SEALING AND BONDING OF MINERAL GLASS

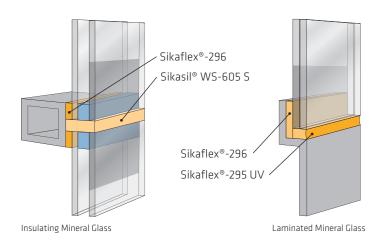
The direct mineral glazing into frames or directly into the hull or deck requires a full understanding of all the important principles involved. It is essential that the glass meets all the entire installation. The adhesive bond line must be protected demands and standards required for the intended application, against UV-radiation. such as IMO resolutions or other regulations.

For insulation glass, total bonding consistency must be ensured by using Sikaflex® adhesives and sealants for the

Bonding System	Cleaner	Primer	Adhesive	Sealant
Laminated Mineral Glass	Sika® Aktivator-100	Sika® Primer-206 G+P	Sikaflex®-296	Sikaflex®-295 UV Sikaflex®-296
	Sika® Aktivator-100	Sika® Primer-206 G+P	Sikasil® SG-20	Sikasil® SG-20 Sikasil® WS-605 S
Insulating Mineral Glass	Sika® Aktivator-100	Sika® Primer-206 G+P	Sikaflex®-296	Sikaflex®-295 UV Sikaflex®-296
	Sika® Aktivator-100	Sika® Primer-206 G+P	Sikasil® SG-20	Sikasil® SG-20 Sikasil® WS-605 S

Sika® Primer-206 G+P can be eliminated if proper UV-protection of the bond line is ensured.

APPLICATION RULES AND GUIDELINES



APPLICATION GUIDELINES

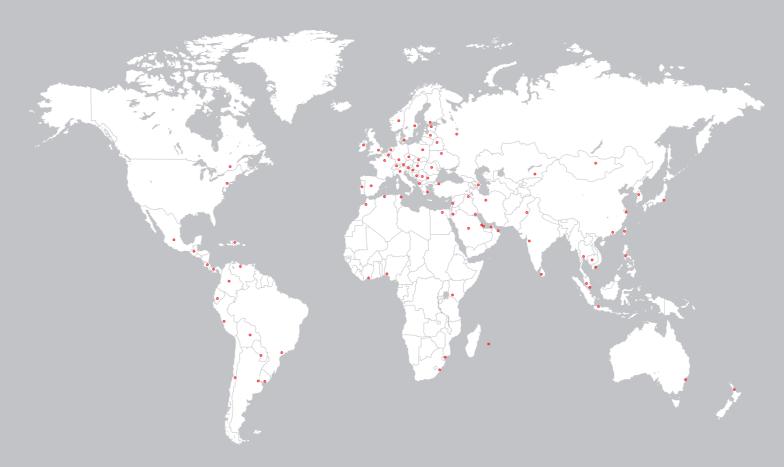
Bonding of insulated glass windows shall be carried out as described in the Sika Marine Application Guide. Minimum bond line thickness and width of the backfilling sealant has to be defined based on

There are different products used for secondary sealing of insulated glass windows. Adhesion and compatibility between secondary sealing and backfilling material shall be ensured to avoid problems because of adhesion loss. Water tightness is essential to avoid standing water and corrosion. UV-protection of the bond line shall fulfil Sika requirements and shall be positioned so that adhesive will be protected properly.

For detailed application guidelines and instructions please contact our local Technical Service Department or refer to the Sika Marine Application Guide.



GLOBAL BUT LOCAL PARTNERSHIP



FOR MORE MARINE INFORMATION:



Sika AG, Switzerland, is a globally active specialty chemicals company. Sika supplies the building and construction industry as well as manufacturing industries (automotive, bus, truck, rail, solar and wind power plants, facades). Sika is a leader in processing materials used in sealing, bonding, damping, reinforcing and protecting loadbearing structures. Sika's product lines feature high-quality concrete admixtures, specialty mortars, sealants and adhesives, damping and reinforcing materials, structural strengthening systems, industrial flooring as well as roofing and waterproofing systems.

