According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



# SikaTack® ELITE

Date of last issue: 08.06.2023 Version 7.0 Print Date 02.10.2023

Revision Date: 02.10.2023

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name SikaTack® ELITE

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Adhesive

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name of supplier Sika Limited

Watchmead Welwyn Garden City

Hertfordshire. AL7 1BQ

+44 (0)1707 394444 Telephone +44 (0)1707 329129 Telefax E-mail address of person : EHS@uk.sika.com

responsible for the SDS

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National Chemical Emergency Centre (NCEC) 24 Hour Emergency Telephone Number +44 870 190 6777

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Respiratory sensitisation, Category 1 H334: May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or

breathing difficulties if inhaled.

H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction. Skin sensitisation, Category 1 Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Cat-H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting ef-

fects.

egory 3

#### 2.2 Label elements

#### Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms

Signal word Danger

May cause an allergic skin reaction. Hazard statements H317

> May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or H334

> > breathing difficulties if inhaled.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting ef-

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



# SikaTack® ELITE

Date of last issue: 08.06.2023 Version 7.0 Print Date 02.10.2023

Revision Date: 02.10.2023

fects.

Precautionary statements : Prevention:

P261 Avoid breathing mist or vapours. P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves.

P284 In case of inadequate ventilation wear respir-

atory protection.

Response:

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and

keep comfortable for breathing.

P342 + P311 If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a

POISON CENTER/ doctor.

#### Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

aliphatic prepolymer (t-polyether based)

aliphatic prepolymer (d-polyether based)

4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate

Hexamethylene-1,6-diisocyanate homopolymer

2-ethyl-2-[[(1-oxoallyl)oxy]methyl]-1,3-propanediyl diacrylate

Pentamethyl piperidylsebacate

3-isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate

#### **Additional Labelling**

"As from 24 August 2023 adequate training is required before industrial or professional use."

#### 2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Ecological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Toxicological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



# SikaTack® ELITE

Date of last issue: 08.06.2023 Version 7.0 Print Date 02.10.2023

Revision Date: 02.10.2023

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

### 3.2 Mixtures

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No.	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
aliphatic prepolymer (t-polyether based)	Registration number 138626-39-8 Not Assigned	Skin Sens. 1; H317	>= 2,5 - < 5
aliphatic prepolymer (d-polyether based)	39323-37-0 Not Assigned	Skin Sens. 1; H317	>= 1 - < 2,5
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocya- nate	101-68-8 202-966-0 01-2119457014-47- XXXX	Acute Tox. 4; H332 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 Resp. Sens. 1; H334 Skin Sens. 1; H317 Carc. 2; H351 STOT SE 3; H335 (Respiratory system) STOT RE 2; H373  specific concentration limit Eye Irrit. 2; H319 >= 5 % STOT SE 3; H335 >= 5 % Skin Irrit. 2; H315 >= 5 % Resp. Sens. 1; H334 >= 0,1 %  Acute toxicity estimate  Acute inhalation toxicity (dust/mist): 1,5 mg/l	>= 0,5 - < 1

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



# SikaTack® ELITE

Date of last issue: 08.06.2023 Version 7.0 Print Date 02.10.2023

Revision Date: 02.10.2023

Hexamethylene-1,6-diisocyanate homopolymer Contains: hexamethylene-di-isocyanate <= 0,3 %	28182-81-2 931-274-8 01-2119485796-17- XXXX	Acute Tox. 4; H332 Skin Sens. 1; H317 STOT SE 3; H335 (Respiratory system) Acute toxicity estimate  Acute inhalation toxicity (dust/mist): 1,5 mg/l	>= 0,5 - < 1
2-ethyl-2-[[(1-oxoallyl)oxy]methyl]- 1,3-propanediyl diacrylate	15625-89-5 239-701-3 01-2119489896-11- XXXX	Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 Skin Sens. 1; H317 Carc. 2; H351 Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410  M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 1 M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 1	>= 0,1 - < 0,25
Pentamethyl piperidylsebacate Contains: bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4- piperidyl) sebacate methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4- piperidyl sebacate	1065336-91-5 915-687-0 01-2119491304-40- XXXX	Skin Sens. 1A; H317 Repr. 2; H361f Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410  M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 1 M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 1	>= 0,1 - < 0,25

