According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : Sikaflex®-250 HMV-1

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Sealant/adhesive

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name of supplier : Sika Limited

Watchmead Welwyn Garden City

Hertfordshire. AL7 1BQ

Telephone : +44 (0)1707 394444
Telefax : +44 (0)1707 329129
E-mail address of person : EHS@uk.sika.com

responsible for the SDS

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National Chemical Emergency Centre (NCEC) 24 Hour Emergency Telephone Number +44 870 190 6777

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Skin irritation, Category 2 H315: Causes skin irritation.

Eye irritation, Category 2 H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory sensitisation, Category 1 H334: May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or

breathing difficulties if inhaled.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms :

Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or

breathing difficulties if inhaled.

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Precautionary statements : Prevention:

P261 Avoid breathing mist or vapours.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ eye protection/ face

protection.

P284 In case of inadequate ventilation wear respir-

atory protection.

Response:

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and

keep comfortable for breathing.

P342 + P311 If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a

POISON CENTER/ doctor.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate

Hexamethylene-1,6-diisocyanate homopolymer

4,4'-Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate, oligomers

Additional Labelling

"As from 24 August 2023 adequate training is required before industrial or professional use."

2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Ecological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Toxicological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No. Registration number	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	101-68-8 202-966-0 01-2119457014-47- XXXX	Acute Tox. 4; H332 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 Resp. Sens. 1; H334 Skin Sens. 1; H317 Carc. 2; H351 STOT SE 3; H335 (Respiratory system) STOT RE 2; H373	>= 0,1 - < 1
		limit Eye Irrit. 2; H319 >= 5 % STOT SE 3; H335 >= 5 % Skin Irrit. 2; H315 >= 5 % Resp. Sens. 1; H334 >= 0,1 %	
		Acute toxicity estimate Acute inhalation toxicity (dust/mist): 1,5 mg/l	
Hexamethylene-1,6-diisocyanate homopolymer Contains: hexamethylene-di-isocyanate <= 0,3 %	28182-81-2 931-274-8 01-2119485796-17- XXXX	Acute Tox. 4; H332 Skin Sens. 1; H317 STOT SE 3; H335	< 1
4,4`-Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate, oligomers	25686-28-6 500-040-3 01-2119457013-49- XXXX	Acute Tox. 4; H332 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 Resp. Sens. 1; H334 Skin Sens. 1; H317 Carc. 2; H351 STOT SE 3; H335 STOT RE 2; H373	< 1

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	683-18-1 211-670-0 01-2119496066-31- XXXX	Acute Tox. 3; H301 Acute Tox. 1; H330 Acute Tox. 4; H312 Skin Corr. 1B; H314 Eye Dam. 1; H318 Skin Sens. 1; H317 Muta. 2; H341 Repr. 1B; H360FD STOT SE 1; H370 STOT RE 1; H372 Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410 M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 1010 M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 1010 specific concentration limit Skin Corr. 1B; H314 >= 5 % Skin Irrit. 2; H315 0,01 - < 5 % Eye Dam. 1; H318 3 - < 5 % Eye Irrit. 2; H319 0,01 - < 3 %	>= 0,01 - < 0,025
--	----------------------------------------------------	----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	----------------------

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice : Move out of dangerous area.

Consult a physician.

Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

If inhaled : Move to fresh air.

Consult a physician after significant exposure.

In case of skin contact : Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately.

Wash off with soap and plenty of water. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

In case of eye contact : Immediately flush eye(s) with plenty of water.

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Remove contact lenses.

Keep eye wide open while rinsing.

If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.

If swallowed : Do not induce vomiting without medical advice.

Rinse mouth with water.

Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms : Asthmatic appearance

> Allergic reactions **Excessive lachrymation**

Erythema Dermatitis

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects

and symptoms.

Risks irritant effects

sensitising effects

Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation.

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficul-

ties if inhaled.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : In case of fire, use water/water spray/water jet/carbon diox-

ide/sand/foam/alcohol resistant foam/chemical powder for

extinction.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous combustion prod- : No hazardous combustion products are known

ucts

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment : In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

for firefighters

Further information : Standard procedure for chemical fires.

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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : Use personal protective equipment.

Deny access to unprotected persons.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel,

acid binder, universal binder, sawdust).

Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protection see section 8.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling : Avoid exceeding the given occupational exposure limits (see

section 8).

