

Date of last issue: 28.09.2023	Version 2.4	Print Date 29.02.2024
Revision Date: 20.02.2024		

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name

SikaBiresin[®] RE101 (RE 1010) Part B

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Electrical resin

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name of supplier	:	Sika Limited Watchmead Welwyn Garden City Hertfordshire. AL7 1BQ
Telephone	:	+44 (0)1707 394444
Telefax	:	+44 (0)1707 329129
E-mail address of person responsible for the SDS	:	EHS@uk.sika.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National Chemical Emergency Centre (NCEC) 24 Hour Emergency Telephone Number +44 870 190 6777

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 12 Acute toxicity, Category 4	72/2008) H332: Harmful if inhaled.
Skin irritation, Category 2	H315: Causes skin irritation.
Eye irritation, Category 2	H319: Causes serious eye irritation.
Respiratory sensitisation, Category 1	H334: May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Skin sensitisation, Category 1	H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Carcinogenicity, Category 2	H351: Suspected of causing cancer.
Specific target organ toxicity - single ex- posure, Category 3, Respiratory system	H335: May cause respiratory irritation.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, Category 2	H373: May cause damage to organs through pro- longed or repeated exposure if inhaled.



Date of last issue: 28.09.2023 Revision Date: 20.02.2024		Version 2.4	Print Date 29.02.2024
2.2 Label elements			
Labelling (REGULATION (EC) Hazard pictograms :	No 1272/2008)	!	
Signal word :	Danger		
Hazard statements :	H317 M H319 Ca H332 Ha H334 M H335 M H351 Sa H373 M	auses skin irritation. ay cause an allergic skin reaction. auses serious eye irritation. armful if inhaled. ay cause allergy or asthma sympto g difficulties if inhaled. ay cause respiratory irritation. uspected of causing cancer. ay cause damage to organs throug repeated exposure.	oms or breath-
Precautionary statements :	Prevention: P260 P280 P284 Response: P305 + P351 + P342 + P311 Disposal:	ter for several minutes. Remove lenses, if present and easy to d rinsing. If experiencing respiratory symp POISON CENTER/ doctor/ .?.	ive clothing/ n wear respir- busly with wa- e contact lo. Continue ptoms: Call a
	P501	Dispose of contents/container in with local regulation.	n accordance

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate o-(p-isocyanatobenzyl)phenyl isocyanate

Diphenylmethanediisocyanate, isomeres and homologues

Additional Labelling

"As from 24 August 2023 adequate training is required before industrial or professional use."



Date of last issue: 28.09.2023 Revision Date: 20.02.2024 Version 2.4

Print Date 29.02.2024

2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Ecological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Toxicological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.



Date of last issue: 28.09.2023 Revision Date: 20.02.2024 Version 2.4

Print Date 29.02.2024

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No. Registration number	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocya- nate	101-68-8 202-966-0 01-2119457014-47- XXXX	Acute Tox. 4; H332 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 Resp. Sens. 1; H314 Skin Sens. 1; H317 Carc. 2; H351 STOT SE 3; H335 (Respiratory system) STOT RE 2; H373 \longrightarrow specific concentration limit Eye Irrit. 2; H319 >= 5 % STOT SE 3; H335 >= 5 % Skin Irrit. 2; H315 >= 5 % Resp. Sens. 1; H334 >= 0,1 %	>= 40 - < 60
		Acute toxicity esti- mate	
		Acute inhalation tox- icity (dust/mist): 1,5 mg/l	



Date of last issue: 28.09.2023 Revision Date: 20.02.2024	Version 2.4	4	Print Date 29.02.2024
o-(p-isocyanatobenzyl)phenyl isocyanate	5873-54-1 227-534-9 01-2119480143-45- XXXX	Acute Tox. 4; H332 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 STOT SE 3; H335 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Resp. Sens. 1; H317 Carc. 2; H351 STOT RE 2; H373 	>= 25 - < 40
Diphenylmethanediisocyanate, isomeres and homologues	9016-87-9 Not Assigned	Acute Tox. 4; H332 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 Resp. Sens. 1; H334 Skin Sens. 1; H317 Carc. 2; H351 STOT SE 3; H335 (Respiratory system) STOT RE 2; H373 	>= 10 - < 20