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



# SikaTack® ELITE

3-isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate	4098-71-9 223-861-6 01-2119490408-31- XXXX	Acute Tox. 1; H330 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 Resp. Sens. 1; H334 Skin Sens. 1; H317 STOT SE 3; H335 (Respiratory system) Aquatic Chronic 2; H411  specific concentration limit Resp. Sens. 1; H334 >= 0,5 % Skin Sens. 1; H317 >= 0,5 %	>= 0,025 - < 0,1
		Acute toxicity esti- mate	
		Acute inhalation toxicity (dust/mist):	

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice : Move out of dangerous area.

Consult a physician.

Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

0,031 mg/l

If inhaled : Move to fresh air.

Consult a physician after significant exposure.

In case of skin contact : Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately.

Wash off with soap and plenty of water. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

In case of eye contact : Remove contact lenses.

Keep eye wide open while rinsing.

If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.

If swallowed : Do not induce vomiting without medical advice.

Rinse mouth with water.

Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



# SikaTack® ELITE

Date of last issue: 08.06.2023 Version 7.0 Print Date 02.10.2023

Revision Date: 02.10.2023

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

**Symptoms** Asthmatic appearance

Allergic reactions

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects

and symptoms.

sensitising effects Risks

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficul-

ties if inhaled.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : Treat symptomatically.

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : In case of fire, use water/water spray/water jet/carbon diox-

ide/sand/foam/alcohol resistant foam/chemical powder for

extinction.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

ucts

Hazardous combustion prod- : No hazardous combustion products are known

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

for firefighters

Special protective equipment : In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Further information Standard procedure for chemical fires.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

## 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Use personal protective equipment.

Deny access to unprotected persons.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

**Environmental precautions** Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



# SikaTack® ELITE

Revision Date: 02.10.2023

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel,

acid binder, universal binder, sawdust).

Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protection see section 8.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling : Avoid exceeding the given occupational exposure limits (see

section 8).

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. For personal protection see section 8.

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being

used.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the ap-

plication area.

Follow standard hygiene measures when handling chemical

products

Advice on protection against

fire and explosion

Normal measures for preventive fire protection.

Hygiene measures : Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety

practice. When using do not eat or drink. When using do not smoke. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated

place. Store in accordance with local regulations.

Further information on stor-

age stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) : Cleaning with aprotic polar solvents must be avoided.

Consult most current local Product Data Sheet prior to any

use.