Our most current General Sales Conditions shall apply.











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MARINE DIRECT GLAZING SYSTEMS



GLASS BONDING SYSTEMS FOR MARINE

Traditional glazing methods are not common anymore as they have major limitations such as glass size, risk of glass breakage and structural integrity. Modern glazing can be done pass through has been extended to include the extra benefit with different types of "glass" like laminated mineral glass, organic glass, insulating glass and special glasses (bullet-proof Direct glazing systems from Sika have become the primary etc.). The latest manufacturing techniques allow windows of superlative performance to be produced in almost any shape,

size and curvature. The traditional role of glazing as protection against the elements whilst allowing light and vision to

method of installing windows due to the extensive list of



BENEFITS

- Improved design
- Reduction of noise and vibrations
- Safe and durable solutions
- Easy installation
- Smart absorption of piece tolerances

- Waterproof joints
- Increasing glass surface areas
- Corrosion protection
- Weight savings
- Improved safety during building process

TWO SUBSTRATES -DIFFERENT DEMANDS

The global Marine industry is a dynamic and challenging environment. Ship owners demand very individual designs combined with reliability, durability and safety. One key element of the design are the different shapes and sizes of the individual windows used from the hull up to the flybridge or wheelhouse. Traditionally, mineral glass is used where big size windows are required, which is the case for cruise ships, ferries and other commercial vessels. The use of organic glass polycarbonate (PC) and polymethylmetacrylate (PMMA) is more common in the yacht and leisure boat production if the design requires extreme curvatures or smaller glasses are used.

ORGANIC GLASS

Organic glass is mostly used for smaller ships such as sailing and motor yachts but as well on commercial vessels such as cruise ships, ferries and river boats. Organic or composite glass is not common for flybridges, bulkhead windows and hatches. When using organic glasses special attention towards stress cracking and protection of the bond lines is mandatory.

MINERAL GLASS

The use of mineral glass is most common on large vessels such as ferries or cruise ships but as well on luxury yachts. Due to the very large size of the glasses, appropriate bonding systems must be used. Calculation of the different loads and stresses is mandatory considering heavy wind loads and structural movements of the ship body.





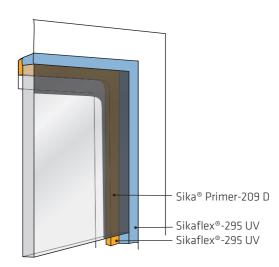
SEALING AND BONDING OF ORGANIC GLASS

Most of the organic glazing materials used in ship building are either clear acrylic sheet (PMMA), or polycarbonate (PC). Generally, incorrectly installed plastic glazing panels are prone to environmental stress cracking (ESC). To minimize the risk of stress cracking the material should be installed stress-free.

Stress cracking can be aggravated by the use of the wrong adhesive or pretreatment system. As many varieties of organic window exist, it is recommended to ensure that the specific grade selected is suitable for use with Sikaflex®-295 UV.

Bonding System	Grinding	Primer	Adhesive	Sealant
PC/PMM	Abrasive pad very fine	Sika® Primer-209 D	Sikaflex®-295 UV	Sikaflex®-295 UV
PC/PMM	Abrasive pad very fine	Sika® Primer-209 D	Sikasil® SG-20	Sikasil® WS-605 S

APPLICATION RULES AND GUIDELINES



APPLICATION GUIDELINES

When installing organic glass windows, thermal expansion and stress cracking characteristics must be taken into account. The thermal expansion ratio of PMMA is higher than other typical materials used in yacht building. Therefore, the adhesive and backfilling sealant has to allow displacements caused by temperature changes. The minimum gap between frame and window as well as bond line thickness shall be defined according to Sika guidelines.

Stress cracking occurs when PMMA or PC is assembled under stress or material is under permanent stress because of thermal expansion. Curved windows shall be moulded in production phase so that the geometry fits with the frame without additional bending. The use of enough flexible adhesive and backfilling ensures free thermal expansion. The UV-protection of the bond line has to be carried out as well in accordance to the Sika guidelines (UV-Shielding tape).