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. For personal protection see section 8.

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being

used.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the ap-

plication area.

Follow standard hygiene measures when handling chemical

products

Advice on protection against :

fire and explosion

Normal measures for preventive fire protection.

Hygiene measures : Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety

practice. When using do not eat or drink. When using do not smoke. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated

place. Store in accordance with local regulations.

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Basis *

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Further information on stor-

age stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) : Cleaning with aprotic polar solvents must be avoided.

CAS-No.

Consult most current local Product Data Sheet prior to any

Value type (Form

Control parame-

use.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Components

Occupational Exposure Limits

		of exposure)	ters *		
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	101-68-8	TWA	0,02 mg/m3 (NCO)	GB EH40	
	Further information: Capable of causing occupational asthma.				
		STEL	0,07 mg/m3	GB EH40	
			(NCO)		
Hexamethylene-1,6-diisocyanate homo-	28182-81-2	TWA	0,02 mg/m3	GB EH40	
polymer			(NCO)		
	Further information: Substances that can cause occupational				
		nown as asthmage			
		tate of specific airw			
		irritant or other med			
		responsive, further			
		en in tiny quantities,			
		mptoms can range			
	asthma. Not all workers who are exposed to a sensitiser will become hyper-responsive and it is impossible to identify in advance				
	those who are likely to become hyper-responsive. Substances				
	that can cause occupational asthma should be distinguished from substances which may trigger the symptoms of asthma in people with pre-existing airway hyper-responsiveness, but which do not include the disease themselves. The latter substances are not classified as asthmagens or respiratory sensitisers. Further infor-				
	mation can be found in the HSE publication Asthmagen? Critical assessments of the evidence for agents implicated in occupational				
	asthma., Wherever it is reasonably practicable, exposure to sub-				
	stances that can cause occupational asthma should be prevented.				
	Where this is not possible, the primary aim is to apply adequate				
	standards of control to prevent workers from becoming hyper-				
	responsive. For substances that can cause occupational a				
	COSHH requires that exposure be reduced to as low as is rea-				
	sonably practicable. Activities giving rise to short-term peak concentrations should receive particular attention when risk manage				
	ment is being considered. Health surveillance is appropriate for all				
	employees exposed or liable to be exposed to a substance which				
	may cause occupational asthma and there should be appropriate				
i may cause occupational astitina and there should be approp				e appropriate	

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	consultation with an occupational health professional over the degree of risk and level of surveillance., Capable of causing occupational asthma., The 'Sen' notation in the list of WELs has been assigned only to those substances which may cause occupational asthma in the categories shown in Table 1. It should be remembered that other substances not in these tables may cause occupational asthma. HSE's asthma web pages (www.hse.gov.uk/asthma) provide further information.			
		STEL	0,07 mg/m3 (NCO)	GB EH40
4,4`-Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate, oligomers	25686-28-6	TWA	0,02 mg/m3 (NCO)	GB EH40
	asthma (also k can induce a simmunological become hypersometimes ever toms. These sy asthma. Not all come hyper-resthose who are that can cause substances who with pre-existin include the disc classified as as mation can be assessments of asthma., Where stances that can where this is not standards of corresponsive. For COSHH requires sonably practic centrations show ment is being comployees expensive asthma in the control asthma in the	ation: Substances the nown as asthmager tate of specific airwall irritant or other medicresponsive, further the intiny quantities, must make the sponsive and it is in likely to become hy occupational asthmatich may trigger the agairway hyper-respease themselves. To the agairway hyper-respease themselves. To the evidence for a sever it is reasonably an cause occupation of possible, the prinontrol to prevent wour substances that cause that exposure be eable. Activities giving the considered. Health is bosed or liable to be caupational asthmatic at han occupational I and level of surveilla and level of survei	and respiratory ay hyper-respons chanism. Once the exposure to the simay cause respiratory from a exposed to a sensippossible to ident per-responsive. In a should be distinguished by practicable, exposed to a sensipposition of astronomic actory sensitisers. In a should be alter substance attention Asthmat gents implicated by practicable, exposed to a substant and asthma should analy aim is to apprice to short-tension and there should be alter the surveillance is appreciated and there should be altered to a substant and there should be altered for in the list of WE is which may cause. Table 1. It should these tables may be pages	v sensitisers) iveness via an e airways have substance, ratory symp- a runny nose to itiser will be- ify in advance Substances nguished from nma in people which do not ces are not Further infor- igen? Critical in occupational osure to sub- ib perevented. by adequate ing hyper- ional asthma, w as is rea- rm peak con- risk manage- propriate for all ostance which be appropriate al over the causing occu- ELs has been e occupational d be remem- y cause occu-

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*The above mentioned values are in accordance with the legislation in effect at the date of the release of this safety data sheet.