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

## 8.1 Control parameters

#### **Occupational Exposure Limits**

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



# SikaTack® ELITE

Date of last issue: 08.06.2023 Version 7.0 Print Date 02.10.2023

Revision Date: 02.10.2023

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parame- ters *	Basis *
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	101-68-8	TWA	0,02 mg/m3 (NCO)	GB EH40
	Further inform	ation: Capable of ca		al asthma.
		STEL	0,07 mg/m3 (NCO)	GB EH40
Hexamethylene-1,6-diisocyanate homopolymer	28182-81-2	TWA	0,02 mg/m3 (NCO)	GB EH40
3.isocvanatomathyl_3 5 5.	asthma (also be can induce a simmunological become hyper sometimes evitoms. These sasthma. Not a come hyper-rethose who are that can cause substances which pre-existifictions include the disclassified as a mation can be assessments asthma., Whe stances that concentrations is standards of consultations who consultation with the disclassified as a mation can be assessments asthma. When stances that concentrations is standards of consultations is being employees eximally cause occonsultation with degree of risk pational asthma in the bered that oth pational asthma (www.hse.gov	ation: Substances to known as asthmage state of specific airwal irritant or other meresponsive, further en in tiny quantities symptoms can range asponsive and it is in a likely to become hyse occupational asthmatich may trigger the evidence for a rever it is reasonable an cause occupation of the evidence for a rever it is reasonable and cause occupation of the evidence that exposure becable. Activities giving ould receive particulation of the substances that exposure becable. Activities giving ould receive particulation of the substances and level of surveill may the may be substance categories shown in the substances not in may trigger the may be substance and level of surveill may trigger the may be substance and level of surveill may trigger the may be substance and level of surveill may trigger the may be substance and level of surveill may be substance and level of surveill may trigger the may be substance and level of surveill may be substance.	and respiratory and hyper-response chanism. Once the exposure to the sexposure to the sexposed to a sense appossible to ident apports and there should be apposed to a standard and there should be apposed to a subject to short-te are the latter substance and there should be apposed to a subject to short-te are the latter substandary aim is to apport and asthmatically practicable, expensal asthmatically practicable, expensed to as long rise to short-te are the surveillance is apposed to a subject to short-te are the list of William the list of William the sexposed to a subject to short the list of which may cause and there should be the list of which may cause the pages of the list of which may cause the pages of the list of list	y sensitisers) iveness via an e airways have substance, ratory symp- a runny nose to itiser will be- ify in advance Substances nguished from nma in people which do not ces are not Further infor- agen? Critical in occupational in occupational osure to sub- d be prevented oly adequate ning hyper- tional asthma, w as is rea- rm peak con- n risk manage- propriate for all bstance which be appropriate al over the f causing occu- ELs has been be occupational d be remem- y cause occu- on.  GB EH40
3-isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5- trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate	4098-71-9	TWA	0,02 mg/m3 (NCO)	GB EH40
	Further information: Substances that can cause occupational asthma (also known as asthmagens and respiratory sensitisers) can induce a state of specific airway hyper-responsiveness via an			

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



# SikaTack® ELITE

become hypersometimes ever toms. These sy asthma. Not all come hyper-resthose who are that can cause substances where with pre-existin include the discolassified as as mation can be assessments of asthma., Where stances that can where this is not asthma. Where this is not asthmation to consult a standards of consultations show ment is being to employees expending a standard and the pational asthmatic asthmatic that other pational asthmatic asthmatic and the pational asthmatic asthmatic and the standard and the pational asthmatic asthmatic and the pational asthmatic asth	irritant or other med-responsive, further en in tiny quantities, ymptoms can range I workers who are esponsive and it is in likely to become hy occupational asthmatich may trigger the agairway hyper-respease themselves. To sthmagens or respir found in the HSE professed to the evidence for a rever it is reasonably an cause occupation to possible, the prinontrol to prevent woor substances that exposure becable. Activities giving the evidence for a responsible and receive particulations and level of surveillations. The 'Sen' notation to those substances categories shown in the substances not in the HSE's asthma were substances not in the HSE's asthma were substances as the substances of the substances and in the HSE's asthma were substances as the substances and in the HSE's asthma were substances as the substances and in the HSE's asthma were substances as the substances and in the HSE's asthma were substances as the substances and in the HSE's asthma were substances as the substances and in the HSE's asthma were substances and in t	exposure to the semay cause respiration in severity from a exposed to a sension possible to identife per-responsive. The symptoms of asthonomic setting symptoms of asthonomic setting sensities. The latter substance is a should be distinguished in the latter substance in the latter substance is a state of the latter substance is appeared to a substance in the list of WE is which may cause in the list of WE is which may cause in the list of we see the latter substance in the list of we see the latter substance in the list of we see the latter substance in the list of we see the latter substance in the list of we see the latter substance in the list of we see the latter substance in the list of we see the latter substance in the list of we see the latter substance in the list of we see the latter substance in the list of we see the latter substance in the list of we see the latter substance in the list of we see the latter substance in the list of we see the latter substance in the list of we see the latter substance in the list of we see the latter substance in the latter subst	ubstance, ratory symp- runny nose to tiser will be- fy in advance Substances requished from the image of the
(www.nsc.gov.	uk/asthma) provide STEL	0,07 mg/m3	GB EH40
		(NCO)	

<sup>\*</sup>The above mentioned values are in accordance with the legislation in effect at the date of the release of this safety data sheet.

