicity estimate Acute inhalation toxicity (vapour): 0,107 mg/l

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Substances with a workplace ex	posure limit :	
Titanium dioxide (> 10 µm)	13463-67-7	>= 2,5 - < 5
	236-675-5	
	01-2119489379-17-	
	XXXX	

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice : Move out of dangerous area.

Consult a physician.

Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

If inhaled : Move to fresh air.

Consult a physician after significant exposure.

In case of skin contact : Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately.

Wash off with soap and plenty of water. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

In case of eye contact : Remove contact lenses.

Keep eye wide open while rinsing.

If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.

If swallowed : Do not induce vomiting without medical advice.

Rinse mouth with water.

Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms : Asthmatic appearance

Allergic reactions

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects

and symptoms.

Risks : sensitising effects

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficul-

ties if inhaled.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure if inhaled.

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : Treat symptomatically.

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### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : In case of fire, use water/water spray/water jet/carbon diox-

ide/sand/foam/alcohol resistant foam/chemical powder for

extinction

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous combustion prod- : No hazardous combustion products are known

ucts

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment : In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

for firefighters

Further information : Standard procedure for chemical fires.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : Use personal protective equipment.

Deny access to unprotected persons.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel,

acid binder, universal binder, sawdust).

Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protection see section 8.

#### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling : Avoid exceeding the given occupational exposure limits (see

section 8).

For personal protection see section 8.

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being

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used.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the ap-

plication area.

Follow standard hygiene measures when handling chemical

products

Advice on protection against :

fire and explosion

Normal measures for preventive fire protection.

Hygiene measures : Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety

practice. When using do not eat or drink. When using do not smoke. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage

areas and containers

: Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated

place. Store in accordance with local regulations.

Further information on stor-

age stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) : Cleaning with aprotic polar solvents must be avoided.

Consult most current local Product Data Sheet prior to any

use.

#### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

### 8.1 Control parameters

#### **Occupational Exposure Limits**

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parame- ters *	Basis *
Titanium dioxide (> 10 μm)	13463-67-7	TWA (inhalable dust)	10 mg/m3	GB EH40
		TWÁ (Respirable dust)	4 mg/m3	GB EH40
reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xy- lene	Not Assigned	TWA	50 ppm 221 mg/m3	2000/39/EC
	Further information: Identifies the possibility of significant uptake			
	through the skin, Indicative			
		STEL	100 ppm 442 mg/m3	2000/39/EC
		TWA	50 ppm 220 mg/m3	GB EH40
Further information: Can be absorbed through the		bed through the s	kin. The as-	
	signed substances are those for which there are concerns that			ncerns that
	dermal absorption will lead to systemic toxicity.			
		STEL	100 ppm 441 mg/m3	GB EH40
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	101-68-8	TWA	0,02 mg/m3 (NCO)	GB EH40

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	Further inforr	mation: Capable	of causing occupation	onal asthma.		
		STEL	0,07 mg/m3 (NCO)	GB EH40		
m-tolylidene diisocyanate	26471-62-5	TWA	0,02 mg/m3 (NCO)	GB EH40		
	Further inforr	mation: Substan	ces that can cause o	ccupational		
	asthma (also	known as asthr	nagens and respirato	ory sensitisers)		
			airway hyper-respon			
			r mechanism. Once			
			rther exposure to the			
			ities, may cause res			
			ange in severity from			
			are exposed to a ser			
			t is impossible to ide			
			ne hyper-responsive.			
		that can cause occupational asthma should be distinguished from				
		substances which may trigger the symptoms of asthma in people with pre-existing airway hyper-responsiveness, but which do not				
		include the disease themselves. The latter substances are not				
		classified as asthmagens or respiratory sensitisers. Further infor				
		mation can be found in the HSE publication Asthmagen? Critica				
		assessments of the evidence for agents implicated in occupation				
		asthma., Wherever it is reasonably practicable, exposure to sub-				
		stances that can cause occupational asthma should be prevente				
	Where this is	Where this is not possible, the primary aim is to apply adequate				
		standards of control to prevent workers from becoming hyper-				
		responsive. For substances that can cause occupational asthma				
		COSHH requires that exposure be reduced to as low as is rea-				
		sonably practicable. Activities giving rise to short-term peak con-				
		centrations should receive particular attention when risk manage				
		ment is being considered. Health surveillance is appropriate for a				
		employees exposed or liable to be exposed to a substance which				
		may cause occupational asthma and there should be appropriate				
		consultation with an occupational health professional over the degree of risk and level of surveillance., Capable of causing occu-				
		pational asthma., The 'Sen' notation in the list of WELs has been				
		assigned only to those substances which may cause occupationa				
		asthma in the categories shown in Table 1. It should be remem-				
		bered that other substances not in these tables may cause occu-				
		pational asthma. HSE's asthma web pages				
			ovide further informa	tion.		
	, 3	STEL	0,07 mg/m3 (NCO)	GB EH40		

<sup>\*</sup>The above mentioned values are in accordance with the legislation in effect at the date of the release of this safety data sheet.

