According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : Sikafloor®-425

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Flooring system

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name of supplier : Sika Limited

Watchmead Welwyn Garden City

Hertfordshire. AL7 1BQ

Telephone : +44 (0)1707 394444
Telefax : +44 (0)1707 329129
E-mail address of person : EHS@uk.sika.com

responsible for the SDS

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National Chemical Emergency Centre (NCEC) 24 Hour Emergency Telephone Number +44 870 190 6777

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Skin sensitisation, Category 1 H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Cat-

egory 3

H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting ef-

fects.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms



H412

Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting ef-

fects.

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Precautionary statements : Prevention:

P261 Avoid breathing mist or vapours.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves.

Response:

P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical

advice/ attention.

P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it

before reuse.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance

with local regulation.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

Hardener MI (Isophoronedi(morpholinoaldimine))

Hardener MTJ (Polyoxypropylenetri(morpholinoaldimine))

Isophorondiisocyanate homopolymer

Pentamethyl piperidylsebacate

3-isocvanatomethyl-3.5.5-trimethylcvclohexyl isocvanate

4-morpholinecarbaldehyde

Additional Labelling

EUH211

Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.

"As from 24 August 2023 adequate training is required before industrial or professional use."

"As from 24 August 2023 adequate training is required before industrial or professional use."

2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Ecological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Toxicological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No. Registration number	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Contains: 2-methoxypropyl acetate <= 1 %	108-65-6 203-603-9 01-2119475791-29- XXXX	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 STOT SE 3; H336	>= 10 - < 20
Hardener MI (Isophoronedi(morpholinoaldimine)) Contains: 2,2-Dimethyl-3-(4- morpholinyl)propanal <= 7 %	1217271-02-7 700-584-3 UK-01-8398764756- 3-0001	Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 Skin Sens. 1; H317 Aquatic Chronic 3; H412	>= 2,5 - < 5
Hardener MTJ (Polyoxypropylene- tri(morpholinoaldimine))	1379822-00-0 700-879-7 UK-01-9733181806- 8-0001	Skin Sens. 1B; H317 Aquatic Chronic 2; H411	>= 2,5 - < 5
Isophorondiisocyanate homopolymer Contains: 3-isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5- trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate <= 0,49 %	53880-05-0 931-312-3 500-125-5 01-2119488734-24- XXXX	Skin Sens. 1B; H317 STOT SE 3; H335 (Respiratory system)	< 1
Pentamethyl piperidylsebacate Contains: bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4- piperidyl) sebacate methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4- piperidyl sebacate	1065336-91-5 915-687-0 01-2119491304-40- XXXX	Skin Sens. 1A; H317 Repr. 2; H361f Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410 M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 1 M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 1	>= 0,25 - < 1

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3-isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-	4098-71-9	Acute Tox. 1; H330	>= 0,25 - < 0,5
trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate	223-861-6	Skin Irrit. 2; H315	
	01-2119490408-31- XXXX	Eye Irrit. 2; H319 Resp. Sens. 1; H334	
	^^^	Skin Sens. 1; H317	
		STOT SE 3; H335	
		(Respiratory system)	
		Aquatic Chronic 2; H411	
		specific concentration	
		limit	
		Resp. Sens. 1; H334	
		>= 0,5 % Skin Sens. 1; H317	
		>= 0,5 %	
		Acute toxicity esti-	
		mate	
		Acute inhalation toxicity (dust/mist):	
4-morpholinecarbaldehyde	4394-85-8	0,031 mg/l Skin Sens. 1; H317	< 1
+ morpholineoarbaidenyde	224-518-3	OKIII OCIIO. 1, 11017	
	01-2119987993-12- XXXX		
salicylic acid	69-72-7	Acute Tox. 4; H302	< 1
	200-712-3	Eye Dam. 1; H318	
	01-2119486984-17- XXXX	Repr. 2; H361d	
	XXXX	Acute toxicity esti-	
		mate	
		Acute oral toxicity:	
		891 mg/kg	
Substances with a workplace exp			
Titanium dioxide (> 10 μm)	13463-67-7		>= 5 - < 10
	236-675-5		

01-2119489379-17-

XXXX

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice : Move out of dangerous area.

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Consult a physician.

Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

If inhaled Move to fresh air.

Consult a physician after significant exposure.