## **Biological occupational exposure limits**

Substance name	CAS-No.	Control parame- ters	Sampling time	Basis
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	101-68-8	isocyanate- derived diamine (Isocyanates): 1 µmol/mol creati- nine (Urine)	At the end of the period of expo- sure	GB EH40 BAT
Hexamethylene-1,6-diisocyanate homopolymer	28182-81-2	isocyanate- derived diamine (Isocyanates): 1 µmol/mol creati- nine (Urine)	At the end of the period of expo- sure	GB EH40 BAT

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



# SikaTack® ELITE

Date of last issue: 08.06.2023 Version 7.0 Print Date 02.10.2023

Revision Date: 02.10.2023

3-isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5- trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate	4098-71-9	isocyanate- derived diamine (Isocyanates): 1 µmol/mol creati- nine (Urine)	At the end of the period of exposure	GB EH40 BAT
---	-----------	---	--------------------------------------	-------------

### 8.2 Exposure controls

#### **Engineering measures**

Maintain air concentrations below occupational exposure standards.

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

### Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection : Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to EN166

Eye wash bottle with pure water

Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an ap-

proved standard must be worn at all times when handling chemical products. Reference number EN 374. Follow manu-

facturer specifications.

Suitable for short time use or protection against splashes:

Butyl rubber/nitrile rubber gloves (> 0,1 mm) Contaminated gloves should be removed.

Suitable for permanent exposure:

Viton gloves (0.4 mm), breakthrough time >30 min.

Skin and body protection : Protective clothing (e.g. Safety shoes acc. to EN ISO 20345,

long-sleeved working clothing, long trousers). Rubber aprons and protective boots are additionally recommended for mixing

and stirring work.

Respiratory protection : In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe work-

ing limits of the selected respirator.

Use a properly fitted NIOSH approved air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk as-

sessment indicates this is necessary.

organic vapor filter (Type A)

A1: < 1000 ppm; A2: < 5000 ppm; A3: < 10000 ppm Ensure adequate ventilation. This can be achieved by local exhaust extraction or by general ventilation. (EN 689 - Methods for determining inhalation exposure). This applies in particular to the mixing / stirring area. In case this is not sufficent to keep the concentrations under the occupational exposure limits then respiration protection measures must be used.

#### **Environmental exposure controls**

General advice : Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



# SikaTack® ELITE

Revision Date: 02.10.2023

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : liquid
Appearance : paste
Colour : black
Odour : odourless

Melting point/range / Freezing :

point

No data available

Boiling point/boiling range : No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : No data available

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Upper explosion limit / Up- :

per flammability limit

No data available

Lower explosion limit /

Lower flammability limit

: No data available

Flash point : > 101 °C

Method: closed cup

Auto-ignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

pH : Not applicable

substance/mixture is non-soluble (in water)

**Viscosity** 

Viscosity, dynamic : not determined

Viscosity, kinematic : > 20,5 mm2/s (40 °C)

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : insoluble

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: No data available

Vapour pressure : 0,01 hPa

Density : ca. 1,26 g/cm3 (20 °C)

Relative vapour density : No data available

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



# SikaTack® ELITE

Date of last issue: 08.06.2023 Version 7.0 Print Date 02.10.2023

Revision Date: 02.10.2023

Particle characteristics : No data available

#### 9.2 Other information

No data available

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

### 10.2 Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable.

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : No hazards to be specially mentioned.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : No data available

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : No data available

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

### **Acute toxicity**

Not classified due to lack of data.