Biological occupational exposure limits

Substance name	CAS-No.	Control parame- ters	Sampling time	Basis
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	101-68-8	isocyanate- derived diamine (Isocyanates): 1 µmol/mol creati- nine (Urine)	At the end of the period of expo- sure	GB EH40 BAT
Hexamethylene-1,6-diisocyanate homopolymer	28182-81-2	isocyanate- derived diamine (Isocyanates): 1 µmol/mol creati- nine (Urine)	At the end of the period of exposure	GB EH40 BAT

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures

Maintain air concentrations below occupational exposure standards. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Personal protective equipment

Eye protection : Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to EN166

Eye wash bottle with pure water

Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an ap-

proved standard must be worn at all times when handling chemical products. Reference number EN 374. Follow manu-

facturer specifications.

Suitable for short time use or protection against splashes:

Butyl rubber/nitrile rubber gloves (> 0,1 mm) Contaminated gloves should be removed.

Suitable for permanent exposure:

Viton gloves (0.4 mm), breakthrough time >30 min.

Skin and body protection : Protective clothing (e.g. Safety shoes acc. to EN ISO 20345,

long-sleeved working clothing, long trousers). Rubber aprons and protective boots are additionally recommended for mixing

and stirring work.

Respiratory protection : In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe work-

ing limits of the selected respirator.

Use a properly fitted NIOSH approved air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk as-

sessment indicates this is necessary.

organic vapor filter (Type A)

A1: < 1000 ppm; A2: < 5000 ppm; A3: < 10000 ppm

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Ensure adequate ventilation. This can be achieved by local exhaust extraction or by general ventilation. (EN 689 - Methods for determining inhalation exposure). This applies in particular to the mixing / stirring area. In case this is not sufficent to keep the concentrations under the occupational exposure limits then respiration protection measures must be used.

Environmental exposure controls

General advice : Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : liquid
Appearance : paste
Colour : black
Odour : odourless

Boiling point/boiling range : No data available

Flash point : > 101 °C

Method: closed cup

Auto-ignition temperature : No data available

pH : Not applicable

substance/mixture is non-soluble (in water)

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic : > 20,5 mm2/s (40 °C)

Vapour pressure : 0,01 hPa

Density : ca. 1,3 g/cm3 (20 °C)

9.2 Other information

No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

10.2 Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable.

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10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : No hazards to be specially mentioned.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : No data available

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : No data available

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50: 1,5 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Expert judgement

Acute toxicity estimate: 1,5 mg/l Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Calculation method

Hexamethylene-1,6-diisocyanate homopolymer:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): > 2.500 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50: 1,5 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Expert judgement

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 Dermal (Rat): > 2.000 mg/kg

4,4'-Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate, oligomers:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg

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Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50: 1,5 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Expert judgement

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 Dermal (Rabbit): > 9.400 mg/kg

dibutyltin dichloride:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): 219 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitisation

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

STOT - single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

STOT - repeated exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

11.2 Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

Product:

Assessment : The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endeaving disrupting properties according to

ered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at

levels of 0.1% or higher.

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Components:

dibutyltin dichloride:

aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Daphnia (water flea)): 1,4 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox- : 10

icity)

10

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

10

12.2 Persistence and degradability

No data available

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product:

This substance/mixture contains no components considered Assessment

to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of

0.1% or higher...

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Product:

Assessment The substance/mixture does not contain components consid-

ered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at

levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Product:

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Additional ecological infor-

mation

: There is no data available for this product.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized

wherever possible.

Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe

way.

Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed

waste disposal contractor.

Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional

local authority requirements.