In case of skin contact Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately.

> Wash off with soap and plenty of water. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

In case of eye contact Remove contact lenses.

Keep eve wide open while rinsing.

If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.

If swallowed Do not induce vomiting without medical advice.

Rinse mouth with water.

Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms Allergic reactions

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects

and symptoms.

sensitising effects Risks

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : In case of fire, use water/water spray/water jet/carbon diox-

ide/sand/foam/alcohol resistant foam/chemical powder for

extinction.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

ucts

Hazardous combustion prod- : No hazardous combustion products are known

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment : In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

for firefighters

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



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Further information : Standard procedure for chemical fires.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : Use personal protective equipment.

Deny access to unprotected persons.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel,

acid binder, universal binder, sawdust).

Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protection see section 8.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling : Avoid exceeding the given occupational exposure limits (see

section 8).

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. For personal protection see section 8.

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being

used.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the ap-

plication area.

Follow standard hygiene measures when handling chemical

products

Advice on protection against :

fire and explosion

Normal measures for preventive fire protection.

Hygiene measures : Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety

practice. When using do not eat or drink. When using do not smoke. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

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7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Store in accord-

ance with local regulations.

Further information on stor-

age stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) : Consult most current local Product Data Sheet prior to any

use.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parame- ters *	Basis *	
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	108-65-6	STEL	100 ppm 550 mg/m3	2000/39/EC	
	Further inform	Further information: Identifies the possibility of significant uptake			
		through the skin, Indicative			
		TWA	50 ppm 275 mg/m3	2000/39/EC	
		TWA	50 ppm 274 mg/m3	GB EH40	
	Further inform	Further information: Can be absorbed through the skin. The as-			
		signed substances are those for which there are concerns that			
	dermal absorp	dermal absorption will lead to systemic toxicity.			
		STEL	100 ppm 548 mg/m3	GB EH40	
Titanium dioxide (> 10 μm)	13463-67-7	TWA (inhalable dust)	10 mg/m3	GB EH40	
		TWA (Respirable dust)	4 mg/m3	GB EH40	
3-isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5- trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate	4098-71-9	TWA	0,02 mg/m3 (NCO)	GB EH40	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Further inform	Further information: Substances that can cause occupational			
	asthma (also k	asthma (also known as asthmagens and respiratory sensitisers)			
	can induce a s	can induce a state of specific airway hyper-responsiveness via an			
	immunological	immunological irritant or other mechanism. Once the airways have			
	become hyper	become hyper-responsive, further exposure to the substance,			
	sometimes eve	sometimes even in tiny quantities, may cause respiratory symp-			
		toms. These symptoms can range in severity from a runny nose to			
		asthma. Not all workers who are exposed to a sensitiser will be-			
		come hyper-responsive and it is impossible to identify in advance			
		those who are likely to become hyper-responsive. Substances that can cause occupational asthma should be distinguished from			
	that can cause	e occupational asthr	na should be disti	nguished from	

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substances which may trigger the symptoms of asthma in people with pre-existing airway hyper-responsiveness, but which do not include the disease themselves. The latter substances are not classified as asthmagens or respiratory sensitisers. Further information can be found in the HSE publication Asthmagen? Critical assessments of the evidence for agents implicated in occupational asthma., Wherever it is reasonably practicable, exposure to substances that can cause occupational asthma should be prevented. Where this is not possible, the primary aim is to apply adequate standards of control to prevent workers from becoming hyperresponsive. For substances that can cause occupational asthma. COSHH requires that exposure be reduced to as low as is reasonably practicable. Activities giving rise to short-term peak concentrations should receive particular attention when risk management is being considered. Health surveillance is appropriate for all employees exposed or liable to be exposed to a substance which may cause occupational asthma and there should be appropriate consultation with an occupational health professional over the degree of risk and level of surveillance., Capable of causing occupational asthma., The 'Sen' notation in the list of WELs has been assigned only to those substances which may cause occupational asthma in the categories shown in Table 1. It should be remembered that other substances not in these tables may cause occupational asthma. HSE's asthma web pages (www.hse.gov.uk/asthma) provide further information. STEL 0.07 mg/m3 GB EH40 (NCO)

Biological occupational exposure limits

Substance name	CAS-No.	Control parame- ters	Sampling time	Basis
3-isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5- trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate	4098-71-9	isocyanate- derived diamine (Isocyanates): 1 µmol/mol creati- nine (Urine)	At the end of the period of exposure	GB EH40 BAT

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures

Maintain air concentrations below occupational exposure standards. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection : Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to EN166

Eye wash bottle with pure water

Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an ap-

proved standard must be worn at all times when handling chemical products. Reference number EN 374. Follow manu-

^{*}The above mentioned values are in accordance with the legislation in effect at the date of the release of this safety data sheet.

