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# Sika® Primer AFP

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## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : Sika® Primer AFP

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Liquid applied membranes

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name of supplier : Sika Limited

Watchmead Welwyn Garden City

Hertfordshire. AL7 1BQ

Telephone : +44 (0)1707 394444
Telefax : +44 (0)1707 329129
E-mail address of person : EHS@uk.sika.com

responsible for the SDS

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National Chemical Emergency Centre (NCEC) 24 Hour Emergency Telephone Number +44 870 190 6777

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Skin irritation, Category 2 H315: Causes skin irritation.

Eye irritation, Category 2 H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory sensitisation, Category 1 H334: May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or

breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Skin sensitisation, Category 1 H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard, Cate-

gory 1

H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.

Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Cat-

egory 2

H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### 2.2 Label elements

#### Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

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Hazard pictograms





Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breath-

ing difficulties if inhaled.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements : Prevention:

P261 Avoid breathing mist or vapours. P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ eye protection/ face

protection.

Response:

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and

keep comfortable for breathing.

P342 + P311 If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a

POISON CENTER/ doctor.

P391 Collect spillage.

## Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

bis[2-[2-(1-methylethyl)-3-oxazolidinyl]ethyl] hexane-1,2-diylbiscarbamate Isophorondiisocyanate homopolymer

3-isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate

Pentamethyl piperidylsebacate

4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (DCOIT)

#### **Additional Labelling**

EUH211 Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not

breathe spray or mist.

"As from 24 August 2023 adequate training is required before industrial or pro-

fessional use."

#### 2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Ecological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

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Toxicological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2 Mixtures

#### Components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No.	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
Diphenyl tolyl phosphate MCS	Registration number Not Assigned 945-730-9 01-2119511174-52- XXXX	Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 3; H412	>= 10 - < 20
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Contains: 2-methoxypropyl acetate <= 1 %	108-65-6 203-603-9 01-2119475791-29- XXXX	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 STOT SE 3; H336	>= 10 - < 20
Titanium dioxide (> 10 μm)	13463-67-7 236-675-5 01-2119489379-17- XXXX		>= 10 - < 20
bis[2-[2-(1-methylethyl)-3- oxazolidinyl]ethyl] hexane-1,2- diylbiscarbamate	59719-67-4 261-879-6 UK-01-6693092877- 6-0001	Eye Irrit. 2; H319 Skin Sens. 1B; H317 Aquatic Chronic 2; H411	>= 5 - < 10
Isophorondiisocyanate homopolymer Contains: 3-isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5- trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate <= 0,49 %	53880-05-0 931-312-3 500-125-5 01-2119488734-24- XXXX	Skin Sens. 1B; H317 STOT SE 3; H335 (Respiratory system)	>= 1 - < 2,5

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3-isocvanatomethyl-3.5.5-4098-71-9 Acute Tox. 1: H330 >= 0.5 - < 1trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate 223-861-6 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 01-2119490408-31-Eye Irrit. 2; H319 Resp. Sens. 1; H334 XXXX Skin Sens. 1; H317 STOT SE 3; H335 (Respiratory system) Aquatic Chronic 2; H411 specific concentration limit Resp. Sens. 1; H334 >= 0,5 % specific concentration Skin Sens. 1; H317 >= 0,5 % Acute toxicity estimate Acute inhalation toxicity (dust/mist): 0,031 mg/l Pentamethyl piperidylsebacate 1065336-91-5 Skin Sens. 1A; H317 >=0,25-<1Contains: 915-687-0 Repr. 2; H361f 01-2119491304-40bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-Aquatic Acute 1; piperidyl) sebacate XXXX H400 methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-Aquatic Chronic 1: piperidyl sebacate H410 M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 1 M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 1 2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium 22464-99-9 Repr. 1B; H360D < 1 salt 245-018-1 01-2119979088-21-

XXXX

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4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol- 3-one (DCOIT)	64359-81-5 264-843-8	Acute Tox. 4; H302 Acute Tox. 2; H330 Skin Corr. 1; H314 Eye Dam. 1; H318 Skin Sens. 1A; H317 Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410 EUH071	>= 0,1 - < 0,25
		M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 100100 M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 100100	
		specific concentration limit Skin Irrit. 2; H315 0,025 - < 5 %	
		specific concentration limit Eye Irrit. 2; H319 0,025 - < 3 %	
		specific concentration limit Skin Sens. 1A; H317 >= 0,0015 %	
		Acute toxicity estimate	
		Acute oral toxicity: 567 mg/kg 567 mg/kg Acute inhalation tox- icity (dust/mist): 0,16 mg/l 0,16 mg/l	

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

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#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice : Move out of dangerous area.