Date of last issue: 28.09.2023 Revision Date: 20.02.2024	Version 2.	4	Print Date 29.02.2024
2,2'-methylenediphenyl diisocya- nate	2536-05-2 219-799-4 01-2119927323-43- XXXX	Acute Tox. 4; H332 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 STOT SE 3; H335 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Resp. Sens. 1; H334 Skin Sens. 1; H317 Carc. 2; H351 STOT RE 2; H373 specific concentration limit Eye Irrit. 2; H319 >= 5 % STOT SE 3; H335 >= 5 % Skin Irrit. 2; H315 >= 5 % Resp. Sens. 1; H334 >= 0,1 %	>= 2,5 - < 5

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice	:	Move out of dangerous area.
		Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.
If inhaled	:	Move to fresh air. Consult a physician after significant exposure.
In case of skin contact	:	Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Wash off with soap and plenty of water. If symptoms persist, call a physician.
In case of eye contact	:	Immediately flush eye(s) with plenty of water. Remove contact lenses. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.
If swallowed	:	Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. Rinse mouth with water. Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms	: Ast	thmatic appearance	
Country GB 100000013143			6/21



Date of last issue: 28.09.2023 Revision Date: 20.02.2024	Version 2.4	Print Date 29.02.2024
	Cough Respiratory disorder Allergic reactions Excessive lachrymation Erythema Headache Dermatitis See Section 11 for more detailed informat and symptoms.	tion on health effects
Risks	: irritant effects sensitising effects	
	Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms of ties if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. Suspected of causing cancer. May cause damage to organs through pro exposure if inhaled.	-
•	edical attention and special treatment nee	∋ded
Treatment	: Treat symptomatically.	

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1	Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media :	In case of fire, use water/water spray/water jet/carbon diox- ide/sand/foam/alcohol resistant foam/chemical powder for extinction.
5.2 \$	Special hazards arising from the	
	Hazardous combustion prod- : ucts	No hazardous combustion products are known
5.3	Advice for firefighters	
	Special protective equipment : for firefighters	In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
	Further information :	Standard procedure for chemical fires.



Date of last issue: 28.09.2023
Revision Date: 20.02.2024

Version 2.4

Print Date 29.02.2024

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions	:	Use personal protective equipment.
		Deny access to unprotected persons.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up	: Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel,
	acid binder, universal binder, sawdust).
	Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protection see section 8.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling		 Avoid formation of aerosol. Avoid exceeding the given occupational exposure limits (see section 8). Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. For personal protection see section 8. Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area. Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms. Follow standard hygiene measures when handling chemical products
Advice on protection against fire and explosion	:	Normal measures for preventive fire protection.
Hygiene measures	:	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. When using do not eat or drink. When using do not smoke. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.



Date of last issue: 28.09.2023 Revision Date: 20.02.2024	Version 2.4	Print Date 29.02.2024
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, inc	cluding any incompatibilities	
Requirements for storage : areas and containers	Keep container tightly closed in a dry and y place. Containers which are opened must sealed and kept upright to prevent leakage ance with local regulations.	be carefully re-
Further information on stor- : age stability	No decomposition if stored and applied as	directed.
7.3 Specific end use(s)		
Specific use(s) :	Cleaning with aprotic polar solvents must the Consult most current local Product Data Suuse.	