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facturer specifications.

Suitable for short time use or protection against splashes:

Butyl rubber/nitrile rubber gloves (> 0,1 mm) Contaminated gloves should be removed.

Suitable for permanent exposure:

Viton gloves (0.4 mm), breakthrough time >30 min.

Skin and body protection Protective clothing (e.g. Safety shoes acc. to EN ISO 20345,

> long-sleeved working clothing, long trousers). Rubber aprons and protective boots are additionally recommended for mixing

and stirring work.

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. Respiratory protection

> Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe work-

ing limits of the selected respirator.

organic vapor filter (Type A)

A1: < 1000 ppm; A2: < 5000 ppm; A3: < 10000 ppm Ensure adequate ventilation. This can be achieved by local exhaust extraction or by general ventilation. (EN 689 - Methods for determining inhalation exposure). This applies in particular to the mixing / stirring area. In case this is not sufficent to keep the concentrations under the occupational exposure limits then respiration protection measures must be used.

Environmental exposure controls

General advice : Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state liquid Colour various

Odour mild

Melting point/range / Freezing : No data available

point

Boiling point/boiling range No data available

No data available Flammability (solid, gas)

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Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Upper explosion limit / Up- : No data available

per flammability limit

Lower explosion limit /

Lower flammability limit

: No data available

Flash point : > 61 °C

Method: closed cup

Auto-ignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

рН Not applicable

substance/mixture reacts with water

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic : ca. 5.000 mPa.s (20 °C)

Viscosity, kinematic $> 20,5 \text{ mm2/s} (40 ^{\circ}\text{C})$

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility insoluble

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: No data available

Vapour pressure : 3,1 hPa

Density : ca. 1,29 g/cm3 (20 °C)

Relative vapour density No data available

Particle characteristics : No data available

9.2 Other information

No data available

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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

10.2 Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : No hazards to be specially mentioned.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : No data available

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : No data available

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 Dermal (Rabbit): > 5.000 mg/kg

Hardener MI (Isophoronedi(morpholinoaldimine)):

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): > 2.001 mg/kg

Hardener MTJ (Polyoxypropylenetri(morpholinoaldimine)):

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): > 2.001 mg/kg

Pentamethyl piperidylsebacate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): 3.230 mg/kg

3-isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate:

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Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): 4.814 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity LC50 (Rat): 0,031 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute toxicity estimate: 0,031 mg/l

Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 Dermal (Rat): > 7.000 mg/kg

salicylic acid:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): 891 mg/kg

Acute toxicity estimate: 891 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 Dermal (Rat): > 2.000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Hardener MI (Isophoronedi(morpholinoaldimine)):

Method Regulation (EC) No. 440/2008, Annex, B.46

Result Skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Hardener MI (Isophoronedi(morpholinoaldimine)):

Method OECD Test Guideline 405

Result Eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Hardener MI (Isophoronedi(morpholinoaldimine)):

Method : Regulation (EC) No. 440/2008, Annex, B.42 (LLNA)

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Result May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

STOT - single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

STOT - repeated exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

11.2 Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

Product:

Assessment The substance/mixture does not contain components consid-

> ered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at

levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Components:

Hardener MI (Isophoronedi(morpholinoaldimine)):

aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 40,2 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 17,1 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

: EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 89 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Hardener MTJ (Polyoxypropylenetri(morpholinoaldimine)):

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 45,1 mg/l

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aquatic invertebrates Exposure time: 48 h

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 12,5 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 1,56

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Pentamethyl piperidylsebacate:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Fish): 0,97 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox-

icity)

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

: 1

12.2 Persistence and degradability

No data available

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product:

Assessment : This substance/mixture contains no components considered

to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of

0.1% or higher...

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Product:

Assessment : The substance/mixture does not contain components consid-

ered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at

levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Product:

Additional ecological infor- : An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of

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mation unprofessional handling or disposal.