Consult a physician.

Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

If inhaled : Move to fresh air.

Consult a physician after significant exposure.

In case of skin contact : Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately.

Wash off with soap and plenty of water. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

In case of eye contact : Immediately flush eye(s) with plenty of water.

Remove contact lenses.

Keep eye wide open while rinsing.

If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.

If swallowed : Do not induce vomiting without medical advice.

Rinse mouth with water.

Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms : Asthmatic appearance

Allergic reactions Excessive lachrymation

Erythema Dermatitis

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects

and symptoms.

Risks : irritant effects

sensitising effects

Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Causes serious eye irritation.

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficul-

ties if inhaled.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : Treat symptomatically.

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## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : In case of fire, use water/water spray/water jet/carbon diox-

ide/sand/foam/alcohol resistant foam/chemical powder for

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during fire-

fighting

: Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water

courses.

ucts

Hazardous combustion prod- : No hazardous combustion products are known

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

for firefighters

Special protective equipment : In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Further information Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This

must not be discharged into drains.

Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must

be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

# 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Use personal protective equipment.

Deny access to unprotected persons.

# 6.2 Environmental precautions

: Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. **Environmental precautions** 

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel,

acid binder, universal binder, sawdust).

Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protection see section 8.

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## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling : Avoid formation of aerosol.

Avoid exceeding the given occupational exposure limits (see

section 8).

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. For personal protection see section 8.

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being

used.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the ap-

plication area.

Follow standard hygiene measures when handling chemical

products

Advice on protection against

fire and explosion

Normal measures for preventive fire protection.

Hygiene measures : Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety

practice. When using do not eat or drink. When using do not smoke. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Store in accord-

ance with local regulations.

Further information on stor-

age stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

# 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) : Consult most current local Product Data Sheet prior to any

use.

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### **Occupational Exposure Limits**

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters *	Basis *
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	108-65-6	STEL	100 ppm 550 mg/m3	2000/39/EC

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		nation: Identifies the kin, Indicative	possibility of sig	nificant uptake	
		TWA	50 ppm 275 mg/m3	2000/39/EC	
		TWA	50 ppm 274 mg/m3	GB EH40	
		Further information: Can be absorbed through the skin. The a signed substances are those for which there are concerns that			
	dermal absor	dermal absorption will lead to systemic toxicity.			
		STEL	100 ppm 548 mg/m3	GB EH40	
Titanium dioxide (> 10 μm)	13463-67-7	TWA (inhalable dust)	10 mg/m3	GB EH40	
		TWA (Respirable dust)	4 mg/m3	GB EH40	
3-isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5- trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate	4098-71-9	TWÁ	0,02 mg/m3 (NCO)	GB EH40	

Further information: Substances that can cause occupational asthma (also known as asthmagens and respiratory sensitisers) can induce a state of specific airway hyper-responsiveness via an immunological irritant or other mechanism. Once the airways have become hyper-responsive, further exposure to the substance. sometimes even in tiny quantities, may cause respiratory symptoms. These symptoms can range in severity from a runny nose to asthma. Not all workers who are exposed to a sensitiser will become hyper-responsive and it is impossible to identify in advance those who are likely to become hyper-responsive. Substances that can cause occupational asthma should be distinguished from substances which may trigger the symptoms of asthma in people with pre-existing airway hyper-responsiveness, but which do not include the disease themselves. The latter substances are not classified as asthmagens or respiratory sensitisers. Further information can be found in the HSE publication Asthmagen? Critical assessments of the evidence for agents implicated in occupational asthma., Wherever it is reasonably practicable, exposure to substances that can cause occupational asthma should be prevented. Where this is not possible, the primary aim is to apply adequate standards of control to prevent workers from becoming hyperresponsive. For substances that can cause occupational asthma. COSHH requires that exposure be reduced to as low as is reasonably practicable. Activities giving rise to short-term peak concentrations should receive particular attention when risk management is being considered. Health surveillance is appropriate for all employees exposed or liable to be exposed to a substance which may cause occupational asthma and there should be appropriate consultation with an occupational health professional over the degree of risk and level of surveillance., Capable of causing occupational asthma., The 'Sen' notation in the list of WELs has been assigned only to those substances which may cause occupational asthma in the categories shown in Table 1. It should be remembered that other substances not in these tables may cause occupational asthma. HSE's asthma web pages

