

Version 0.0

#### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1	<b>Product identifier</b>
	Trade name

: SikaSwell<sup>®</sup>-S-2

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

: Sealant/adhesive, For professional users only. Product use

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name of supplier	:	Sika Limited Watchmead Welwyn Garden City
		Hertfordshire. AL7 1BQ
Telephone	:	+44 (0)1707 394444
Telefax	:	+44 (0)1707 329129
E-mail address of person responsible for the SDS	:	EHS@uk.sika.com

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

+44 (0)1707 363899 (available during office hours).

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)					
Serious eye damage, Category 1	H318: Causes serious eye damage.				

Skin sensitisation, Category 1

H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

#### 2.2 Label elements

#### Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008) Hazard pictograms Signal word Danger Hazard statements H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. : H318 Causes serious eye damage. Precautionary statements 1 Prevention: P261 Avoid breathing dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray. P280 Wear protective gloves/ eye protection/ face Country GB 00000207490

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#### **Response:**

P305 + P351 +	P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove con- tact lenses, if present and easy to do. Con- tinue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
P333 + P313	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
P362 + P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
Disposal:	
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulation.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

- aluminium sulphate
- Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers

#### **Additional Labelling**

EUH204 Contains isocyanates. May produce an allergic reaction.

#### 2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

#### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2 Mixtures

#### Components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No. Registration number	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
aluminium sulphate	10043-01-3 233-135-0 01-2119531538-36- XXXX	Eye Dam. 1; H318	>= 25 - < 40
Reaction mass of: 1-[2- (benzoyloxy)propoxy]propan-2-yl benzoate and 2-[2- (benzoyloxy)ethoxy]ethyl benzo- ate	Not Assigned 907-437-4 01-2119535294-40- XXXX	Aquatic Chronic 3; H412	>= 10 - < 20
N,N-dibenzyliden polyoxypropyl- ene diamine (polymer)	136855-71-5 Not Assigned	Skin Irrit. 2; H315	>= 5 - < 10



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Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers Contains: hexamethylene-di-isocyanate <= 0,49 %	28182-81-2 931-274-8	Acute Tox. 4; H332 Skin Sens. 1; H317 STOT SE 3; H335	>= 5 - < 10
γ-butyrolactone	96-48-0 202-509-5	Acute Tox. 4; H302 Eye Irrit. 2; H319	>= 2,5 - < 5

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

	General advice	:	Move out of dangerous area. Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.
	If inhaled	:	Move to fresh air. Consult a physician after significant exposure.
	In case of skin contact	:	Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Wash off with soap and plenty of water. If symptoms persist, call a physician.
	In case of eye contact	:	Small amounts splashed into eyes can cause irreversible tis- sue damage and blindness. In the case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice. Continue rinsing eyes during transport to hospital. Remove contact lenses. Keep eye wide open while rinsing.
	If swallowed	:	Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. Rinse mouth with water. Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
4.2 N	lost important symptoms and	d ei	ffects, both acute and delayed
	Symptoms	:	Allergic reactions Excessive lachrymation See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.
	Risks	:	sensitising effects
			May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage.
4.3 lr	ndication of any immediate m	ned	ical attention and special treatment needed
	Treatment	:	Treat symptomatically.

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SECTION 5: Firefighting meas	ures	
5.1 Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use extinguishing measures that are ap cumstances and the surrounding enviro	
5.2 Special hazards arising from	the substance or mixture	
Hazardous combustion prod- ucts	: No hazardous combustion products are	; known
5.3 Advice for firefighters		
Special protective equipment for firefighters	: In the event of fire, wear self-contained	breathing apparatus.
Further information	: Standard procedure for chemical fires.	
SECTION 6: Accidental releas 6.1 Personal precautions, protect Personal precautions	e measures tive equipment and emergency procedur : Use personal protective equipment. Deny access to unprotected persons.	es

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions	:	Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.
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#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up	:	Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust).
		Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protection see section 8.

#### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling	: Do not breathe vapours or spray mist.
	Avoid exceeding the given occupational exposure limits (see
	section 8).
	Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.
	For personal protection see section 8.
	Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asth-
	ma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should
	not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being

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	used. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohib plication area. Follow standard hygiene measures when hanc products	
Advice on protection against : fire and explosion	Normal measures for preventive fire protection	
Hygiene measures :	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygi practice. When using do not eat or drink. When smoke. Wash hands before breaks and at the	n using do not
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, inc	luding any incompatibilities	
Requirements for storage : areas and containers	Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well- place. Store in accordance with local regulation	
Further information on stor- : age stability	No decomposition if stored and applied as dire	cted.
7.3 Specific end use(s) Specific use(s)	Consult most current local Product Data Sheet use.	prior to any

#### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### **Occupational Exposure Limits**

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parame- ters *	Basis *		
aluminium sulphate	10043-01-3	TWA	GB EH40			
Further information		Where no specific short-term exposure limit is listed, a figure three times the long-term exposure should be used				
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	28182-81-2 TWA 0,02 mg/m3 GB EH40 (NCO)					
Further information	asthmagens and airway hyper-res mechanism. One exposure to the respiratory symp runny nose to as will become hyp those who are lil can cause occup which may trigge airway hyper-res selves. The latter sensitisers., Whe es that can cause	can cause occupatio I respiratory sensitise sponsiveness via an in ce the airways have be substance, sometime otoms. These sympton sthma. Not all workers er-responsive and it is kely to become hyper- bational asthma should er the symptoms of as sponsiveness, but while r substances are not erever it is reasonably the occupational asthma he primary aim is to a	rs) can induce a sta mmunological, irritar ecome hyper-respo s even to tiny quant ms can range in sev who are exposed to simpossible to ident -responsive. 54 Sul d be distinguished f athma in people with ich do not include th classified asthmage / practicable, expose a should be preven	te of specific nt or other nsive, further ities, may cause erity from a o a sensitiser tify in advance ostances that rom substances pre-existing e disease them- ons or respiratory ure to substanc- ted. Where this		

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	can cause occupational asthma, Co duced as low as is reasonably prac- term peak concentrations should re management is being considered. I all employees exposed or liable to b cause occupational asthma and the with an occupational health profess of surveillance., Capable of causing	Health surveillance is appropriate for be exposed to a substance which may are should be appropriate consultation sional over the degree of risk and level g occupational asthma., The 'Sen' en assigned only to those substances
	STEL	0,07 mg/m3 GB EH40 (NCO)
*The above mentioned values are i	respiratory symptoms. These symp runny nose to asthma. Not all workd will become hyper-responsive and it those who are likely to become hype can cause occupational asthma sho which may trigger the symptoms of airway hyper-responsiveness, but w selves. The latter substances are n sensitisers., Wherever it is reasona es that can cause occupational asth is not possible, the primary aim is to to prevent workers from becoming I can cause occupational asthma, CO duced as low as is reasonably prac- term peak concentrations should re management is being considered. H all employees exposed or liable to H cause occupational asthma and the with an occupational health profess of surveillance., Capable of causing	tional asthma (also known as sers) can induce a state of specific immunological, irritant or other e become hyper-responsive, further mes even to tiny quantities, may cause toms can range in severity from a ers who are exposed to a sensitiser it is impossible to identify in advance per-responsive. 54 Substances that ould be distinguished from substances asthma in people with pre-existing which do not include the disease them- ot classified asthmagens or respiratory by practicable, exposure to substanc- hma should be prevented. Where this o apply adequate standards of control hyper-responsive. For substances that OSHH requires that exposure be re- ticable. Activities giving rise to short- eceive particular attention when risk Health surveillance is appropriate for be exposed to a substance which may ere should be appropriate consultation sional over the degree of risk and level g occupational asthma., The 'Sen' en assigned only to those substances ma.

\*The above mentioned values are in accordance with the legislation in effect at the date of the release of this safety data sheet.

