According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



## SikaForce®-479 L45 (B)

Date of last issue: 25.10.2022 Version 6.2 Print Date 09.06.2023

Revision Date: 09.06.2023

#### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name SikaForce®-479 L45 (B)

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Adhesive

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name of supplier Sika Limited

Watchmead Welwyn Garden City

Hertfordshire. AL7 1BQ +44 (0)1707 394444

Telephone +44 (0)1707 329129 Telefax E-mail address of person : EHS@uk.sika.com

responsible for the SDS

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National Chemical Emergency Centre (NCEC) 24 Hour Emergency Telephone Number +44 870 190 6777

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

## 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Acute toxicity, Category 4 H332: Harmful if inhaled. Skin irritation, Category 2 H315: Causes skin irritation. Eye irritation, Category 2 H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory sensitisation, Category 1 H334: May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or

breathing difficulties if inhaled.

H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction. Skin sensitisation, Category 1

Carcinogenicity, Category 2 H351: Suspected of causing cancer. H335: May cause respiratory irritation. Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, Category 3, Respiratory system

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

exposure, Category 2

#### 2.2 Label elements

#### Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms



According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



## SikaForce®-479 L45 (B)

Date of last issue: 25.10.2022 Version 6.2 Print Date 09.06.2023

Revision Date: 09.06.2023

Signal word Danger

Causes skin irritation. Hazard statements H315

> May cause an allergic skin reaction. H317

Causes serious eye irritation. H319

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or

> breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.

H335 H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

May cause damage to organs through pro-H373

longed or repeated exposure if inhaled.

Prevention: Precautionary statements

> P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

> Do not breathe mist or vapours. P260 P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling. P280

Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/

eye protection/ face protection.

Response:

P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh

> air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell.

If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a P342 + P311

POISON CENTER/ doctor.

#### Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with aniline and phosgene 4,4`-Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate, oligomers

#### **Additional Labelling**

**EUH211** Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not

breathe spray or mist.

"As from 24 August 2023 adequate training is required before industrial or professional use."

#### 2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Ecological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Toxicological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



# SikaForce®-479 L45 (B)

Date of last issue: 25.10.2022 Version 6.2 Print Date 09.06.2023

Revision Date: 09.06.2023

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

### 3.2 Mixtures

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No. Registration number	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with aniline and phosgene	32055-14-4 500-079-6 01-2119457024-46- XXXX	Acute Tox. 4; H332 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 Resp. Sens. 1; H334 Skin Sens. 1; H317 Carc. 2; H351 STOT SE 3; H335 (Respiratory system) STOT RE 2; H373 ———————————————————————————————————	>= 25 - < 40
		Acute toxicity estimate  Acute inhalation toxicity (dust/mist): 1,5 mg/l	

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



## SikaForce®-479 L45 (B)

4,4`-Methylenediphenyl diisocya- nate, oligomers	25686-28-6 500-040-3 01-2119457013-49- XXXX	Acute Tox. 4; H332 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 Resp. Sens. 1; H334 Skin Sens. 1; H317 Carc. 2; H351 STOT SE 3; H335 (Respiratory system) STOT RE 2; H373  Acute toxicity estimate  Acute inhalation toxicity (dust/mist): 1,5 mg/l	>= 5 - < 10	
Substances with a workplace exposure limit :				
Titanium dioxide (> 10 µm)	13463-67-7		>= 5 - < 10	

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice : Move out of dangerous area.

Consult a physician.

236-675-5

XXXX

01-2119489379-17-

Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

If inhaled : Move to fresh air.

Consult a physician after significant exposure.

In case of skin contact : Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately.

Wash off with soap and plenty of water. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

In case of eye contact : Immediately flush eye(s) with plenty of water.

Remove contact lenses.

Keep eye wide open while rinsing.

If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.

If swallowed : Do not induce vomiting without medical advice.

Rinse mouth with water.

Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



## SikaForce®-479 L45 (B)

Date of last issue: 25.10.2022 Version 6.2 Print Date 09.06.2023

Revision Date: 09.06.2023

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

**Symptoms** Asthmatic appearance

Cough

Respiratory disorder Allergic reactions Excessive lachrymation

Erythema Headache Dermatitis

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects.

and symptoms.

Risks irritant effects

sensitising effects

Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation.

Harmful if inhaled.

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficul-

ties if inhaled.

May cause respiratory irritation. Suspected of causing cancer.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure if inhaled.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment Treat symptomatically.

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media In case of fire, use water/water spray/water jet/carbon diox-

ide/sand/foam/alcohol resistant foam/chemical powder for

extinction.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous combustion prod- : No hazardous combustion products are known

ucts

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment : In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

for firefighters

Further information Standard procedure for chemical fires.