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parame- ters *	Basis *
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	101-68-8	TWA	0,02 mg/m3 (NCO)	GB EH40
	Further inform	ation: Capable of ca	ausing occupation	al asthma.
		STEL	0,07 mg/m3 (NCO)	GB EH40
o-(p-isocyanatobenzyl)phenyl isocyanate	5873-54-1	TWA	0,02 mg/m3 (NCO)	GB EH40
	asthma (also k can induce a s immunological become hyper sometimes eve toms. These s asthma. Not al come hyper-re those who are that can cause substances wh with pre-existin include the dis classified as as mation can be assessments of asthma., When stances that can Where this is r	ation: Substances the snown as asthmage tate of specific airw irritant or other me- responsive, further en in tiny quantities, ymptoms can range I workers who are en- sponsive and it is ir likely to become hy occupational asthmatic inch may trigger the ng airway hyper-res- ease themselves. The sthmagens or respin found in the HSE pro- for the evidence for a rever it is reasonable an cause occupation not possible, the prin- pontrol to prevent wor	ns and respiratory ay hyper-respons chanism. Once the exposure to the s may cause respine an severity from a exposed to a sens npossible to ident yper-responsive. na should be distin symptoms of asth ponsiveness, but 'he latter substance ratory sensitisers. ublication Asthma agents implicated y practicable, exp- nal asthma should mary aim is to app	v sensitisers) iveness via an e airways have substance, ratory symp- a runny nose to itiser will be- ify in advance Substances nguished from ima in people which do not ces are not Further infor- in occupational osure to sub- I be prevented.



Date of last issue: 28.09.2023
Revision Date: 20.02.2024

Version 2.4

Print Date 29.02.2024

	responsive. For substances that can cause occupational asthma, COSHH requires that exposure be reduced to as low as is rea- sonably practicable. Activities giving rise to short-term peak con- centrations should receive particular attention when risk manage- ment is being considered. Health surveillance is appropriate for all employees exposed or liable to be exposed to a substance which may cause occupational asthma and there should be appropriate consultation with an occupational health professional over the degree of risk and level of surveillance., Capable of causing occu- pational asthma., The 'Sen' notation in the list of WELs has been assigned only to those substances which may cause occupational asthma in the categories shown in Table 1. It should be remem- bered that other substances not in these tables may cause occu- pational asthma. HSE's asthma web pages (www.hse.gov.uk/asthma) provide further information.			
		STEL	0,07 mg/m3 (NCO)	GB EH40
Diphenylmethanediisocyanate, isomeres and homologues	9016-87-9	TWA	0,02 mg/m3 (NCO)	GB EH40
	Further information	ation: Capable of c		nal asthma.
		STEL	0,07 mg/m3 (NCO)	GB EH40
2,2'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	2536-05-2	TWA	0,02 mg/m3 (NCO)	GB EH40
	Further information: Substances that can cause occupational asthma (also known as asthmagens and respiratory sensitisers can induce a state of specific airway hyper-responsiveness via immunological irritant or other mechanism. Once the airways h become hyper-responsive, further exposure to the substance, sometimes even in tiny quantities, may cause respiratory sympt toms. These symptoms can range in severity from a runny nos asthma. Not all workers who are exposed to a sensitiser will be come hyper-responsive and it is impossible to identify in advant those who are likely to become hyper-responsive. Substance: that can cause occupational asthma should be distinguished fr substances which may trigger the symptoms of asthma in peop with pre-existing airway hyper-responsiveness, but which do not include the disease themselves. The latter substances are not classified as asthmagens or respiratory sensitisers. Further information can be found in the HSE publication Asthmagen? Critic assessments of the evidence for agents implicated in occupation asthma., Wherever it is reasonably practicable, exposure to su stances that can cause occupational asthma should be prevent Where this is not possible, the primary aim is to apply adequate standards of control to prevent workers from becoming hyper-responsive. For substances that can cause occupational asthma should be prevent cos sonably practicable. Activities giving rise to short-term peak co centrations should receive particular attention when risk management is being considered. Health surveillance is appropriate for employees exposed or liable to be exposed to a substance who			



Date of last issue: 28.09.2023 Revision Date: 20.02.2024	Version 2.4		Print Da	te 29.02.2024
	degree of risk a pational asthm assigned only t asthma in the o bered that othe pational asthm	th an occupational and level of surveilla a., The 'Sen' notation to those substances categories shown in er substances not in a. HSE's asthma w uk/asthma) provide	ance., Capable of on in the list of WE s which may cause Table 1. It should these tables may eb pages	causing occu- ELs has been e occupational d be remem- cause occu-
		STEL	0,07 mg/m3 (NCO)	GB EH40

*The above mentioned values are in accordance with the legislation in effect at the date of the release of this safety data sheet.