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

Personal protective equipme	nt
Eye protection	<ul> <li>Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to EN166</li> <li>Eye wash bottle with pure water</li> </ul>
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard must be worn at all times when handling chemical products. Reference number EN 374. Follow manufacturer specifications.
	Suitable for short time use or protection against splashes: Butyl rubber/nitrile rubber gloves (0,4 mm) Contaminated gloves should be removed. Suitable for permanent exposure: Viton gloves (0.4 mm),

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		breakthrough time >30	min.	
	Skin and body protection	Protective clothing (e.g long-sleeved working c and protective boots ar and stirring work.	lothing, long trousers).	Rubber aprons
	Respiratory protection	<ul> <li>Respirator selection mu exposure levels, the ha ing limits of the selected organic vapor filter (Typ A1: &lt; 1000 ppm; A2: &lt; Ensure adequate ventil exhaust extraction or by ods for determining inh- ticular to the mixing / st to keep the concentration limits then respiration p</li> </ul>	zards of the product and d respirator. De A) 5000 ppm; A3: < 1000 ation. This can be achi- y general ventilation. (E alation exposure). This irring area. In case this ons under the occupation	nd the safe work- D ppm eved by local EN 689 - Meth- applies in par- is not sufficent onal exposure
	Environmental exposure co	rols		
	General advice	: Do not flush into surfac	e water or sanitary sew	/er system.

#### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	:	paste
Colour	:	red
Odour	:	characteristic
Odour Threshold	:	No data available
рН	:	Not applicable
Melting point/range / Freezing point	:	No data available
Boiling point/boiling range	:	No data available
Flash point	:	ca. 98 °C Method: closed cup
Evaporation rate	:	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	No data available
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit	:	No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower	:	No data available

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flammability limit			
Vapour pressure	:	ca. 0,266 hPa	
Relative vapour density	:	No data available	
Density	:	ca. 1,3 g/cm3 (20 °C)	
Solubility(ies) Water solubility	:	insoluble	
Solubility in other solvents	:	No data available	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	No data available	
Auto-ignition temperature	:	No data available	
Decomposition temperature	:	No data available	
Viscosity Viscosity, dynamic	:	No data available	
Viscosity, kinematic	:	> 20,5 mm2/s (40 °C)	
Explosive properties	:	No data available	
Oxidizing properties	:	No data available	
9.2 Other information			

No data available

#### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### **10.1 Reactivity**

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous rea	octic	ons
Hazardous reactions	:	Stable under recommended storage conditions.
10.4 Conditions to avoid		
Conditions to avoid	:	Avoid moisture.
10.5 Incompatible materials		
Materials to avoid	:	No data available

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#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

#### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

#### **Components:**

#### Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers:

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 Oral (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	Acute toxicity estimate: 1,5 mg/l Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Expert judgement

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

#### Skin sensitisation

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

#### **Respiratory sensitisation**

Not classified based on available information.

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

#### Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

#### STOT - single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

#### STOT - repeated exposure

Not classified based on available information.

#### Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

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#### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

12. <sup>-</sup>	1 Toxicity		
	Components:		
	Hexamethylene diisocyanate, Toxicity to fish	olig :	jomers <b>:</b> LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
	Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h
12.2	2 Persistence and degradabili No data available	ty	
12.3	<b>3 Bioaccumulative potential</b> No data available		
12.4	<b>4 Mobility in soil</b> No data available		
12.	5 Results of PBT and vPvB as	ses	ssment
	Product: Assessment	:	This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.
12.0	6 Other adverse effects		
	Product: Additional ecological infor- mation	:	There is no data available for this product.
SE	CTION 13: Disposal consid	era	ations
13 <sup>-</sup>	1 Waste treatment methods		
	Product	:	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way.

Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should

at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements.

