according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Sikaflex®-221



SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : Sikaflex®-221

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Sealant/adhesive

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name of supplier : Sika Limited

Watchmead Welwyn Garden City

Hertfordshire. AL7 1BQ

Telephone : +44 (0)1707 394444
Telefax : +44 (0)1707 329129
E-mail address of person : EHS@uk.sika.com

responsible for the SDS

1.4 Emergency telephone number

+44 (0)1707 363899 (available during office hours).

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Respiratory sensitisation, Category 1 H334: May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or

breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, Category 2, Central nervous longed or repeated exposure if inhaled.

system

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms :

Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or

breathing difficulties if inhaled.

H373 May cause damage to organs (Central nerv-

ous system) through prolonged or repeated

exposure if inhaled.

Precautionary statements : Prevention:

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Sikaflex®-221



Revision Date 13.07.2020 Version 7.0 Print Date 13.07.2020

> P260 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray. P284 In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. Response: P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P342 + P311 If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor. Disposal: P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance

with local regulation.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

- Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)
- 4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate
- m-tolylidene diisocyanate

Additional Labelling

EUH205 Contains epoxy constituents. May produce an allergic reaction.

2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Classification	Concentration
	EC-No.		(% w/w)
	Registration number		
Urea,N,N"-(methylenedi-4,1-	77703-56-1	Aquatic Chronic 4;	>= 2,5 - < 5
phenylene)bis[N'-butyl-	416-600-4	H413	
	01-0000016345-72-		
	XXXX		
xylene	1330-20-7	Flam. Liq. 3; H226	>= 1 - < 2,5
Contains:	215-535-7	Acute Tox. 4; H332	
ethylbenzene <= 25 %	01-2119488216-32-	Acute Tox. 4; H312	
	XXXX	Skin Irrit. 2; H315	
		Eye Irrit. 2; H319	
		STOT SE 3; H335	
		STOT RE 2; H373	
		Asp. Tox. 1; H304	

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Sikaflex®-221



Revision Date 13.07.2020 Version 7.0 Print Date 13.07.2020

Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aro- matics (2-25%)	Not Assigned 919-446-0 01-2119458049-33- XXXX [corresponding group CAS 64742-82- 1]	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 STOT SE 3; H336 STOT RE 1; H372 Asp. Tox. 1; H304 Aquatic Chronic 2; H411	>= 1 - < 2,5
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocya- nate	101-68-8 202-966-0 01-2119457014-47- XXXX	Acute Tox. 4; H332 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 STOT SE 3; H335 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Resp. Sens. 1; H334 Skin Sens. 1; H317 Carc. 2; H351 STOT RE 2; H373	>= 0,1 - < 1
m-tolylidene diisocyanate	26471-62-5 247-722-4 01-2119454791-34- XXXX	Carc. 2; H351 Acute Tox. 1; H330 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 STOT SE 3; H335 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Resp. Sens. 1; H334 Skin Sens. 1; H317 Aquatic Chronic 3; H412	>= 0,0025 - < 0,025

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice : Move out of dangerous area.

Consult a physician.

Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

If inhaled : Move to fresh air.

Consult a physician after significant exposure.

In case of skin contact : Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately.

Wash off with soap and plenty of water. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

In case of eye contact : Remove contact lenses.

Keep eye wide open while rinsing.

If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.

If swallowed : Do not induce vomiting without medical advice.

Rinse mouth with water.

Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

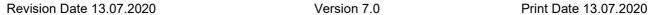
Symptoms : Asthmatic appearance

Allergic reactions

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Sikaflex®-221



and symptoms.

Risks sensitising effects

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficul-

ties if inhaled.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure if inhaled.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : In case of fire, use water/water spray/water jet/carbon diox-

ide/sand/foam/alcohol resistant foam/chemical powder for

extinction.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

ucts

Hazardous combustion prod- : No hazardous combustion products are known

5.3 Advice for firefighters

for firefighters

Special protective equipment : In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Further information Standard procedure for chemical fires.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment. Personal precautions

Deny access to unprotected persons.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, Methods for cleaning up

acid binder, universal binder, sawdust).