Biological occupational exposure limits

Substance name	CAS-No.	Control parame- ters	Sampling time	Basis
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	101-68-8	isocyanate- derived diamine (Isocyanates): 1 µmol/mol creati- nine (Urine)	At the end of the period of expo- sure	GB EH40 BAT
o-(p-isocyanatobenzyl)phenyl isocy- anate	5873-54-1	isocyanate- derived diamine (Isocyanates): 1 µmol/mol creati- nine (Urine)	At the end of the period of expo- sure	GB EH40 BAT
Diphenylmethanediisocyanate, iso- meres and homologues	9016-87-9	isocyanate- derived diamine (Isocyanates): 1 µmol/mol creati- nine (Urine)	At the end of the period of expo- sure	GB EH40 BAT
2,2'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	2536-05-2	isocyanate- derived diamine (Isocyanates): 1 µmol/mol creati- nine (Urine)	At the end of the period of expo- sure	GB EH40 BAT

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures

Maintain air concentrations below occupational exposure standards. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Personal protective equipn	nt	
Eye/face protection	Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to EN166 Eye wash bottle with pure water	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with a proved standard must be worn at all times when handlir chemical products. Reference number EN 374. Follow r facturer specifications.	ng



Date of last issue: 28.09.2023 Revision Date: 20.02.2024	Version 2.4	Print Date 29.02.2024
	Suitable for short time use or protection against Butyl rubber/nitrile rubber gloves (> 0,1 mm) Contaminated gloves should be removed. Suitable for permanent exposure: Viton gloves (0.4 mm), breakthrough time >30 min.	splashes:
Skin and body protection :	Protective clothing (e.g. Safety shoes acc. to EN long-sleeved working clothing, long trousers). Re and protective boots are additionaly recommend and stirring work.	ubber aprons
Respiratory protection :	 In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe wor ing limits of the selected respirator. Use a properly fitted NIOSH approved air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. organic vapor filter (Type A) A1: < 1000 ppm; A2: < 5000 ppm; A3: < 10000 ppm Ensure adequate ventilation. This can be achieved by local exhaust extraction or by general ventilation. (EN 689 - Methods for determining inhalation exposure). This applies in particular to the mixing / stirring area. In case this is not sufficent to keep the concentrations under the occupational exposure limits then respiration protection measures must be used. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. 	
Environmental exposure contro	bls	
General advice :	Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or c respective authorities.	

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Colour	:	liquid amber
Odour	:	characteristic
Melting point/range / Freezing point	:	No data available

Boiling point/boiling range : 190 °C



Date of last issue: 28.09.2023 Revision Date: 20.02.2024		Version 2.4	Print Date 29.02.2024
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	No data available	
Upper/lower flammability or	exp	losive limits	
Upper explosion limit / Up- per flammability limit	:	No data available	
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	No data available	
Flash point	:	> 200 °C Method: closed cup	
Auto-ignition temperature	:	No data available	
Decomposition temperature	:	No data available	
pH	:	Not applicable substance/mixture reacts with water	
Viscosity Viscosity, kinematic	:	No data available	
Solubility(ies) Water solubility	:	insoluble	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	No data available	
Vapour pressure	:	< 0,0009 Pa	
Density	:	1,22 g/cm3 (20 °C)	
Relative vapour density	:	No data available	
Particle characteristics	:	No data available	

No data available



Date of last issue: 28.09.2023 Revision Date: 20.02.2024 Version 2.4

Print Date 29.02.2024

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

10.2 Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : No hazards to be specially mentioned.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : No data available

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : No data available

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Harmful if inhaled.