#### **Components:**

### aliphatic prepolymer (d-polyether based):

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): > 2.000 mg/kg

### 4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50: 1,5 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Expert judgement

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



# SikaTack® ELITE

Date of last issue: 08.06.2023 Version 7.0 Print Date 02.10.2023

Revision Date: 02.10.2023

Acute toxicity estimate: 1,5 mg/l Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Calculation method

Hexamethylene-1,6-diisocyanate homopolymer:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): > 2.500 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50: 1,5 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Expert judgement

Acute toxicity estimate: 1,5 mg/l Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 Dermal (Rat): > 2.000 mg/kg

2-ethyl-2-[[(1-oxoallyl)oxy]methyl]-1,3-propanediyl diacrylate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): 3.680 - 5.000 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 Dermal (Rabbit): > 5.000 mg/kg

Pentamethyl piperidylsebacate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): 3.230 mg/kg

3-isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): 4.814 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 0,031 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute toxicity estimate: 0,031 mg/l Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 Dermal (Rat): > 7.000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified due to lack of data.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified due to lack of data.

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



# SikaTack® ELITE

Date of last issue: 08.06.2023 Version 7.0 Print Date 02.10.2023

Revision Date: 02.10.2023

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

#### Skin sensitisation

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

#### Respiratory sensitisation

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified due to lack of data.

### Carcinogenicity

Not classified due to lack of data.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not classified due to lack of data.

### STOT - single exposure

Not classified due to lack of data.

### STOT - repeated exposure

Not classified due to lack of data.

#### **Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified due to lack of data.

#### 11.2 Information on other hazards

#### **Endocrine disrupting properties**

#### **Product:**

Assessment : The substance/mixture does not contain components consid-

ered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at

levels of 0.1% or higher.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.1 Toxicity

#### **Components:**

#### aliphatic prepolymer (t-polyether based):

Toxicity to algae/aquatic : EC50 (algae): 100 mg/l plants : Exposure time: 72 h

NOEC (algae): 100 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h

#### aliphatic prepolymer (d-polyether based):

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



# SikaTack® ELITE

Date of last issue: 08.06.2023 Version 7.0 Print Date 02.10.2023

Revision Date: 02.10.2023

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Daphnia (water flea)): > 100 mg/l

aquatic invertebrates

NOEC (Daphnia (water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

: EC50 (algae): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

2-ethyl-2-[[(1-oxoallyl)oxy]methyl]-1,3-propanediyl diacrylate:

: LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): 0,87 mg/l Toxicity to fish

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox-

icity)

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

Pentamethyl piperidylsebacate:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Fish): 0,97 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox- : 1

icity)

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic : 1

toxicity)

12.2 Persistence and degradability

No data available

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

**Product:** 

Assessment This substance/mixture contains no components considered

to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of

0.1% or higher...

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

**Product:** 

Assessment The substance/mixture does not contain components consid-

> ered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



### SikaTack® ELITE

Date of last issue: 08.06.2023 Version 7.0 Print Date 02.10.2023

Revision Date: 02.10.2023

(EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at

levels of 0.1% or higher.

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

**Product:** 

Additional ecological infor-

mation

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of

unprofessional handling or disposal.

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized

wherever possible.

Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe

way.

Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed

waste disposal contractor.

Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional

local authority requirements.

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with

soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

European Waste Catalogue : 08 04 09\* waste adhesives and sealants containing organic

solvents or other dangerous substances

Contaminated packaging : 15 01 10\* packaging containing residues of or contaminated

by dangerous substances

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

### 14.1 UN number or ID number

ADR : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA : Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG : Not regulated as a dangerous good

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



# SikaTack® ELITE

Date of last issue: 08.06.2023 Version 7.0 Print Date 02.10.2023

Revision Date: 02.10.2023

IATA : Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADR : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA : Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.4 Packing group

ADR : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA (Cargo) : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA (Passenger) : Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.5 Environmental hazards

Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.6 Special precautions for user

Not applicable

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable for product as supplied.