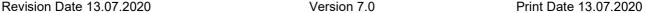
Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protection see section 8.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Sikaflex®-221





SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling Avoid exceeding the given occupational exposure limits (see

section 8).

For personal protection see section 8.

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being

used.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the ap-

plication area.

Follow standard hygiene measures when handling chemical

products

Advice on protection against

fire and explosion

Normal measures for preventive fire protection.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety Hygiene measures

practice. When using do not eat or drink. When using do not smoke. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage

areas and containers

: Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated

place. Store in accordance with local regulations.

Further information on stor-

age stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) Consult most current local Product Data Sheet prior to any

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters *	Basis *
xylene	1330-20-7	TWA	50 ppm 221 mg/m3	2000/39/EC
	Further information: Identifies the possibility of significant uptake			
	through the s	hrough the skin, Indicative		
		STEL	100 ppm 442 mg/m3	2000/39/EC
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	101-68-8	TWA	0,02 mg/m3 (NCO)	GB EH40
	Further information: Substances that can cause occupational asthma (also known as asthmagens and respiratory sensitisers) can induce a state of specific airway hyper-responsiveness via an immunological irritant or other mechanism. Once the airways have			

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Sikaflex®-221



Revision Date 13.07.2020 Version 7.0 Print Date 13.07.2020

Further information: Substances that can cause occupational asthma (also known as asthmagens and respiratory sensitisers) can induce a state of specific airway hyper-responsiveness via an immunological irritant or other mechanism. Once the airways have become hyper-responsive, further exposure to the substance, sometimes even in tiny quantities, may cause respiratory symptoms. These symptoms can range in severity from a runny nose to asthma. Not all workers who are exposed to a sensitiser will become hyper-responsive and it is impossible to identify in advance those who are likely to become hyper-responsive. Substances that can cause occupational asthma should be distinguished from substances which may trigger the symptoms of asthma in people with pre-existing airway hyper-responsiveness, but which do not include the disease themselves. The latter substances are not classified as asthmagens or respiratory sensitisers. Further information can be found in the HSE publication Asthmagen? Critical assessments of the evidence for agents implicated in occupational asthma., Wherever it is reasonably practicable, exposure to sub-

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Sikaflex®-221



Revision Date 13.07.2020 Version 7.0 Print Date 13.07.2020

Where this is n standards of coresponsive. For COSHH requires sonably practic centrations show ment is being complete employees expressional asthmatical asthmatic	on cause occupation of possible, the prinontrol to prevent wo resubstances that cases that exposure becable. Activities givinould receive particul considered. Health stosed or liable to becapational asthma ath an occupational leand level of surveillation those substances categories shown in a HSE's asthma wouk/asthma) provide	nary aim is to app rkers from becom an cause occupat e reduced to as lov- ing rise to short-ter ar attention when surveillance is app e exposed to a sub- ind there should be health professional ance., Capable of on in the list of WE is which may cause Table 1. It should these tables may eb pages further informatio	ly adequate ing hyper-ional asthma, was is ream peak conrisk manage-propriate for all estance which e appropriate al over the causing occu-icles has been e occupational is be remembraced occu-in.
	STEL	0,07 mg/m3 (NCO)	GB EH40

^{*}The above mentioned values are in accordance with the legislation in effect at the date of the release of this safety data sheet.

Biological occupational exposure limits

Substance name	CAS-No.	Control parame- ters	Sampling time	Basis
xylene	1330-20-7	methyl hippuric acid: 650 Millimo- les per mole Cre- atinine (Urine)	After shift	GB EH40 BAT
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	101-68-8	urinary diamine (Isocyanates): 1 µmol/mol creati- nine (Urine)	Post task	GB EH40 BAT
m-tolylidene diisocyanate	26471-62-5	isocyanate- derived diamine (Isocyanates): 1 µmol/mol creati- nine (Urine)	At the end of the period of exposure	GB EH40 BAT

8.2 Exposure controls

Personal protective equipment

Eye protection : Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to EN166

Eye wash bottle with pure water

Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an ap-

proved standard must be worn at all times when handling chemical products. Reference number EN 374. Follow manu-

facturer specifications.