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with

soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

European Waste Catalogue : 08 04 09* waste adhesives and sealants containing organic

solvents or other dangerous substances

Contaminated packaging : 15 01 10* packaging containing residues of or contaminated

by dangerous substances

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number

ADR : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA : Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA : Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADR : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA : Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.4 Packing group

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ADR Not regulated as a dangerous good **IMDG** Not regulated as a dangerous good IATA (Cargo) Not regulated as a dangerous good IATA (Passenger) Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.5 Environmental hazards

Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.6 Special precautions for user

Not applicable

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture Relevant EU provisions transposed through retained EU law

REACH - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles (Annex XVII)

Conditions of restriction for the following entries should be considered: Number on list 3

4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (Number on list 74, 56)

4,4`-Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate, oligomers (Number on list 74,

1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C9-11-branched alkyl esters, C10-rich (Number on list 52)

International Chemical Weapons Convention (CWC) Schedules of Toxic Chemicals and Precursors

Not applicable

REACH - Candidate List of Substances of Very High

Concern for Authorisation (Article 59).

None of the components are listed

(=> 0.1 %).: Not applicable

REACH - List of substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV)

Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that de-

plete the ozone layer

Not applicable

Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 on persistent organic pollutants (recast)

dibutyltin dichloride

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and the Council concerning the export and import

of dangerous chemicals

: dibutyltin dichloride

GB Export and import of hazardous chemicals - Prior

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Informed Consent (PIC) Regulation

REACH Information: All substances contained in our Products are

- registered by our upstream suppliers, and/or

- registered by us, and/or

excluded from the regulation, and/orexempted from the registration.

Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.

Not applicable

Volatile organic compounds : Law on the incentive tax for volatile organic compounds

(VOCV)

Volatile organic compounds (VOC) content: < 0,01% w/w

no VOC duties

Directive 2010/75/EU of 24 November 2010 on industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) Volatile organic compounds (VOC) content: < 0,01% w/w

If other regulatory information applies that is not already provided elsewhere in the Safety Data Sheet, then it is described in this subsection.

Health, safety and environmental regulation/legislation specific for the substance or mixture: : Environmental Protection Act 1990 & Subsidiary Regulations Health and Safety at Work Act 1974 & Subsidiary Regulations Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH)

May be subject to the Control of Major Accident Hazards

Regulations (COMAH), and amendments.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this mixture by the supplier.

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-Statements

H301 : Toxic if swallowed.

H312 : Harmful in contact with skin.

H314 : Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H315 : Causes skin irritation.

H317 : May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318 : Causes serious eye damage.
H319 : Causes serious eye irritation.

H330 : Fatal if inhaled. H332 : Harmful if inhaled.

H334 : May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficul-

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ties if inhaled.

H335 : May cause respiratory irritation. H341 : Suspected of causing genetic defects.

H351 : Suspected of causing cancer.

H360FD : May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

H370 : Causes damage to organs.

H372 : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

H373 : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure if inhaled.

H400 : Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of other abbreviations

Acute Tox. : Acute toxicity

Aquatic Acute : Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard
Aquatic Chronic : Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard

Carc. : Carcinogenicity
Eye Dam. : Serious eye damage

Eye Irrit. : Eye irritation

Muta.Repr.Reproductive toxicityResp. Sens.Respiratory sensitisation

Skin Corr.: Skin corrosionSkin Irrit.: Skin irritationSkin Sens.: Skin sensitisation

STOT RE : Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure STOT SE : Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure GB EH40 : UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits GB EH40 BAT : UK. Biological monitoring guidance values

GB EH40 / TWA : Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA reference period)
GB EH40 / STEL : Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period)

ADR : European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Road

CAS : Chemical Abstracts Service
DNEL : Derived no-effect level

EC50 : Half maximal effective concentration
GHS : Globally Harmonized System

IATA : International Air Transport Association

IMDG : International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

LD50 : Median lethal dosis (the amount of a material, given all at

once, which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of

test animals)

LC50 : Median lethal concentration (concentrations of the chemical in

air that kills 50% of the test animals during the observation

period)

MARPOL : International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from

Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978

OEL : Occupational Exposure Limit

PBT : Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic
PNEC : Predicted no effect concentration

REACH : Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



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and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency

SVHC : Substances of Very High Concern

vPvB : Very persistent and very bioaccumulative

Further information

Classification of the mixture: Classification procedure:

Skin Irrit. 2 H315 Calculation method
Eye Irrit. 2 H319 Calculation method
Resp. Sens. 1 H334 Calculation method

The information contained in this Safety Data Sheet corresponds to our level of knowledge at the time of publication. All warranties are excluded. Our most current General Sales Conditions shall apply. Please consult the product data sheet prior to any use and processing.

Changes as compared to previous version!

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