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### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : Sikaflex<sup>®</sup>-211 EMEA

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Sealant/adhesive

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name of supplier	:	Sika Limited Watchmead Welwyn Garden City Hertfordshire. AL7 1BQ
Telephone	:	+44 (0)1707 394444
Telefax	:	+44 (0)1707 329129
E-mail address of person responsible for the SDS	:	EHS@uk.sika.com

#### **1.4 Emergency telephone number**

National Chemical Emergency Centre (NCEC) 24 Hour Emergency Telephone Number +44 870 190 6777

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Respiratory sensitisation, Category 1	H334: May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, Category 2, Central nervous system	H373: May cause damage to organs through pro- longed or repeated exposure if inhaled.

#### 2.2 Label elements

#### Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms

Signal word	:	Danger
Hazard statements	:	H334

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or



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	H373	breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause damage to organs (C ous system) through prolonged exposure if inhaled.	
Precautionary statements :	<b>Prevention:</b> P260 P284	Do not breathe mist or vapours. In case of inadequate ventilation atory protection.	a wear respir-
	Response:		
	P304 + P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to keep comfortable for breathing.	fresh air and
	P342 + P311	If experiencing respiratory symp POISON CENTER/ doctor.	toms: Call a
	Disposal:		
	P501	Dispose of contents/container in with local regulation.	accordance

#### Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) Hardener LI (Isophoronedialdimine) 4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate Pentamethyl piperidylsebacate 3-isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate m-tolylidene diisocyanate

#### **Additional Labelling**

EUH211 Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.

"As from 24 August 2023 adequate training is required before industrial or professional use."

#### 2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Ecological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Toxicological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

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### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2 Mixtures

#### Components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No. Registration number	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
Urea,N,N"-(methylenedi-4,1- phenylene)bis[N'-butyl-	77703-56-1 416-600-4 01-0000016345-72- XXXX	Aquatic Chronic 4; H413	>= 2,5 - < 5
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aro- matics (2-25%)	Not Assigned 919-446-0 265-185-4 01-2119458049-33- XXXX [corresponding group CAS 64742-82- 1]	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 STOT SE 3; H336 (Central nervous system) STOT RE 1; H372 (Central nervous system) Asp. Tox. 1; H304 Aquatic Chronic 2; H411 EUH066	>= 1 - < 2,5
Titanium dioxide (> 10 μm)	13463-67-7 236-675-5 01-2119489379-17- XXXX		>= 1 - < 2,5
Hardener LI (Isophoronedial- dimine)	932742-30-8 700-071-4 UK-01-4889597125- 6-0001	Skin Sens. 1B; H317 Aquatic Chronic 3; H412	>= 0,25 - < 1



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4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocya- nate	101-68-8 202-966-0 01-2119457014-47- XXXX	Acute Tox. 4; H332 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 Resp. Sens. 1; H334 Skin Sens. 1; H317 Carc. 2; H351 STOT SE 3; H335 (Respiratory system) STOT RE 2; H373	>= 0,1 - < 1
		specific concentration limit Eye Irrit. 2; H319 >= 5 % STOT SE 3; H335 >= 5 % Skin Irrit. 2; H315 >= 5 % Resp. Sens. 1; H334 >= 0,1 %	
		Acute toxicity esti- mate Acute inhalation tox- icity (dust/mist): 1,5 mg/l	
Pentamethyl piperidylsebacate Contains: bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4- piperidyl) sebacate methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4- piperidyl sebacate	1065336-91-5 915-687-0 01-2119491304-40- XXXX	Skin Sens. 1A; H317 Repr. 2; H361f Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410	>= 0,025 - < 0,1
		M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 1 M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 1	