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized

wherever possible.

Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe

way.

Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed

waste disposal contractor.

Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional

local authority requirements.

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with

soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

European Waste Catalogue : 08 01 11* waste paint and varnish containing organic sol-

vents or other dangerous substances

Contaminated packaging : 15 01 10* packaging containing residues of or contaminated

by dangerous substances

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number or ID number

ADR : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA : Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA : Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADR : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA : Not regulated as a dangerous good

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14.4 Packing group

ADR : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA (Cargo) : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA (Passenger) : Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.5 Environmental hazards

Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.6 Special precautions for user

Not applicable

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable for product as supplied.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixtureRelevant EU provisions transposed through retained EU law

UK REACH Candidate list of substances of very high

concern (SVHC) for Authorisation

Not applicable

The Persistent Organic Pollutants Regulations (retained

Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 as amended for Great Brit-

ain)

Not applicable

International Chemical Weapons Convention (CWC)

Schedules of Toxic Chemicals and Precursors

Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that de-

plete the ozone layer

Not applicable

UK REACH List of substances subject to authorisation

(Annex XIV)

Not applicable

GB Export and import of hazardous chemicals - Prior

Informed Consent (PIC) Regulation

: Not applicable

Volatile organic compounds : Law on the incentive tax for volatile organic compounds

(VOCV)

Volatile organic compounds (VOC) content: 14,6% w/w

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Directive 2010/75/EU of 24 November 2010 on industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) Volatile organic compounds (VOC) content: 14,6% w/w

If other regulatory information applies that is not already provided elsewhere in the Safety Data Sheet, then it is described in this subsection.

Health, safety and environmental regulation/legislation specific for the substance or mixture: : Environmental Protection Act 1990 & Subsidiary Regulations Health and Safety at Work Act 1974 & Subsidiary Regulations Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations

(COSHH)

May be subject to the Control of Major Accident Hazards

Regulations (COMAH), and amendments.

Other regulations:

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this mixture by the supplier.

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-Statements

H226 : Flammable liquid and vapour.

H302 : Harmful if swallowed. H315 : Causes skin irritation.

H317 : May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318 : Causes serious eye damage.
H319 : Causes serious eye irritation.

H330 : Fatal if inhaled.

H334 : May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficul-

ties if inhaled.

H335 : May cause respiratory irritation.
H336 : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H361d : Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H361f : Suspected of damaging fertility.

H400 : Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411 : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412 : Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of other abbreviations

Acute Tox. : Acute toxicity

Aquatic Acute : Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard Aquatic Chronic : Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard

Eye Dam. : Serious eye damage

Eye Irrit. : Eye irritation
Flam. Liq. : Flammable liquids
Repr. : Reproductive toxicity

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



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Resp. Sens. : Respiratory sensitisation

Skin Irrit. : Skin irritation
Skin Sens. : Skin sensitisation

STOT SE : Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

2000/39/EC : Europe. Commission Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first

list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

GB EH40 : UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits
GB EH40 BAT : UK. Biological monitoring guidance values

2000/39/EC / TWA : Limit Value - eight hours 2000/39/EC / STEL : Short term exposure limit

GB EH40 / TWA : Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA reference period)
GB EH40 / STEL : Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period)

ADR : European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Road Chemical Abstracts Service

CAS : Chemical Abstracts Service
DNEL : Derived no-effect level

EC50 : Half maximal effective concentration
GHS : Globally Harmonized System

IATA : International Air Transport Association

IMDG : International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

LD50 : Median lethal dosis (the amount of a material, given all at

once, which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of

test animals)

LC50 : Median lethal concentration (concentrations of the chemical in

air that kills 50% of the test animals during the observation

period)

MARPOL : International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from

Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978

OEL : Occupational Exposure Limit

PBT : Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic PNEC : Predicted no effect concentration

REACH : Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament

and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency

SVHC : Substances of Very High Concern

vPvB : Very persistent and very bioaccumulative

Further information

Classification of the mixture: Classification procedure:

Skin Sens. 1 H317 Calculation method Aquatic Chronic 3 H412 Calculation method

The information contained in this Safety Data Sheet corresponds to our level of knowledge at the time of publication. All warranties are excluded. Our most current General Sales Conditions shall apply. Please consult the product data sheet prior to any use and processing.

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Changes as compared to previous version!

GB / EN