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with

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		soil, waterways, drains and sewers.		
European Waste Catalogue	:	08 04 09* waste adhesives and sealants co solvents or other dangerous substances	ntaining organic	
Contaminated packaging	:	15 01 10* packaging containing residues of o by dangerous substances	or contaminated	

#### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### 14.1 UN number

Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### 14.2 UN proper shipping name

Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### 14.4 Packing group

Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### 14.5 Environmental hazards

Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### 14.6 Special precautions for user Not applicable

#### 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

#### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

International Chemical Weapons ( Schedules of Toxic Chemicals and	Convention (CWC) d Precursors	:	Not applicable
REACH - Candidate List of Substa Concern for Authorisation (Article	, .	:	None of the components are listed (=> 0.1 %).
REACH - List of substances subje (Annex XIV)	ect to authorisation	:	Not applicable
Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on plete the ozone layer	substances that de-	:	Not applicable
Regulation (EC) No 850/2004 on persistent organic pol- lutants			Not applicable
REACH Information:	All substances containe - registered by our ups		



- registered by us, and/or	
<ul> <li>excluded from the regulation, and/or</li> <li>exempted from the registration.</li> </ul>	
of the European Parliament and of the Counc gerous substances. Not applicable	il on the control of ma-
Law on the incentive tax for volatile organic of (VOCV) Volatile organic compounds (VOC) content:	·
Directive 2010/75/EU of 24 November 2010 emissions (integrated pollution prevention ar Volatile organic compounds (VOC) content: 3,44 %, 44,67 g/l VOC content excluding water	
	<ul> <li>exempted from the registration.</li> <li>f the European Parliament and of the Council gerous substances. Not applicable</li> <li>Law on the incentive tax for volatile organic of (VOCV)</li> <li>Volatile organic compounds (VOC) content: 3</li> <li>Directive 2010/75/EU of 24 November 2010 emissions (integrated pollution prevention ar Volatile organic compounds (VOC) content: 3,44 %, 44,67 g/l</li> </ul>

Sheet, then it is described in this subsection.

Health, safety and environ- mental regulation/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:	:	Environmental Protection Act 1990 & Subsidiary Regulations Health and Safety at Work Act 1974 & Subsidiary Regulations Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) May be subject to the Control of Major Accident Hazards Regulations (COMAH), and amendments.
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#### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this mixture by the supplier.

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### **Full text of H-Statements**

H302 H315 H317 H318 H319	:	Harmful if swallowed. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. Causes serious eye irritation.			
H332	-	Harmful if inhaled.			
H335	:	J I J			
H412	:	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.			
Full text of other abbreviations					
Acute Tox.	:	Acute toxicity			
Aquatic Chronic	:	Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard			
Eye Dam.	:	Serious eye damage			
Eye Irrit.	:	Eye irritation			
Skin Irrit.	:	Skin irritation			
Skin Sens.	:	Skin sensitisation			



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STOT SE	:	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure
GB EH40	:	UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits
GB EH40 / TWA	:	Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA reference period)
GB EH40 / STEL	:	Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period)
ADR	:	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of
		Dangerous Goods by Road
CAS	:	Chemical Abstracts Service
DNEL	:	Derived no-effect level
EC50	:	Half maximal effective concentration
GHS	:	Globally Harmonized System
IATA	:	International Air Transport Association
IMDG	:	International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
LD50	:	Median lethal dosis (the amount of a material, given all at
		once, which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of
		test animals)
LC50	:	Median lethal concentration (concentrations of the chemical in
		air that kills 50% of the test animals during the observation
		period)
MARPOL	:	International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from
		Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978
OEL	:	Occupational Exposure Limit
PBT	:	Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic
PNEC	:	Predicted no effect concentration
REACH	:	Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament
		and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Reg-
		istration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemi-
		cals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency
SVHC	:	Substances of Very High Concern
vPvB	:	Very persistent and very bioaccumulative
Further information		

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# Further informationClassification of the mixture:Classification procedure:Eye Dam. 1H318Calculation methodSkin Sens. 1H317Calculation method

The information contained in this Safety Data Sheet corresponds to our level of knowledge at the time of publication. All warranties are excluded. Our most current General Sales Conditions shall apply. Please consult the product data sheet prior to any use and processing.

Changes as compared to previous version !

GB / EN