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

**15.1 Safety**, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture Relevant EU provisions transposed through retained EU law

UK REACH List of restrictions (Annex 17) : Conditions of restriction for the fol-

lowing entries should be considered: 4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate

(Number on list 74, 56) 3-isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate

(Number on list 74)

1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C9-11-branched alkyl esters, C10-rich

(Number on list 52)

UK REACH Candidate list of substances of very high

concern (SVHC) for Authorisation

Not applicable

The Persistent Organic Pollutants Regulations (retained Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 as amended for Great Brit-

ain)

Not applicable

International Chemical Weapons Convention (CWC)

Not applicable

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



# SikaTack® ELITE

Date of last issue: 08.06.2023 Version 7.0 Print Date 02.10.2023

Revision Date: 02.10.2023

Schedules of Toxic Chemicals and Precursors

Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that de-

plete the ozone layer

UK REACH List of substances subject to authorisation : Not applicable

(Annex XIV)

GB Export and import of hazardous chemicals - Prior

Informed Consent (PIC) Regulation

Not applicable

: Not applicable

Control of Major Accident Hazards Regulations Not applicable

2015 (COMAH)

Volatile organic compounds : Law on the incentive tax for volatile organic compounds

(VOCV) no VOC duties

Directive 2010/75/EU of 24 November 2010 on industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control)

Not applicable

If other regulatory information applies that is not already provided elsewhere in the Safety Data Sheet, then it is described in this subsection.

Health, safety and environmental regulation/legislation specific for the substance or mixture: : Environmental Protection Act 1990 & Subsidiary Regulations Health and Safety at Work Act 1974 & Subsidiary Regulations Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations

(COSHH)

May be subject to the Control of Major Accident Hazards

Regulations (COMAH), and amendments.

#### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this mixture by the supplier.

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

### **Full text of H-Statements**

H315 : Causes skin irritation.
H317 : May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319 : Causes serious eye irritation.
H330 : Fatal if inhaled.
H332 : Harmful if inhaled.

H334 : May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficul-

ties if inhaled.

H335 : May cause respiratory irritation.
H351 : Suspected of causing cancer.
H361f : Suspected of damaging fertility.

H373 : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



### SikaTack® ELITE

Date of last issue: 08.06.2023 Version 7.0 Print Date 02.10.2023

Revision Date: 02.10.2023

exposure if inhaled.

H400 : Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.H411 : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Full text of other abbreviations

Acute Tox. : Acute toxicity

Aquatic Acute : Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard Aquatic Chronic : Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard

Carc. : Carcinogenicity
Eye Irrit. : Eye irritation
Repr. : Reproductive toxicity

Resp. Sens. : Respiratory sensitisation
Skin Irrit. : Skin irritation

Skin Sens. : Skin sensitisation
STOT RE : Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure
STOT SE : Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

GB EH40 : UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits
GB EH40 BAT : UK. Biological monitoring guidance values

GB EH40 / TWA : Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA reference period)
GB EH40 / STEL : Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period)

ADR : European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Road Chemical Abstracts Service

CAS : Chemical Abstracts Service 
DNEL : Derived no-effect level

EC50 : Half maximal effective concentration

GHS : Globally Harmonized System

IATA : International Air Transport Association

IMDG : International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

LD50 : Median lethal dosis (the amount of a material, given all at

once, which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of

test animals)

LC50 : Median lethal concentration (concentrations of the chemical in

air that kills 50% of the test animals during the observation

period)

MARPOL : International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from

Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978

OEL : Occupational Exposure Limit

PBT : Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic PNEC : Predicted no effect concentration

REACH : Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament

and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency

SVHC : Substances of Very High Concern

vPvB : Very persistent and very bioaccumulative

#### **Further information**

Classification of the mixture: Classification procedure:

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



# SikaTack® ELITE

Version 7.0		Print Date 02.10.2023
H334	Calculation method	
H317	Calculation method	
H412	Calculation method	
	H317	H334 Calculation method H317 Calculation method

The information contained in this Safety Data Sheet corresponds to our level of knowledge at the time of publication. All warranties are excluded. Our most current General Sales Conditions shall apply. Please consult the product data sheet prior to any use and processing.

Changes as compared to previous version!

GB / EN