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3-isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5- trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate	4098-71-9 223-861-6 01-2119490408-31- XXXX	Acute Tox. 1; H330 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 Resp. Sens. 1; H334 Skin Sens. 1; H317 STOT SE 3; H335 (Respiratory system) Aquatic Chronic 2; H411	>= 0,025 - < 0,25
		specific concentration limit Resp. Sens. 1; H334 >= 0,5 % Skin Sens. 1; H317 >= 0,5 %	
		Acute toxicity esti- mate	
		Acute inhalation tox- icity (dust/mist): 0,031 mg/l	
m-tolylidene diisocyanate	26471-62-5 247-722-4 01-2119454791-34- XXXX	Acute Tox. 1; H330 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 Resp. Sens. 1; H334 Skin Sens. 1; H317 Carc. 2; H351 STOT SE 3; H335 (Respiratory system) Aquatic Chronic 3; H412	>= 0,025 - < 0,1
		specific concentration limit Resp. Sens. 1; H334 >= 0,1 %	
		Acute toxicity esti- mate	
		Acute inhalation tox- icity (vapour): 0,107 mg/l	

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.



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### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

4.1 Description of first aid measu	ures
General advice	: Move out of dangerous area. Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.
If inhaled	: Move to fresh air. Consult a physician after significant exposure.
In case of skin contact	<ul> <li>Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately.</li> <li>Wash off with soap and plenty of water.</li> <li>If symptoms persist, call a physician.</li> </ul>
In case of eye contact	<ul> <li>Remove contact lenses.</li> <li>Keep eye wide open while rinsing.</li> <li>If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.</li> </ul>
If swallowed	<ul> <li>Do not induce vomiting without medical advice.</li> <li>Rinse mouth with water.</li> <li>Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages.</li> <li>Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.</li> </ul>
4.2 Most important symptoms ar	nd effects, both acute and delayed
Symptoms	<ul> <li>Asthmatic appearance Allergic reactions See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.</li> </ul>
Risks	: sensitising effects
	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficul- ties if inhaled. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.
4.3 Indication of any immediate	medical attention and special treatment needed
Treatment	: Treat symptomatically.
SECTION 5: Firefighting meas	sures
5.1 Extinguishing modia	
5.1 Extinguishing media	

Suitable extinguishing media	:	In case of fire, use water/water spray/water jet/carbon diox- ide/sand/foam/alcohol resistant foam/chemical powder for extinction.
		extinetion



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5.2 Special hazards arising from	the	e substance or mixture		
		No hazardous combustion products are known		
5.3 Advice for firefighters				
Special protective equipment for firefighters	:	In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathin	g apparatus.	
Further information	:	Standard procedure for chemical fires.		
SECTION 6: Accidental release	e I	neasures		
6.1 Personal precautions, protect	tiv	e equipment and emergency procedures		
Personal precautions	:	Use personal protective equipment. Deny access to unprotected persons.		
6.2 Environmental precautions				
Environmental precautions	:	Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewe	r system.	
6.3 Methods and material for con	tai	nment and cleaning up		
Methods for cleaning up	:	Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.	-	
6.4 Reference to other sections				
For personal protection see se	cti	on 8.		
SECTION 7: Handling and stor	raç	ge		
7.1 Precautions for safe handling	1			
Advice on safe handling	:	Avoid exceeding the given occupational exposu section 8). For personal protection see section 8. Persons with a history of skin sensitisation prob ma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory dis	lems or asth- sease should	

not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Follow standard hygiene measures when handling chemical products

Advice on protection against : Normal measures for preventive fire protection.



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fire and explosion			
Hygiene measures	:	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygien practice. When using do not eat or drink. When smoke. Wash hands before breaks and at the er	using do not
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, i	ncl	uding any incompatibilities	
Requirements for storage areas and containers	:	Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ve place. Store in accordance with local regulations	
Further information on stor- age stability	:	No decomposition if stored and applied as direct	ed.
7.3 Specific end use(s)			
Specific use(s)	:	Cleaning with aprotic polar solvents must be avo Consult most current local Product Data Sheet p use.	