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



## SikaForce®-479 L45 (B)

Revision Date: 09.06.2023

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : Use personal protective equipment.

Deny access to unprotected persons.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel,

acid binder, universal binder, sawdust).

Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protection see section 8.

#### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling : Avoid formation of aerosol.

Avoid exceeding the given occupational exposure limits (see

section 8).

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. For personal protection see section 8.

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being

used.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the ap-

plication area.

Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms. Follow standard hygiene measures when handling chemical

products

Advice on protection against

fire and explosion

Normal measures for preventive fire protection.

Hygiene measures : Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety

practice. When using do not eat or drink. When using do not smoke. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage : Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



## SikaForce®-479 L45 (B)

Date of last issue: 25.10.2022 Version 6.2 Print Date 09.06.2023

Revision Date: 09.06.2023

areas and containers place. Containers which are opened must be carefully re-

sealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Store in accord-

ance with local regulations.

Further information on stor-

age stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) : Cleaning with aprotic polar solvents must be avoided.

Consult most current local Product Data Sheet prior to any

use.

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

### 8.1 Control parameters

### **Occupational Exposure Limits**

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parame- ters *	Basis *
Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with aniline and phosgene	32055-14-4	TWA	0,02 mg/m3 (NCO)	GB EH40
	asthma (also keep can induce a simmunological become hypersometimes eventoms. These simustances who are that can cause substances who with pre-existir include the disclassified as a mation can be assessments of asthma., When stances that can where this is restandards of corresponsive. For COSHH requires sonably practice centrations show ment is being a employees expray cause occarring the contractions of contractions and the contractions of c	ation: Substances the considered. Health a cocupational asthmage is the considered. Health a considered. Health a considered. Health a cocupational asthmagens or respiration of possible, the principal considered. Health a cosed or liable to be coupational asthmagens or respirational asthmagens or respirational asthmagens or respirational in the HSE profit of the evidence for a coupational asthmagens or respirational as	ns and respiratory ay hyper-responsion once the exposure to the sexposure to the sexposed to a sension possible to identify per-responsive. In a should be distinguished by practicable, exponsiveness, but we had agents implicated by practicable, exponsional asthma should mary aim is to apport of the latter substance of the latter substance of the latter substance are reduced to as lower and cause occupated or the latter substance of th	r sensitisers) iveness via an e airways have substance, ratory symp- a runny nose to itiser will be- ify in advance Substances nguished from a in people which do not bes are not Further infor- gen? Critical in occupational osure to sub- be prevented. bly adequate ing hyper- ional asthma, w as is rea- rm peak con- risk manage- propriate for all ostance which be appropriate

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



# SikaForce®-479 L45 (B)

51011 Date: 00.00:2020				
	degree of risk and level of surveillance., Capable of causing occupational asthma., The 'Sen' notation in the list of WELs has been assigned only to those substances which may cause occupational asthma in the categories shown in Table 1. It should be remembered that other substances not in these tables may cause occupational asthma. HSE's asthma web pages (www.hse.gov.uk/asthma) provide further information.    STEL   0,07 mg/m3   GB EH40			
4,4`-Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate,	25686-28-6	TWA	(NCO) 0,02 mg/m3	GB EH40
oligomers	F "		(NCO)	
	asthma (also k can induce a s immunological become hypersometimes ever toms. These sy asthma. Not all come hyper-re those who are that can cause substances who with pre-existing include the discolassified as as mation can be assessments of asthma., Where this is not standards of contrations show the complete sexual procession of the consultation will degree of risk apational asthma in the control pational asthma in the control pational asthma pational asthma in the control pational pational pational asthma in the control pational pation	ation: Substances the nown as asthmager tate of specific airwing irritant or other medical properties of specific airwing irritant or other medical properties, further en in tiny quantities, ymptoms can range I workers who are esponsive and it is in likely to become hystoccupational asthmatich may trigger the engairway hyper-respense themselves. The standard in the HSE properties of the evidence for a rever it is reasonably an cause occupation to possible, the prinontrol to prevent woor substances that exposure becable. Activities giving the prinontrol to prevent woor substances that exposure becable. Activities giving the prinontrol of prevent woor substances that exposure becable activities giving the prinontrol of surveilla and level of surveill	ns and respiratory ay hyper-responsion chanism. Once the exposure to the simay cause respiratory from a exposed to a sension possible to identify per-responsive. In a should be distinguished by practicable, exponsiveness, but on the latter substance attaction as the ponsiveness, but on the latter substance attaction as the ponsiveness, but on the latter substance attaction as the ponsiveness implicated by practicable, exponsional asthma should mary aim is to apport and asthma should are reduced to as lowed and there should be alth professional ance., Capable of the professional ance., Capable of the professional ance. Table 1. It should be these tables may be pages further information.	v sensitisers) iveness via an e airways have substance, ratory symp- a runny nose to itiser will be- ify in advance Substances nguished from a in people which do not es are not Further infor- gen? Critical in occupational osure to sub- be prevented. bly adequate ing hyper- ional asthma, w as is rea- rm peak con- risk manage- oropriate for all ostance which be appropriate al over the causing occu- els has been e occupational d be remem- or cause occu- en.
		STEL	0,07 mg/m3 (NCO)	GB EH40
Titanium dioxide (> 10 μm)	13463-67-7	TWA (inhalable dust)	10 mg/m3	GB EH40
		TWA (Respirable	4 mg/m3	GB EH40