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(www.hse.gov.	uk/asthma) provide	further informatio	n.
	STEL	0,07 mg/m3 (NCO)	GB EH40

<sup>\*</sup>The above mentioned values are in accordance with the legislation in effect at the date of the release of this safety data sheet.

## **Biological occupational exposure limits**

Substance name	CAS-No.	Control parame- ters	Sampling time	Basis
3-isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5- trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate	4098-71-9	isocyanate- derived diamine (Isocyanates): 1 µmol/mol creati- nine (Urine)	At the end of the period of expo- sure	GB EH40 BAT

## Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	End Use	Exposure routes	Potential health effects	Value
bis[2-[2-(1-methylethyl)- 3-oxazolidinyl]ethyl] hexane-1,2- diylbiscarbamate	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	29,4 mg/m3
	Workers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	16,7 mg/kg
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	6,25 mg/m3
	Consumers	Skin contact	Long-term systemic effects	8,3 mg/kg
	Consumers	Ingestion	Long-term systemic effects	4,2 mg/kg

#### Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	Environmental Compartment	Value
bis[2-[2-(1-methylethyl)-3- oxazolidinyl]ethyl] hexane-1,2- diylbiscarbamate	Fresh water	0,0186 mg/l
	Marine water	0,00186 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	0,709 mg/kg
	Marine sediment	0,0709 mg/kg
	Soil	1,131 mg/kg

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

## **Engineering measures**

Maintain air concentrations below occupational exposure standards.

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

# Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection : Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to EN166

Eye wash bottle with pure water

Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an ap-

proved standard must be worn at all times when handling chemical products. Reference number EN 374. Follow manu-

facturer specifications.

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Suitable for short time use or protection against splashes:

Butyl rubber/nitrile rubber gloves (> 0,1 mm) Contaminated gloves should be removed.

Suitable for permanent exposure:

Viton gloves (0.4 mm), breakthrough time >30 min.

Skin and body protection : Protective clothing (e.g. Safety shoes acc. to EN ISO 20345,

long-sleeved working clothing, long trousers). Rubber aprons and protective boots are additionally recommended for mixing

and stirring work.

Respiratory protection : In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe work-

ing limits of the selected respirator.

Use a properly fitted NIOSH approved air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk as-

sessment indicates this is necessary.

organic vapor filter (Type A)

A1: < 1000 ppm; A2: < 5000 ppm; A3: < 10000 ppm Ensure adequate ventilation. This can be achieved by local exhaust extraction or by general ventilation. (EN 689 - Methods for determining inhalation exposure). This applies in particular to the mixing / stirring area. In case this is not sufficent to keep the concentrations under the occupational exposure limits then respiration protection measures must be used.

## **Environmental exposure controls**

General advice : Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

# 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : liquid Colour : various

Odour : hydrocarbon-like

Melting point/ range / Freez-

ing point

: No data available

Boiling point/boiling range : No data available

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Flammability (solid, gas) : No data available

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Upper explosion limit / Up- : No data available

per flammability limit

Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit No data available

Flash point : > 61 °C

Method: closed cup

Auto-ignition temperature : ca. 315 °C

Decomposition temperature No data available

Not applicable pН

**Viscosity** 

Viscosity, kinematic  $> 20,5 \text{ mm}2/\text{s} (40 ^{\circ}\text{C})$ 

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility insoluble

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

No data available

Vapour pressure : 3,1 hPa

Density ca. 1,43 g/cm3 (20 °C)

Relative vapour density No data available

Particle characteristics No data available

## 9.2 Other information

No data available

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## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

## 10.2 Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : No data available

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : No data available

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

#### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### **Acute toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