### Biological occupational exposure limits

Substance name	CAS-No.	Control parame-	Sampling time	Basis
		ters		
reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	Not Assigned	methyl hippuric acid: 650 Millimo- les per mole cre-	After shift	GB EH40 BAT

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		atinine (Urine)		
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	101-68-8	isocyanate- derived diamine (Isocyanates): 1 µmol/mol creati- nine (Urine)	At the end of the period of exposure	GB EH40 BAT
m-tolylidene diisocyanate	26471-62-5	isocyanate- derived diamine (Isocyanates): 1 µmol/mol creati- nine (Urine)	At the end of the period of exposure	GB EH40 BAT

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

#### **Engineering measures**

Maintain air concentrations below occupational exposure standards.

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

#### Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection : Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to EN166

Eye wash bottle with pure water

Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an ap-

proved standard must be worn at all times when handling chemical products. Reference number EN 374. Follow manu-

facturer specifications.

Suitable for short time use or protection against splashes:

Butyl rubber/nitrile rubber gloves (> 0,1 mm) Contaminated gloves should be removed.

Suitable for permanent exposure:

Viton gloves (0.4 mm), breakthrough time >30 min.

Skin and body protection : Protective clothing (e.g. Safety shoes acc. to EN ISO 20345,

long-sleeved working clothing, long trousers). Rubber aprons and protective boots are additionally recommended for mixing

and stirring work.

Respiratory protection : In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe work-

ing limits of the selected respirator.

Use a properly fitted NIOSH approved air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk as-

sessment indicates this is necessary.

organic vapor filter (Type A)

A1: < 1000 ppm; A2: < 5000 ppm; A3: < 10000 ppm Ensure adequate ventilation. This can be achieved by local exhaust extraction or by general ventilation. (EN 689 - Methods for determining inhalation exposure). This applies in particular to the mixing / stirring area. In case this is not sufficent

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to keep the concentrations under the occupational exposure limits then respiration protection measures must be used.

**Environmental exposure controls** 

General advice : Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state liquid Appearance paste Colour various Odour slight

Melting point/range / Freezing :

point

No data available

Boiling point/boiling range No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) No data available

#### Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Upper explosion limit / Up- : No data available

per flammability limit

Lower explosion limit /

Lower flammability limit

: No data available

: 76 °C Flash point

Method: closed cup

Auto-ignition temperature No data available

No data available Decomposition temperature

pΗ Not applicable

substance/mixture is non-soluble (in water)

**Viscosity** 

Viscosity, dynamic Not applicable

> 20,5 mm2/s (40 °C) Viscosity, kinematic

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility insoluble

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

No data available

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Vapour pressure : 0,01 hPa

Density : ca. 1,26 g/cm3 (20 °C)

Relative vapour density : No data available

Particle characteristics : No data available

#### 9.2 Other information

No data available

### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : No hazards to be specially mentioned.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : No data available

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : No data available

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### **Acute toxicity**

Not classified due to lack of data.

#### **Components:**

### Urea,N,N"-(methylenedi-4,1-phenylene)bis[N'-butyl-:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): > 2.000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 Dermal (Rabbit): > 2.000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

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#### reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): 3.523 mg/kg

#### 4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50: 1,5 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Expert judgement

Acute toxicity estimate: 1,5 mg/l Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Calculation method

#### m-tolylidene diisocyanate:

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 0,107 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour

Acute toxicity estimate: 0,107 mg/l

Test atmosphere: vapour Method: Calculation method

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified due to lack of data.

### Components:

#### Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%):

Assessment : Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Result : Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified due to lack of data.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

#### Skin sensitisation

Not classified due to lack of data.

#### Respiratory sensitisation

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified due to lack of data.

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#### Carcinogenicity

Not classified due to lack of data.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not classified due to lack of data.

#### STOT - single exposure

Not classified due to lack of data.

### STOT - repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs (Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

#### **Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified due to lack of data.

#### 11.2 Information on other hazards

#### **Endocrine disrupting properties**

#### **Product:**

Assessment : The substance/mixture does not contain components consid-

> ered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at

levels of 0.1% or higher.

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

#### **Components:**

## Urea,N,N"-(methylenedi-4,1-phenylene)bis[N'-butyl-:

: LC50 (Brachydanio rerio (zebrafish)): > 250 mg/l Toxicity to fish

Exposure time: 96 h

aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)): >

100 ma/l

Exposure time: 72 h

#### reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene:

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC: > 1,3 mg/l Exposure time: 56 d

Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)

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Toxicity to daphnia and other : NOEC: 1.17 mg/l aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

Exposure time: 7 d

Species: Daphnia (water flea)

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

No data available

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

**Product:** 

Assessment This substance/mixture contains no components considered

to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of

0.1% or higher...

#### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

**Product:** 

Assessment The substance/mixture does not contain components consid-

> ered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at

levels of 0.1% or higher.

### 12.7 Other adverse effects

**Product:** 

Additional ecological infor-

mation

: There is no data available for this product.

#### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized

wherever possible.

Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe

Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed

waste disposal contractor.

Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional

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local authority requirements.

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with

soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

European Waste Catalogue : 08 04 09\* waste adhesives and sealants containing organic

solvents or other dangerous substances

Contaminated packaging : 15 01 10\* packaging containing residues of or contaminated

by dangerous substances

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### 14.1 UN number or ID number

ADR : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA : Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA : Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADR : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA : Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.4 Packing group

ADR : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA (Cargo) : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA (Passenger) : Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### 14.5 Environmental hazards

Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### 14.6 Special precautions for user

Not applicable

#### 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable for product as supplied.

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### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

**15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**Relevant EU provisions transposed through retained EU law

UK REACH List of restrictions (Annex 17) : Conditions of restriction for the fol-

lowing entries should be considered: 4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate

(Number on list 74, 56)

m-tolylidene diisocyanate (Number

on list 74)

1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C9-11-branched alkyl esters, C10-rich

(Number on list 52)

UK REACH Candidate list of substances of very high

concern (SVHC) for Authorisation

Not applicable

The Persistent Organic Pollutants Regulations (retained

Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 as amended for Great Brit-

ain)

Not applicable

International Chemical Weapons Convention (CWC)

Schedules of Toxic Chemicals and Precursors

Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that de-

plete the ozone layer

Not applicable

UK REACH List of substances subject to authorisation

(Annex XIV)

Not applicable

GB Export and import of hazardous chemicals - Prior

Informed Consent (PIC) Regulation

Not applicable

Control of Major Accident Hazards Regulations Not applicable

2015 (COMAH)

Volatile organic compounds : Law on the incentive tax for volatile organic compounds

(VOCV)

Volatile organic compounds (VOC) content: 3,5% w/w

Directive 2010/75/EU of 24 November 2010 on industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) Volatile organic compounds (VOC) content: 3,5% w/w

If other regulatory information applies that is not already provided elsewhere in the Safety Data Sheet, then it is described in this subsection.

Health, safety and environmental regulation/legislation : Environmental Protection Act 1990 & Subsidiary Regulations Health and Safety at Work Act 1974 & Subsidiary Regulations

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specific for the substance or

mixture:

Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations

(COSHH)

May be subject to the Control of Major Accident Hazards

Regulations (COMAH), and amendments.

#### Other regulations:

Take note of The Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1999 (requirements relating to new and expectant mothers at work contained in Regulation 16 to 18) and of the Pregnant Workers Directive 92/85/EEC.

Take note of The Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1999 (requirements relating to protection of young people at work contained in Regulation 19) and of Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work.

#### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this mixture by the supplier.

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### **Full text of H-Statements**

. Flammable liquiu anu vapoui	H226	: Flammable liquid and vapour
-------------------------------	------	-------------------------------

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

Causes skin irritation. H315

May cause an allergic skin reaction. H317

Causes serious eye irritation. H319

H330 Fatal if inhaled. H332 Harmful if inhaled.

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficul-H334

ties if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H336 H351

Suspected of causing cancer.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated H372

exposure if inhaled.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure if inhaled.

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H411 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412 May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life. H413

#### Full text of other abbreviations

Acute Tox. Acute toxicity

Aquatic Chronic Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard

Asp. Tox. Aspiration hazard Carcinogenicity Carc. Eve Irrit. Eye irritation Flam. Liq. Flammable liquids Resp. Sens. Respiratory sensitisation

Skin Irrit. Skin irritation

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



### Sikaflex®-221

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Skin Sens. : Skin sensitisation

STOT RE : Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure STOT SE : Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

2000/39/EC : Europe. Commission Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first

list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

GB EH40 : UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits
GB EH40 BAT : UK. Biological monitoring guidance values

2000/39/EC / TWA : Limit Value - eight hours 2000/39/EC / STEL : Short term exposure limit

GB EH40 / TWA : Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA reference period)
GB EH40 / STEL : Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period)

ADR : European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Road

CAS : Chemical Abstracts Service
DNEL : Derived no-effect level

EC50 : Half maximal effective concentration

GHS : Globally Harmonized System

IATA : International Air Transport Association

IMDG : International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

LD50 : Median lethal dosis (the amount of a material, given all at

once, which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of

test animals)

LC50 : Median lethal concentration (concentrations of the chemical in

air that kills 50% of the test animals during the observation

period)

MARPOL : International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from

Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978

OEL : Occupational Exposure Limit

PBT : Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic
PNEC : Predicted no effect concentration

REACH : Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament

and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency

SVHC : Substances of Very High Concern

vPvB : Very persistent and very bioaccumulative

#### **Further information**

#### Classification of the mixture: Classification procedure:

Resp. Sens. 1 H334 Calculation method STOT RE 2 H373 Calculation method

The information contained in this Safety Data Sheet corresponds to our level of knowledge at the time of publication. All warranties are excluded. Our most current General Sales Conditions shall apply. Please consult the product data sheet prior to any use and processing.

Changes as compared to previous version!

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