Suitable for short time use or protection against splashes:

Butyl rubber/nitrile rubber gloves (> 0,1 mm) Contaminated gloves should be removed.

Suitable for permanent exposure:

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Sikaflex®-221



Viton gloves (0.4 mm), breakthrough time >30 min.

Skin and body protection Protective clothing (e.g. Safety shoes acc. to EN ISO 20345,

> long-sleeved working clothing, long trousers). Rubber aprons and protective boots are additionally recommended for mixing

and stirring work.

Respiratory protection : In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

> Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe work-

ing limits of the selected respirator.

Use a properly fitted NIOSH approved air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk as-

sessment indicates this is necessary.

organic vapor filter (Type A)

A1: < 1000 ppm; A2: < 5000 ppm; A3: < 10000 ppm

Ensure adequate ventilation. This can be achieved by local exhaust extraction or by general ventilation. (EN 689 - Methods for determining inhalation exposure). This applies in particular to the mixing / stirring area. In case this is not sufficent to keep the concentrations under the occupational exposure limits then respiration protection measures must be used.

Environmental exposure controls

General advice : Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance paste Colour various Odour slight

Odour Threshold No data available

pН Not applicable

Melting point/range / Freezing :

point

No data available

Boiling point/boiling range No data available

76 °C Flash point

Method: closed cup

Evaporation rate No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower : No data available

flammability limit

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Sikaflex®-221

Revision Date 13.07.2020 Version 7.0 Print Date 13.07.2020

Vapour pressure : 0,01 hPa

Relative vapour density : No data available

Density : ca. 1,26 g/cm3 (20 °C)

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : insoluble

Solubility in other solvents : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: No data available

Auto-ignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic : Not applicable

Viscosity, kinematic : > 20,5 mm2/s (40 °C)

Explosive properties : No data available

Oxidizing properties : No data available

9.2 Other information

No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

10.2 Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : No hazards to be specially mentioned.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : No data available

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Oxidizing agents

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Sikaflex®-221





SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

xylene:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): 3.523 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 Dermal (Rabbit): 1.700 mg/kg

4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate:

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 1,5 mg/l

Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Expert judgement

m-tolylidene diisocyanate:

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 0,107 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%):

Assessment : Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitisation

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Carcinogenicity

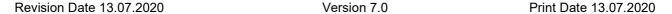
Not classified based on available information.

Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Sikaflex®-221



STOT - single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

STOT - repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs (Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Components:

Urea, N, N"-(methylenedi-4, 1-phenylene)bis[N'-butyl-:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Brachydanio rerio (zebrafish)): > 250 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

: EC50 (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)): > Toxicity to algae

100 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

12.2 Persistence and degradability

No data available

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product:

This substance/mixture contains no components considered Assessment

to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of

0.1% or higher...

12.6 Other adverse effects

Product:

mation

Additional ecological infor- : There is no data available for this product.

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Sikaflex®-221

Revision Date 13.07.2020 Version 7.0 Print Date 13.07.2020



SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized

wherever possible.

Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe

way.

Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed

waste disposal contractor.

Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional

local authority requirements.

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with

soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

European Waste Catalogue : 08 04 09* waste adhesives and sealants containing organic

solvents or other dangerous substances

Contaminated packaging : 15 01 10* packaging containing residues of or contaminated

by dangerous substances

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number

Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.2 UN proper shipping name

Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.4 Packing group

Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.5 Environmental hazards

Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.6 Special precautions for user

Not applicable

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACH - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on : Conditions of restriction for the fol-

Revision Date 13.07.2020

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Sikaflex®-221



the market and use of certain dangerous substances, preparations and articles (Annex XVII)

lowing entries should be considered: Number on list 3

1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C9-11-branched alkyl esters, C10-rich (Number on list 52)

4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate

(Number on list 56)