#### **Components:**

#### Diphenyl tolyl phosphate MCS:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 Dermal (Rat): > 2.000 mg/kg

#### 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 Dermal (Rabbit): > 5.000 mg/kg

#### bis[2-[2-(1-methylethyl)-3-oxazolidinyl]ethyl] hexane-1,2-diylbiscarbamate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 Dermal (Rabbit): > 2.000 mg/kg

## 3-isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate:

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Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): 4.814 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 0,031 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute toxicity estimate: 0,031 mg/l

Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 Dermal (Rat): > 7.000 mg/kg

Pentamethyl piperidylsebacate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): 3.230 mg/kg

4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (DCOIT):

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 567 mg/kg

Method: Acute toxicity estimate according to Regulation (EC)

No. 1272/2008

Acute toxicity estimate: 567 mg/kg

Method: Acute toxicity estimate according to Regulation (EC)

No. 1272/2008

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 0,16 mg/l

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: Acute toxicity estimate according to Regulation (EC)

No. 1272/2008

Acute toxicity estimate: 0,16 mg/l Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: Acute toxicity estimate according to Regulation (EC)

No. 1272/2008

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Respiratory sensitisation

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

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#### Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

## STOT - single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

#### STOT - repeated exposure

Not classified based on available information.

#### **Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

#### 11.2 Information on other hazards

#### **Endocrine disrupting properties**

## **Product:**

The substance/mixture does not contain components consid-Assessment

> ered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at

levels of 0.1% or higher.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

#### Components:

# bis[2-[2-(1-methylethyl)-3-oxazolidinyl]ethyl] hexane-1,2-diylbiscarbamate:

aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 87,1 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

: EC50 (Scenedesmus capricornutum (fresh water algae)): 18,6 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

#### Pentamethyl piperidylsebacate:

Toxicity to fish LC50 (Fish): 0,97 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox-

icity)

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

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4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (DCOIT):

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Fish): 0,0027 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox- : 100

icity)

toxicity)

100

100

100

12.2 Persistence and degradability

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

No data available

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

**Product:** 

Assessment : This substance/mixture contains no components considered

to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of

0.1% or higher...

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

**Product:** 

: The substance/mixture does not contain components consid-Assessment

> ered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at

levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.7 Other adverse effects

**Product:** 

Additional ecological infor-

mation

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of

unprofessional handling or disposal.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized

wherever possible.

Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe

way.

Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed

waste disposal contractor.

Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional

local authority requirements.

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with

soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

European Waste Catalogue : 08 01 11\* waste paint and varnish containing organic sol-

vents or other dangerous substances

Contaminated packaging : 15 01 10\* packaging containing residues of or contaminated

by dangerous substances

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### 14.1 UN number or ID number

ADR : UN 3082 IMDG : UN 3082 IATA : UN 3082

#### 14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(CRESYL DIPHENYL PHOSPHATE, 4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-

isothiazol-3-one (DCOIT))

IMDG : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(CRESYL DIPHENYL PHOSPHATE, 4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-

isothiazol-3-one (DCOIT))

IATA : Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.

(CRESYL DIPHENYL PHOSPHATE, 4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-

isothiazol-3-one (DCOIT))

#### 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

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Class Subsidiary risks

 ADR
 : 9

 IMDG
 : 9

 IATA
 : 9

14.4 Packing group

**ADR** 

Packing group : III
Classification Code : M6
Hazard Identification Number : 90
Labels : 9
Tunnel restriction code : (-)

Remarks : Transport in accordance with special provision 375

**IMDG** 

Packing group : III
Labels : 9
EmS Code : F-A, S-F

Remarks : Transport in accordance with 2.10.2.7 of the IMDG-Code

IATA (Cargo)

Packing instruction (cargo : 964

aircraft)

Packing instruction (LQ) : Y964
Packing group : III

Labels : Miscellaneous

Remarks : Transport in accordance with special regulation A 197

IATA (Passenger)

Packing instruction (passen- : 964

ger aircraft)

Packing instruction (LQ) : Y964
Packing group : III

Labels : Miscellaneous

14.5 Environmental hazards

**ADR** 

Environmentally hazardous : yes

**IMDG** 

Marine pollutant : yes

IATA (Passenger)

