DECK AND KEEL TO HULL BONDING

APPLICATION DESCRIPTION

Arguably the most crucial joint on the vessel is that between the deck and the hull where Sika’s resilient, one-component polyurethane adhesives have many benefits to the designer and boat builder alike.

The naval architect can be confident that a deck and a hull that have been built separately of differing materials can be brought together to form a single unit that is both strong and durable. The tolerances in alignment between the two parts need not be quite as close, because minor discrepancies can be taken up by the gap filling property of the adhesives.

The strength of the adhesives makes mechanical fixings redundant and the resilience absorbs much of the stresses and strains from temperature changes, impact shocks and torsion forces.

All of these factors reduce the design and source costs of the build and remove many design obstacles.

To the boat builder, the assembly techniques are simplified and streamlined.

Applying an adhesive around the joint between deck and hull is far quicker, simpler and easier than laborious GRP laminated joints.

And providing the Sika guidelines are followed ensures a reliable watertight joint, as is not the case with taping methods.

With no mechanical fixings, there is no need to drill holes in the joint area, no need for gaskets, no need to spend the time aligning the holes and no need to insert and tighten the fixings.

For information regarding bondline dimensions, please contact Sika’s Technical Service department, who can also provide appropriate values for FEM calculations.

Also, the critical joint between keel and hull is subjected to very high stresses when a boat is under sail and needs to be very strong if it runs aground. So it must be designed and built with great care in order to withstand these stresses.

This particular joint is prone to leaks, which identify themselves by rust streaking and staining on the keel when the boat is out of the water.
DECK TO HULL BONDING PROCEDURES WITH Sikaflex®-292i

PREPARING THE SUBSTRATE FOR ALUMINUM

- Heavily soiled surfaces should first be cleaned off with a pure solvent, like Sika® Remover-208, to remove the worst of the soiling.
- Lightly abrade the contact area with a very fine sanding pad.
- Remove the dust with a vacuum cleaner.
- Pre-treat the substrate with Sika® Aktivator-205, using a clean, lint-free rag or a paper towel. Change the rag frequently!
- Flash-off: 10 minutes (min) to 2 hours (max).
- Apply a thin, continuous coat of Sika® MultiPrimer Marine, using a clean brush or a felt applicator.
- Drying time: 30 minutes (min) to 24 hours (max).

PREPARING THE SUBSTRATE FOR GRP

- Heavily soiled surfaces should first be cleaned off with Sika® Remover-208, to remove the worst of the soiling.
- Lightly abrade the contact area with a very fine sanding pad.
- Remove the dust with a vacuum cleaner.
- Pre-treat the substrate with Sika® Aktivator-205, using a clean, lint-free rag or a paper towel. Change the rag frequently!
- Flash-off: 10 minutes (min) to 2 hours (max).
- Apply a thin, continuous coat of Sika® MultiPrimer Marine, using a clean brush or a felt applicator.
- Drying time: 30 minutes (min) to 24 hours (max).

APPLICATION OF Sikaflex®-292i

- IMPORTANT: It is vital to check the accuracy of the fit before applying the adhesive so that the parts do not need to be separated again once they have been brought together.

- Place spacers of at least 4 mm deep and about 50 shore A hardness, in position. Alternatively, these can be pressed into the adhesive once applied.
- Apply Sikaflex®-292i onto the entire periphery of the hull. A continuous zig-zag bead Sikaflex®-292i should be used (Fig. 9 and 10); the amount applied will depend on the width of the bond face. The adhesive bead must be carried continuously around any cut-outs or clearance holes (e.g. for deck stanchions, pipes, chain plates) to maintain the integrity of the watertight joint.
- Assemble the components within 20 minutes of applying the adhesive.
- Apply pressure with clamps or other fastening aids to compress the adhesive to the height of the spacers.
- Clamps and other fastening aids can be removed after 24 hours. Full service strength is attained after approximately 7 days.
- Uncured Sika® adhesives or sealants must be removed with Sika® Remover-208.

OTHER SUBSTRATE

Refer to the actual Sika Pre-Treatment Chart for Marine Applications.

IMPORTANT:
Do not use Sika® Aktivator or any other cleaning agent or solvent for cleaning purposes.

Fig. 9 Hull and deck are brought together
Fig. 10 A locating pin ensures perfect alignment
KEEL TO HULL BONDING

SUBSTRATE PREPARATION

ALUMINUM HULLS (PAINTED WITH 2C PAINT)

Heavily soiled surfaces should first be cleaned off with Sika® Remover-208, to remove the worst of the soiling.

Pre-treat the substrate with Sika® Aktivator-100, using a clean, lint-free rag or a paper towel. Change the rag frequently!

Flash-off: 10 minutes (min) to 2 hours (max)

GRP HULLS

Heavily soiled surfaces should first be cleaned off with Sika® Remover-208, to remove the worst of the soiling.

Lightly abrade the contact area with a very fine sanding pad.

Remove the dust with a vacuum cleaner.

Pre-treat the substrate with Sika® Aktivator-205, using a clean, lint-free rag or a paper towel. Change the rag frequently!

Flash-off: 10 minutes (min) to 2 hours (max)

STEEL HULLS AND KEELS, COATED WITH TWO-PART CORROSION PROTECTION PAINTS

IMPORTANT: One-component paints are not suitable to be bonded on it. To control the quality of the paint we recommend cleaning a small part with paint thinner. If the paint resists to the solvent it is suitable and can be bonded as described in the following part. In case of the paint can be dissolved, it has to be removed and replaced by a two-component epoxy paint

APPLICATION OF Sikaflex®-292i ADHESIVE

Place elastic spacers of about 10 mm thick and 50 Shore A hardness into position.

Apply Sikaflex®-292i in sufficient quantity. Each bead must form a continuous, closed ring, with no gaps. The same applies to the beads around the bolt holes.

The keel must then be lifted into position, carefully observing the open time of Sikaflex®-292i. Then the keel bolts must be tightened as far as the spacer blocks. Any adhesive that is squeezed out of the joint can be tooled to a finish.

Remove Sika adhesives or sealants with Sika® Remover-208.

After three or four days, the keel bolts can be tightened to their full torque rating. The additional pressure exerted on the adhesive, gives the joint between keel and hull the required degree of torsional stiffness. When the adhesive has fully hardened, the sealed joint can be over-painted in the normal way with any good quality anti-fouling paint. The sealed joint absorbs the dynamic stresses generated in this area and forms a totally water-tight bond between keel and hull.

DISCLAIMER

The information, and, in particular, the recommendations relating to the application and end-use of Sika products, are given in good faith based on Sika’s current knowledge and experience of the products when properly stored, handled and applied under normal conditions. In practice, the differences in materials, substrates and actual site conditions are such that no warranty in respect of merchantability or of fitness for a particular purpose, nor any liability arising out of any legal relationship whatsoever, can be inferred either from this information, or from any written recommendations, or from any other advice offered.

The proprietary rights of third parties must be observed. All orders are accepted subject to our current terms of sale and delivery. Users should always refer to the most recent issue of the Sika Product Datasheet for the product concerned, copies of which will be supplied on request.