International Chemical Weapons Convention (CWC) Schedules of Toxic Chemicals and Precursors

REACH - Candidate List of Substances of Very High

Concern for Authorisation (Article 59). REACH - List of substances subject to authorisation

(Annex XIV)

Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that de-

plete the ozone layer

Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 on persistent organic pollu-

tants (recast)

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and the Council concerning the export and import

of dangerous chemicals

: Not applicable

None of the components are listed

(=> 0.1 %). Not applicable

Not applicable

Not applicable

Not applicable

REACH Information: All substances contained in our Products are

- registered by our upstream suppliers, and/or

- registered by us, and/or

excluded from the regulation, and/orexempted from the registration.

Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.

Not applicable

Volatile organic compounds : Law on the incentive tax for volatile organic compounds

(VOCV)

Volatile organic compounds (VOC) content: 3,46 %

Directive 2010/75/EU of 24 November 2010 on industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) Volatile organic compounds (VOC) content: 3,46 %

If other regulatory information applies that is not already provided elsewhere in the Safety Data Sheet, then it is described in this subsection.

Health, safety and environmental regulation/legislation specific for the substance or mixture: Environmental Protection Act 1990 & Subsidiary Regulations Health and Safety at Work Act 1974 & Subsidiary Regulations Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH)

May be subject to the Control of Major Accident Hazards

Regulations (COMAH), and amendments.

Other regulations:

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Sikaflex®-221



Revision Date 13.07.2020 Version 7.0 Print Date 13.07.2020

Take note of Directive 92/85/EEC regarding maternity protection or stricter national regulations, where applicable.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this mixture by the supplier.

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-Statements

i un text of in-Statements		
H226	:	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	:	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	:	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	:	Causes skin irritation.
H317	:	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	:	Causes serious eye irritation.
H330	:	Fatal if inhaled.
H332	:	Harmful if inhaled.
H334	:	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficul-
		ties if inhaled.
H335	:	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	:	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351	:	Suspected of causing cancer.
H372	:	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated
11272		exposure if inhaled.
H373	•	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H373	:	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.
		•

Full text of other abbreviations

H411 H412

H413

Acute Tox. : Acute toxicity

Aquatic Chronic : Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard

Asp. Tox. : Aspiration hazard
Carc. : Carcinogenicity
Eye Irrit. : Eye irritation
Flam. Liq. : Flammable liquids
Resp. Sens. : Respiratory sensitisation

Skin Irrit. : Skin irritation
Skin Sens. : Skin sensitisation

STOT RE : Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure STOT SE : Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

2000/39/EC : Europe. Commission Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first

list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

GB EH40 : UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits
GB EH40 BAT : UK. Biological monitoring guidance values

2000/39/EC / TWA : Limit Value - eight hours 2000/39/EC / STEL : Short term exposure limit

GB EH40 / TWA : Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA reference period)
GB EH40 / STEL : Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period)
ADR : European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Sikaflex®-221



Revision Date 13.07.2020

Version 7.0

Print Date 13.07.2020

Dangerous Goods by Road
CAS : Chemical Abstracts Service
DNEL : Derived no-effect level

EC50 : Half maximal effective concentration

GHS : Globally Harmonized System

IATA : International Air Transport Association

IMDG : International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

LD50 : Median lethal dosis (the amount of a material, given all at

once, which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of

test animals)

LC50 : Median lethal concentration (concentrations of the chemical in

air that kills 50% of the test animals during the observation

period)

MARPOL : International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from

Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978

OEL : Occupational Exposure Limit

PBT : Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic PNEC : Predicted no effect concentration

REACH : Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament

and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency

SVHC : Substances of Very High Concern

vPvB : Very persistent and very bioaccumulative

Further information

Classification of the mixture: Classification procedure:

Resp. Sens. 1 H334 Calculation method STOT RE 2 H373 Calculation method

The information contained in this Safety Data Sheet corresponds to our level of knowledge at the time of publication. All warranties are excluded. Our most current General Sales Conditions shall apply. Please consult the product data sheet prior to any use and processing.

Changes as compared to previous version!

GB / EN