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



## SikaForce®-479 L45 (B)

Date of last issue: 25.10.2022 Version 6.2 Print Date 09.06.2023

Revision Date: 09.06.2023

dust)

#### Biological occupational exposure limits

Substance name	CAS-No.	Control parame- ters	Sampling time	Basis
Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with aniline and phosgene	32055-14-4	isocyanate- derived diamine (Isocyanates): 1 µmol/mol creati- nine (Urine)	At the end of the period of expo- sure	GB EH40 BAT

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

### **Engineering measures**

Maintain air concentrations below occupational exposure standards.

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

#### Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection : Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to EN166

Eye wash bottle with pure water

Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an ap-

proved standard must be worn at all times when handling chemical products. Reference number EN 374. Follow manu-

facturer specifications.

Suitable for short time use or protection against splashes:

Butyl rubber/nitrile rubber gloves (> 0,1 mm) Contaminated gloves should be removed.

Suitable for permanent exposure:

Viton gloves (0.4 mm), breakthrough time >30 min.

Skin and body protection : Protective clothing (e.g. Safety shoes acc. to EN ISO 20345,

long-sleeved working clothing, long trousers). Rubber aprons and protective boots are additionally recommended for mixing

and stirring work.

Respiratory protection : In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe work-

ing limits of the selected respirator.

Use a properly fitted NIOSH approved air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk as-

sessment indicates this is necessary.

organic vapor filter (Type A)

A1: < 1000 ppm; A2: < 5000 ppm; A3: < 10000 ppm Ensure adequate ventilation. This can be achieved by local exhaust extraction or by general ventilation. (EN 689 - Methods for determining inhalation exposure). This applies in par-

ticular to the mixing / stirring area. In case this is not sufficent to keep the concentrations under the occupational exposure

<sup>\*</sup>The above mentioned values are in accordance with the legislation in effect at the date of the release of this safety data sheet.

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



## SikaForce®-479 L45 (B)

Date of last issue: 25.10.2022 Version 6.2 Print Date 09.06.2023

Revision Date: 09.06.2023

limits then respiration protection measures must be used. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

### **Environmental exposure controls**

General advice : Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

## 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state liquid Appearance viscous Colour beige Odour slight

Melting point/range / Freezing :

point

No data available

Boiling point/boiling range No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) No data available

### Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Upper explosion limit / Up- : No data available

per flammability limit

Lower explosion limit /

Lower flammability limit

: No data available

> 200 °C Flash point

Method: closed cup

Auto-ignition temperature > 500 °C

Decomposition temperature No data available

Not applicable pН

substance/mixture is non-soluble (in water)

**Viscosity** 

Viscosity, kinematic  $> 20.5 \text{ mm2/s} (40 ^{\circ}\text{C})$ 

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility insoluble

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

No data available

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



## SikaForce®-479 L45 (B)

Revision Date: 09.06.2023

Vapour pressure : 0,01 hPa

Density : ca. 1,6 g/cm3 (20 °C)

Relative vapour density : No data available

Particle characteristics : No data available

#### 9.2 Other information

No data available

### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : No hazards to be specially mentioned.

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : No data available

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : No data available

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### **Acute toxicity**

Harmful if inhaled.

#### Components:

#### Formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with aniline and phosgene:

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50: 1,5 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Expert judgement

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



## SikaForce®-479 L45 (B)

Revision Date: 09.06.2023

Acute toxicity estimate: 1,5 mg/l Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Calculation method

#### 4,4'-Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate, oligomers:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50: 1,5 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Expert judgement

Acute toxicity estimate: 1,5 mg/l Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 Dermal (Rabbit): > 9.400 mg/kg

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

#### Skin sensitisation

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

#### Respiratory sensitisation

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

### Carcinogenicity

Suspected of causing cancer.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

#### STOT - single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation.

## STOT - repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

#### **Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



## SikaForce®-479 L45 (B)

Date of last issue: 25.10.2022 Version 6.2 Print Date 09.06.2023

Revision Date: 09.06.2023

#### 11.2 Information on other hazards

#### **Endocrine disrupting properties**

### **Product:**

The substance/mixture does not contain components consid-Assessment

> ered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at

levels of 0.1% or higher.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

No data available

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

No data available

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

## 12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

#### Product:

Assessment This substance/mixture contains no components considered

> to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of

0.1% or higher...

#### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

#### **Product:**

: The substance/mixture does not contain components consid-Assessment

> ered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at

levels of 0.1% or higher.

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

#### **Product:**

mation

Additional ecological infor- : There is no data available for this product.

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



## SikaForce®-479 L45 (B)

Revision Date: 09.06.2023

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized

wherever possible.

Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe

way.

Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed

waste disposal contractor.

Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional

local authority requirements.

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with

soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### 14.1 UN number or ID number

ADR : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA : Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA : Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADR : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA : Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.4 Packing group

ADR : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA (Cargo) : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA (Passenger) : Not regulated as a dangerous good

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



## SikaForce®-479 L45 (B)

Date of last issue: 25.10.2022 Version 6.2 Print Date 09.06.2023

Revision Date: 09.06.2023

#### 14.5 Environmental hazards

Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### 14.6 Special precautions for user

Not applicable

#### 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable for product as supplied.

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

## 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture Relevant EU provisions transposed through retained EU law

UK REACH List of restrictions (Annex 17) Banned and/or restricted

International Chemical Weapons Convention (CWC)

Schedules of Toxic Chemicals and Precursors

Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that de-

plete the ozone layer

Not applicable

GB Export and import of hazardous chemicals - Prior

Informed Consent (PIC) Regulation

Not applicable

Control of Major Accident Hazards Regulations

2015 (COMAH)

Volatile organic compounds Law on the incentive tax for volatile organic compounds

> (VOCV) no VOC duties

Directive 2010/75/EU of 24 November 2010 on industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control)

Not applicable

Not applicable

If other regulatory information applies that is not already provided elsewhere in the Safety Data Sheet, then it is described in this subsection.

Health, safety and environmental regulation/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:

: Environmental Protection Act 1990 & Subsidiary Regulations Health and Safety at Work Act 1974 & Subsidiary Regulations Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations

(COSHH)

May be subject to the Control of Major Accident Hazards

Regulations (COMAH), and amendments.

#### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this mixture by the supplier.

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



## SikaForce®-479 L45 (B)

Revision Date: 09.06.2023

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### **Full text of H-Statements**

H315 : Causes skin irritation.

H317 : May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 : Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 : Harmful if inhaled.

H334 : May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficul-

ties if inhaled.

H335 : May cause respiratory irritation. H351 : Suspected of causing cancer.

H373 : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure if inhaled.

#### Full text of other abbreviations

Acute Tox. : Acute toxicity
Carc. : Carcinogenicity
Eye Irrit. : Eye irritation

Resp. Sens. : Respiratory sensitisation

Skin Irrit. : Skin irritation
Skin Sens. : Skin sensitisation

STOT RE : Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure STOT SE : Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure GB EH40 : UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits GB EH40 BAT : UK. Biological monitoring guidance values

GB EH40 / TWA : Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA reference period)
GB EH40 / STEL : Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period)

ADR : European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Road

CAS : Chemical Abstracts Service
DNEL : Derived no-effect level

EC50 : Half maximal effective concentration

GHS : Globally Harmonized System

IATA : International Air Transport Association

IMDG : International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

LD50 : Median lethal dosis (the amount of a material, given all at

once, which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of

test animals)

LC50 : Median lethal concentration (concentrations of the chemical in

air that kills 50% of the test animals during the observation

period)

MARPOL : International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from

Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978

OEL : Occupational Exposure Limit

PBT : Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic PNEC : Predicted no effect concentration

REACH : Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament

and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



# SikaForce®-479 L45 (B)

Date of last issue: 25.10.2022 Version 6.2 Print Date 09.06.2023

Revision Date: 09.06.2023

SVHC : Substances of Very High Concern

vPvB : Very persistent and very bioaccumulative

#### **Further information**

Classification of the mixture:		Classification procedure:
Acute Tox. 4	H332	Calculation method
Skin Irrit. 2	H315	Calculation method
Eye Irrit. 2	H319	Calculation method
Resp. Sens. 1	H334	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1	H317	Calculation method
Carc. 2	H351	Calculation method
STOT SE 3	H335	Calculation method
STOT RE 2	H373	Calculation method

The information contained in this Safety Data Sheet corresponds to our level of knowledge at the time of publication. All warranties are excluded. Our most current General Sales Conditions shall apply. Please consult the product data sheet prior to any use and processing.

Changes as compared to previous version!

GB / EN