Components:

4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate:

Acute oral toxicity :	LD50 Oral (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 401
Acute inhalation toxicity :	LC50: 1,5 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Expert judgement Acute toxicity estimate: 1,5 mg/l Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Calculation method
Diphenylmethanediisocyanate	e, isomeres and homologues:
Acute oral toxicity :	LD50 Oral (Rat): > 10.000 mg/kg



Date of last issue: 28.09.2023 Revision Date: 20.02.2024	Ve	ersion 2.4	Print Date 29.02.202
Acute inhalation toxicity	: LC50: 1,5 mg/l Exposure time: Test atmospher Method: Expert Assessment: Th short term inhal	e: dust/mist judgement ne component/mixture i	s moderately toxic after
Acute dermal toxicity	: LD50 Dermal (F	Rabbit): > 9.400 mg/kg	
Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.			
Serious eye damage/eye i Causes serious eye irritation			
Respiratory or skin sensit	sation		
Skin sensitisation May cause an allergic skin i	action.		
Respiratory sensitisation May cause allergy or asthm	symptoms or breathing	ng difficulties if inhaled	
Germ cell mutagenicity Not classified due to lack of	lata.		
Carcinogenicity Suspected of causing cance	:		
Reproductive toxicity Not classified due to lack of	lata.		
STOT - single exposure May cause respiratory irrita	on.		
STOT - repeated exposure May cause damage to orga	s through prolonged c	or repeated exposure if	inhaled.
Aspiration toxicity Not classified due to lack of	data.		
11.2 Information on other haza	ds		
Endocrine disrupting pro	erties		
Product: Assessment	ered to have en REACH Article \$	mixture does not contai docrine disrupting prop 57(f) or Commission De or Commission Regula or higher.	erties according to elegated regulation



Date of last issue: 28.09.2023 Revision Date: 20.02.2024 Version 2.4

Print Date 29.02.2024

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

<u>Components:</u>					
Diphenylmethanediisocyanate, isomeres and homologues:					
Toxicity to fish	: LC50 (Brachydanio rerio (zebrafish)): > 1.000 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h				
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	: EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 1.640 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h				

12.2 Persistence and degradability

No data available

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product:

: This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher..

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Product:

Assessment	: The substance/mixture does not contain components consid- ered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

12.7 Other adverse effects

Product:

Additional ecological infor-	:	There is no data available for this product.
mation		



Date of last issue: 28.09.2023 Revision Date: 20.02.2024 Version 2.4

Print Date 29.02.2024

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product	:	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
European Waste Catalogue	:	08 05 01* waste isocyanates
Contaminated packaging	:	15 01 10* packaging containing residues of or contaminated by dangerous substances

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number or ID number

ADR	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
ΙΑΤΑ	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
14.2 UN proper shipping name		
ADR	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
ΙΑΤΑ	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)		
ADR	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
ΙΑΤΑ	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
14.4 Packing group		
ADR	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good



Date of last issue: 28.09.2023 Revision Date: 20.02.2024		Version 2.4	Print Date 29.02.2024		
IATA (Cargo)	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good			
IATA (Passenger)	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good			
14.5 Environmental hazards					
Not regulated as a dangerous	go	od			
14.6 Special precautions for use	r				
Not applicable					
14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments					
Not applicable for product as	sup	plied.			