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

### 8.1 Control parameters

### **Occupational Exposure Limits**

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parame- ters *	Basis *	
Titanium dioxide (> 10 μm)	13463-67-7	TWA (inhalable dust)	10 mg/m3	GB EH40	
		TWA (Respirable dust)	4 mg/m3	GB EH40	
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	101-68-8	TWÁ	0,02 mg/m3 (NCO)	GB EH40	
	Further inform	ation: Capable of ca	ausing occupation	al asthma.	
		STEL	0,07 mg/m3 (NCO)	GB EH40	
3-isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5- trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate	4098-71-9	TWA	0,02 mg/m3 (NCO)	GB EH40	
	Further information: Substances that can cause occupational				
	asthma (also known as asthmagens and respiratory sensitisers)				
	can induce a state of specific airway hyper-responsiveness via an immunological irritant or other mechanism. Once the airways have become hyper-responsive, further exposure to the substance, sometimes even in tiny quantities, may cause respiratory symp- toms. These symptoms can range in severity from a runny nose to asthma. Not all workers who are exposed to a sensitiser will be- come hyper-responsive and it is impossible to identify in advance				
	those who are that can caus substances w	esponsive and it is in a likely to become hy a occupational asthr hich may trigger the ng airway hyper-res	per-responsive. na should be disti symptoms of asth	Substances nguished from nma in people	

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	classified as as mation can be assessments of asthma., When stances that ca Where this is in standards of co responsive. Fo COSHH requir sonably practic centrations sho ment is being of employees exp may cause occ consultation wi degree of risk a pational asthm assigned only in asthma in the of pational asthm	ease themselves. T sthmagens or respir found in the HSE pro- of the evidence for a rever it is reasonably an cause occupation not possible, the prin- ontrol to prevent wo or substances that ca- es that exposure be cable. Activities givin ould receive particul considered. Health so could receive particul considered. Health so ould receive particul considered. Health so cupational asthma a ith an occupational l and level of surveilla ta., The 'Sen' notation to those substances categories shown in er substances not in a. HSE's asthma we uk/asthma) provide	atory sensitisers. ublication Asthma igents implicated if y practicable, expen- nal asthma should nary aim is to app rkers from becom an cause occupat e reduced to as low ng rise to short-ten ar attention when surveillance is app e exposed to a sub nd there should b health professiona ance., Capable of on in the list of WE s which may cause these tables may eb pages	Further infor- gen? Critical in occupational osure to sub- be prevented. Iy adequate ing hyper- ional asthma, w as is rea- m peak con- risk manage- propriate for all ostance which e appropriate al over the causing occu- ELs has been e occupational d be remem- y cause occu-
		STEL	0,07 mg/m3 (NCO)	GB EH40
m-tolylidene diisocyanate	26471-62-5	TWA	0,02 mg/m3 (NCO)	GB EH40
	asthma (also k can induce a s immunological become hyper- sometimes ever toms. These sy asthma. Not al come hyper-re those who are that can cause substances wh with pre-existin include the disc classified as as mation can be assessments of asthma., When stances that can Where this is m standards of co responsive. Fo COSHH requir	ation: Substances the mown as asthmager tate of specific airwa irritant or other med- responsive, further en in tiny quantities, ymptoms can range I workers who are e sponsive and it is in likely to become hy occupational asthm ich may trigger the ng airway hyper-resp ease themselves. T sthmagens or respir found in the HSE pro- for the evidence for a rever it is reasonably an cause occupation to possible, the prin- port to prevent wo or substances that ca- es that exposure be cable. Activities givin	hat can cause occ ns and respiratory ay hyper-responsi chanism. Once the exposure to the s may cause respir in severity from a xposed to a sensi npossible to identi per-responsive. na should be distin symptoms of asth ponsiveness, but he latter substance atory sensitisers. ublication Asthma gents implicated in y practicable, expo- nal asthma should nary aim is to app rkers from becom an cause occupat	r sensitisers) iveness via an e airways have substance, ratory symp- runny nose to tiser will be- fy in advance Substances nguished from ima in people which do not ses are not Further infor- gen? Critical in occupational osure to sub- be prevented. Ily adequate ing hyper- ional asthma, w as is rea-





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	ment is being considered. H employees exposed or liable may cause occupational ast consultation with an occupat degree of risk and level of so pational asthma., The 'Sen' assigned only to those subs asthma in the categories sho	
	STEL	0,07 mg/m3 GB EH40 (NCO)

\*The above mentioned values are in accordance with the legislation in effect at the date of the release of this safety data sheet.