Environmentally hazardous : yes

IATA (Cargo)

Environmentally hazardous : yes

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



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#### 14.6 Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

#### 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable for product as supplied.

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# **15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**Relevant EU provisions transposed through retained EU law

UK REACH Candidate list of substances of very high

concern (SVHC) for Authorisation

Not applicable

The Persistent Organic Pollutants Regulations (retained

Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 as amended for Great Brit-

ain)

Not applicable

International Chemical Weapons Convention (CWC)

Schedules of Toxic Chemicals and Precursors

Not applicable

Regulation (EU) No 2024/590 on substances that de-

plete the ozone layer

Not applicable

UK REACH List of substances subject to authorisation : Not applicable

(Annex XIV)

Volatile organic compounds : Law on the incentive tax for volatile organic compounds

(VOCV)

Volatile organic compounds (VOC) content: 13,4% w/w

Directive 2010/75/EU of 24 November 2010 on industrial and livestock rearing emissions (integrated pollution prevention

and control)

Volatile organic compounds (VOC) content: 13,4% w/w

If other regulatory information applies that is not already provided elsewhere in the Safety Data Sheet, then it is described in this subsection.

Health, safety and environ- : Environmental Protection Act 1990 & Subsidiary Regulations

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



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mental regulation/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:

Health and Safety at Work Act 1974 & Subsidiary Regulations Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations

(COSHH)

May be subject to the Control of Major Accident Hazards

Regulations (COMAH), and amendments.

## Other regulations:

#### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this mixture by the supplier.

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### **Full text of H-Statements**

H226 : Flammable liquid and vapour.

H302 : Harmful if swallowed.

H314 : Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H315 : Causes skin irritation.

H317 : May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318 : Causes serious eye damage.
H319 : Causes serious eye irritation.

H330 : Fatal if inhaled.

H334 : May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficul-

ties if inhaled.

H335 : May cause respiratory irritation.
H336 : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H360D : May damage the unborn child.
H361f : Suspected of damaging fertility.

H400 : Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
 H411 : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
 H412 : Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Full text of other abbreviations

Acute Tox. : Acute toxicity

Aquatic Acute : Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard
Aquatic Chronic : Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard

Eye Dam. : Serious eye damage
Eye Irrit. : Eye irritation
Flam. Liq. : Flammable liquids
Repr. : Reproductive toxicity

Resp. Sens. : Respiratory sensitisation Skin Corr. : Skin corrosion

Skin Corr.

Skin Corr.

Skin Corrosion

Skin Irrit.

Skin irritation

Skin Sens.

Skin sensitisation

STOT SE : Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

2000/39/EC : Europe. Commission Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first

list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

GB EH40 : UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



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GB EH40 BAT : UK. Biological monitoring guidance values

2000/39/EC / TWA : Limit Value - eight hours 2000/39/EC / STEL : Short term exposure limit

GB EH40 / TWA : Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA reference period)
GB EH40 / STEL : Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period)

ADR : European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Road

CAS : Chemical Abstracts Service
DNEL : Derived no-effect level

EC50 : Half maximal effective concentration
GHS : Globally Harmonized System

IATA : International Air Transport Association

IMDG : International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

LD50 : Median lethal dosis (the amount of a material, given all at

once, which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of

test animals)

LC50 : Median lethal concentration (concentrations of the chemical in

air that kills 50% of the test animals during the observation

period)

MARPOL : International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from

Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978

OEL : Occupational Exposure Limit

PBT : Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic
PNEC : Predicted no effect concentration

REACH : Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament

and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency

SVHC : Substances of Very High Concern

vPvB : Very persistent and very bioaccumulative

#### **Further information**

# Classification of the mixture: Classification procedure:

Skin Irrit. 2	H315	Calculation method
Eye Irrit. 2	H319	Calculation method
Resp. Sens. 1	H334	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1	H317	Calculation method
Aquatic Acute 1	H400	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 2	H411	Calculation method

The information contained in this Safety Data Sheet corresponds to our level of knowledge at the time of publication. All warranties are excluded. Our most current General Sales Conditions shall apply. Please consult the product data sheet prior to any use and processing.



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Changes as compared to previous version!

GB / EN