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture Relevant EU provisions transposed through retained EU law

UK REACH List of restrictions (Annex 17)	:	Conditions of restriction for the fol- lowing entries should be considered: 4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (Number on list 74, 56) o-(p-isocyanatobenzyl)phenyl isocy- anate (Number on list 74, 56) 2,2'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (Number on list 74, 56) Diphenylmethanediisocyanate, iso- meres and homologues (Number on list 56)
UK REACH Candidate list of substances of very high concern (SVHC) for Authorisation	:	Not applicable
The Persistent Organic Pollutants Regulations (retained Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 as amended for Great Britain)	:	Not applicable
International Chemical Weapons Convention (CWC) Schedules of Toxic Chemicals and Precursors	:	Not applicable
Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer	:	Not applicable
UK REACH List of substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV)	:	Not applicable



Date of last issue: 28.09.2023 Revision Date: 20.02.2024	Version 2.4	Print Date 29.02.2024			
GB Export and import of hazardous chemicals - Prior : Not applicable Informed Consent (PIC) Regulation					
Control of Major Accident Hazard 2015 (COMAH)	s Regulations Not applicable				
Volatile organic compounds :	Law on the incentive tax for volatile organic of (VOCV) no VOC duties	compounds			
	Directive 2010/75/EU of 24 November 2010 emissions (integrated pollution prevention an Not applicable				
If other regulatory information applies that is not already provided elsewhere in the Safety Data Sheet, then it is described in this subsection.					
Health, safety and environ- mental regulation/legislation specific for the substance or mixture: Environmental Protection Act 1990 & Subsidiary Regulations Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) May be subject to the Control of Major Accident Hazards Regulations (COMAH), and amendments.					
15.2 Chemical safety assessment No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this mixture by the supplier.					
The enemiest early recommendation of the mixture by the supplier.					

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-Statements

H315 H317 H319 H332 H334	:	Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficul- ties if inhaled.			
H335 H351 H373 H373	:	May cause respiratory irritation. Suspected of causing cancer. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.			
Full text of other abbreviations					
Acute Tox. Carc. Eye Irrit. Resp. Sens.	::	Acute toxicity Carcinogenicity Eye irritation Respiratory sensitisation			



Date of last issue: 28.09.2023 Revision Date: 20.02.2024 Version 2.4

Print Date 29.02.2024

Skin Irrit.	:	Skin irritation
Skin Sens.	-	Skin sensitisation
STOT RE		Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure
STOT SE		Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure
GB EH40	:	UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits
GB EH40 BAT	:	UK. Biological monitoring guidance values
GB EH40 / TWA	:	Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA reference period)
GB EH40 / STEL	:	Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period)
ADR	:	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of
		Dangerous Goods by Road
CAS	:	Chemical Abstracts Service
DNEL	:	Derived no-effect level
EC50	:	Half maximal effective concentration
GHS	:	Globally Harmonized System
ΙΑΤΑ	:	International Air Transport Association
IMDG	:	International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
LD50	:	Median lethal dosis (the amount of a material, given all at
		once, which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of
		test animals)
LC50	:	Median lethal concentration (concentrations of the chemical in
		air that kills 50% of the test animals during the observation
		period)
MARPOL	:	International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from
		Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978
OEL		Occupational Exposure Limit
PBT	:	Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic
PNEC	:	Predicted no effect concentration
REACH	:	Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament
		and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Reg-
		istration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemi-
		cals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency
SVHC		Substances of Very High Concern
vPvB		Very persistent and very bioaccumulative

Further information

Classification of the mixture:		Classification procedure:
Acute Tox. 4	H332	Calculation method
Skin Irrit. 2	H315	Calculation method
Eye Irrit. 2	H319	Calculation method
Resp. Sens. 1	H334	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1	H317	Calculation method
Carc. 2	H351	Calculation method
STOT SE 3	H335	Calculation method
STOT RE 2	H373	Calculation method



Date of last issue: 28.09.2023 Revision Date: 20.02.2024 Version 2.4

Print Date 29.02.2024

The information contained in this Safety Data Sheet corresponds to our level of knowledge at the time of publication. All warranties are excluded. Our most current General Sales Conditions shall apply. Please consult the product data sheet prior to any use and processing.

Changes as compared to previous version !

GB / EN