### **Biological occupational exposure limits**

Substance name	CAS-No.	Control parame- ters	Sampling time	Basis
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	101-68-8	isocyanate- derived diamine (Isocyanates): 1 µmol/mol creati- nine (Urine)	At the end of the period of expo- sure	GB EH40 BAT
3-isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5- trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate	4098-71-9	isocyanate- derived diamine (Isocyanates): 1 µmol/mol creati- nine (Urine)	At the end of the period of expo- sure	GB EH40 BAT
m-tolylidene diisocyanate	26471-62-5	isocyanate- derived diamine (Isocyanates): 1 µmol/mol creati- nine (Urine)	At the end of the period of expo- sure	GB EH40 BAT

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

#### **Engineering measures**

Maintain air concentrations below occupational exposure standards. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Personal protective equipme	ent	
Eye/face protection	:	Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to EN166 Eye wash bottle with pure water
Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an ap- proved standard must be worn at all times when handling chemical products. Reference number EN 374. Follow manu- facturer specifications.



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	Butyl rubber/nitrile	nm),	
Skin and body protection	long-sleeved worki	(e.g. Safety shoes acc. to ng clothing, long trousers ts are additionaly recomm	s). Rubber aprons
Respiratory protection	Respirator selection exposure levels, the ing limits of the sel Use a properly fitter respirator complyin sessment indicates organic vapor filter A1: < 1000 ppm; A Ensure adequate v exhaust extraction ods for determining ticular to the mixing to keep the concer	ed NIOSH approved air-pu ng with an approved stand s this is necessary.	vn or anticipated and the safe work- urifying or air-fed dard if a risk as- 000 ppm chieved by local (EN 689 - Meth- his applies in par- his is not sufficent ational exposure
Environmental exposure co	rols		
General advice		urface water or sanitary se	ewer system.

### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Appearance Colour	:	liquid paste various
Odour	:	slight
Melting point/range / Freezing point	:	No data available
Boiling point/boiling range	:	No data available
 Flammability (solid, gas)	:	No data available



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#### Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits Upper explosion limit / Up- : No data available per flammability limit Lower explosion limit / : No data available Lower flammability limit : 70 °C Flash point Method: closed cup Auto-ignition temperature No data available : Decomposition temperature : No data available pН Not applicable : substance/mixture is non-soluble (in water) Viscosity Viscosity, dynamic ca. 100.000 mPa.s (20 °C) : Viscosity, kinematic : > 20,5 mm2/s (40 °C) Solubility(ies) Water solubility : insoluble Partition coefficient: n-: No data available octanol/water Vapour pressure : 0,01 hPa ca. 1,56 g/cm3 (20 °C) Density : Relative vapour density : No data available Particle characteristics : No data available

#### 9.2 Other information

No data available



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SECTION 10: Stability and	reactivity	
10.1 Reactivity		
No dangerous reaction kno	wn under conditions of normal use.	
10.2 Chemical stability		
The product is chemically s	table.	
10.3 Possibility of hazardous	reactions	
Hazardous reactions	: No hazards to be specially mentioned.	
10.4 Conditions to avoid		
Conditions to avoid	: No data available	
10.5 Incompatible materials		
Materials to avoid	: No data available	
10.6 Hazardous decompositio	n products	
No decomposition if stored	and applied as directed.	

### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

#### Components:

#### Urea,N,N"-(methylenedi-4,1-phenylene)bis[N'-butyl-:

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 Oral (Rat): > 2.000 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 401
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 Dermal (Rabbit): > 2.000 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Hardener LI (Isophoronedi	aldi	mine):
Acute oral toxicity		LD50 Oral (Rat): > 2.000 mg/kg
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 Dermal (Rabbit): > 2.000 mg/kg

#### 4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate:

Acute oral toxicity		LD50 Oral (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg	
		Method: OECD Test Guideline 401	



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Acute inhalation toxicity	: LC50: 1,5 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Expert judgement	
	Acute toxicity estimate: 1,5 mg/l Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Calculation method	
Pentamethyl piperidylseba	cate:	
Acute oral toxicity	: LD50 Oral (Rat): 3.230 mg/kg	
3-isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-tr	imethylcyclohexyl isocyanate:	
Acute oral toxicity	: LD50 Oral (Rat): 4.814 mg/kg	
Acute inhalation toxicity	: LC50 (Rat): 0,031 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist	
	Acute toxicity estimate: 0,031 mg/l Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Calculation method	
Acute dermal toxicity	: LD50 Dermal (Rat): > 7.000 mg/kg	
m-tolylidene diisocyanate:		
Acute inhalation toxicity	: LC50 (Rat): 0,107 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: vapour	
	Acute toxicity estimate: 0,107 mg/l Test atmosphere: vapour Method: Calculation method	
Skin corrosion/irritation Not classified based on availa	able information.	
Components:		
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-a	Ikanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25	5%):
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-a Assessment	Ikanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25 : Repeated exposure may cause skin dryn	

Assessment:Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.Result:Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified based on available information.



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#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

#### Skin sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

#### **Respiratory sensitisation**

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

#### Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

#### STOT - single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

#### STOT - repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs (Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

#### Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

#### 11.2 Information on other hazards

#### **Endocrine disrupting properties**

#### Product:

Assessment

: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Components:

#### Urea,N,N"-(methylenedi-4,1-phenylene)bis[N'-butyl-:

Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Brachydanio rerio (zebrafish)): > 250 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h



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Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	EC50 (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater gr 100 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h	een alga)): >
Hardener LI (Isophoronedia	ldi	mine):	
Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Fish): 87,2 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h	
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia (water flea)): > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h	
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green alga Exposure time: 72 h	e)): 180,4 mg/l
Pentamethyl piperidylsebac	ate	:	
Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Fish): 0,97 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h	
M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox- icity)	:	1	
M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity)	:	1	
<b>12.2 Persistence and degradabil</b> i No data available	ty		
<b>12.3 Bioaccumulative potential</b> No data available			
<b>12.4 Mobility in soil</b> No data available			
12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB as	se	ssment	
Product:			
Assessment	:	This substance/mixture contains no component to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and tox very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvE 0.1% or higher	kic (PBT), or
12.6 Endocrine disrupting prope	rtie	s	
Product:			
Assessment	:	The substance/mixture does not contain comporered to have endocrine disrupting properties at REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU levels of 0.1% or higher.	cording to regulation
Country GB 10000005350		~	16 / 21



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#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

#### Product:

Additional ecological infor- : There is no data available for this product. mation

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

:	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible.
	Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe
	way.
	Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
	Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements.
	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### 14.1 UN number or ID number

ADR	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
ΙΑΤΑ	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
14.2 UN proper shipping name		
ADR	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
ΙΑΤΑ	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)		
ADR	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
ΙΑΤΑ	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
14.4 Packing group		



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ADR	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good			
IMDG	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good			
IATA (Cargo)	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good			
IATA (Passenger)	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good			
<b>14.5 Environmental hazards</b> Not regulated as a dangerous good					
14.6 Special precautions for user Not applicable					
14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments					

Not applicable for product as supplied.

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

### **15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture** Relevant EU provisions transposed through retained EU law

UK REACH List of restrictions (Annex 17)			Conditions of restriction for the fol- lowing entries should be considered: 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C9- 11-branched alkyl esters, C10-rich (Number on list 52) 4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (Number on list 74, 56)	
International Chemical Weapons Convention (CWC) Schedules of Toxic Chemicals and Precursors			Not applicable	
Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer			Not applicable	
GB Export and import of hazardous chemicals - Prior : Not applicable Informed Consent (PIC) Regulation				
Control of Major Accident Hazards Regulations Not applicable 2015 (COMAH)				
Volatile organic compounds :	(VOCV)	tax for volatile organic compounds ounds (VOC) content: 2% w/w		
Directive 2010/75/EU of 24 November 2010 on emissions (integrated pollution prevention and o Volatile organic compounds (VOC) content: 2%			ution prevention and control)	



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If other regulatory information applie	s that is not already provided elsew	here in the Safety Data
Sheet, then it is described in this sul	osection.	-

Health, safety and environ- mental regulation/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:	:	Environmental Protection Act 1990 & Subsidiary Regulations Health and Safety at Work Act 1974 & Subsidiary Regulations Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) May be subject to the Control of Major Accident Hazards Regulations (COMAH), and amendments.
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#### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this mixture by the supplier.

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### Full text of H-Statements

H226	:	Flammable liquid and vapour.			
H304	:	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.			
H315	:	Causes skin irritation.			
H317	:	May cause an allergic skin reaction.			
H319	:	Causes serious eye irritation.			
H330	:	Fatal if inhaled.			
H332	:	Harmful if inhaled.			
H334	:	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficul- ties if inhaled.			
H335	:	May cause respiratory irritation.			
H336	:	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.			
H351	:	Suspected of causing cancer.			
H361f	:	Suspected of damaging fertility.			
H372	:	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated			
		exposure if inhaled.			
H373	:	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated			
		exposure if inhaled.			
H400	:	Very toxic to aquatic life.			
H410	:	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.			
H411	:	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.			
H412	:	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.			
H413	:	May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.			
Full text of other abbreviations					
Acute Tox.	:	Acute toxicity			
Aquatic Acute	:	Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard			
Aquatic Chronic	:	Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard			
Asp. Tox.	:	Aspiration hazard			
Carc.	:	Carcinogenicity			
Eye Irrit.	:	Eye irritation			
Flam. Liq.	:	Flammable liquids			



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Repr.	:	Reproductive toxicity	
Resp. Sens.	:	Respiratory sensitisation	
Skin Irrit.	:	Skin irritation	
Skin Sens.	:	Skin sensitisation	
STOT RE	:	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	
STOT SE	:	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	
GB EH40	÷	UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits	
GB EH40 BAT	:	UK. Biological monitoring guidance values	
GB EH40 / TWA	÷	Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA reference period)	
GB EH40 / STEL	÷	Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period)	
ADR		European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of	
	•	Dangerous Goods by Road	
CAS		Chemical Abstracts Service	
DNEL	÷	Derived no-effect level	
EC50	÷	Half maximal effective concentration	
GHS	÷	Globally Harmonized System	
IATA	÷	International Air Transport Association	
IMDG	÷	International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods	
LD50	÷	Median lethal dosis (the amount of a material, given all at	
		once, which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of	
		test animals)	
LC50	:	Median lethal concentration (concentrations of the chemical in	
		air that kills 50% of the test animals during the observation	
		period)	
MARPOL	:	International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from	
		Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978	
OEL	:	Occupational Exposure Limit	
PBT	:	Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic	
PNEC	:	Predicted no effect concentration	
REACH	:	Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament	
		and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Reg-	
		istration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemi-	
		cals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency	
SVHC	:	Substances of Very High Concern	
vPvB	:	Very persistent and very bioaccumulative	

#### **Further information**

Classification of the mixtu	Classification procedure:	
Resp. Sens. 1	H334	Calculation method
STOT RE 2	H373	Calculation method

The information contained in this Safety Data Sheet corresponds to our level of knowledge at the time of publication. All warranties are excluded. Our most current General Sales Conditions shall apply. Please consult the product data sheet prior to any use and processing.

Changes as compared to previous version !

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# Sikaflex<sup>®</sup>-211 EMEA

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