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# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : Incorez 034/056

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Polyurethane coating

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name of supplier	:	Sika Limited Watchmead Welwyn Garden City Hertfordshire. AL7 1BQ
Telephone	:	+44 (0)1707 394444
Telefax	:	+44 (0)1707 329129
E-mail address of person responsible for the SDS	:	EHS@uk.sika.com

#### **1.4 Emergency telephone number**

National Chemical Emergency Centre (NCEC) 24 Hour Emergency Telephone Number +44 870 190 6777

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

# Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)Flammable liquids, Category 3H226: Flammable liquid and vapour.

Acute toxicity, Category 4	H332: Harmful if inhaled.
Respiratory sensitisation, Category 1	H334: May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Skin sensitisation, Category 1	H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

#### 2.2 Label elements

#### Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms



Signal word

Danger

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Hazard statements :	H226 H317 H332 H334	Flammable liquid and vapour. May cause an allergic skin reac Harmful if inhaled. May cause allergy or asthma sy breathing difficulties if inhaled.	
Precautionary statements :	P101 P102	If medical advice is needed, have container or label at hand. Keep out of reach of children.	ve product
	Prevention:		
	P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfa open flames and other ignition s smoking.	
	P261	Avoid breathing dust/ fume/ gas pours/ spray.	s/ mist/ va-
	P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-v ea.	entilated ar-
	P280	Wear protective gloves/ protecti eye protection/ face protection.	ve clothing/
	Response:		
	P304 + P340 + F	P312 IF INHALED: Remove pe air and keep comfortable for bre POISON CENTER/ doctor if you	eathing. Call a
	P342 + P311	If experiencing respiratory symp POISON CENTER/ doctor.	
	P370 + P378	In case of fire: Use dry sand, dr alcohol-resistant foam to exting	-
	Disposal:		
	P501	Dispose of contents/container ir with local regulation.	n accordance

### Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

3-isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate

### 2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.



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# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2 Mixtures

#### Components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No. Registration number	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
3-isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5- trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate	4098-71-9 223-861-6 01-2119490408-31- XXXX	Acute Tox. 1; H330 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 Resp. Sens. 1; H334 Skin Sens. 1; H317 STOT SE 3; H335 (Respiratory system) Aquatic Chronic 2; H411 $\longrightarrow$ specific concentration limit Resp. Sens. 1; H334 >= 0,5 % Skin Sens. 1; H317 >= 0,5 %	>= 1 - < 2,5
		Acute toxicity esti- mate Acute inhalation tox- icity (dust/mist):	
		0,031 mg/l	
Substances with a workplace expo			
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	108-65-6	Flam. Liq. 3; H226	>= 25 - < 40
Contains:	203-603-9	STOT SE 3; H336	
2-methoxypropyl acetate <= 1 %	01-2119475791-29-		
For explanation of abbreviations of	XXXX		

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice	: Move out of dangerous area. Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.
If inhaled	: Move to fresh air. Consult a physician after significant exposure.



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In case of skin contact	:	Take off contaminated clothing and shoes im Wash off with soap and plenty of water. If symptoms persist, call a physician.	mediately.
In case of eye contact	:	Remove contact lenses. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.	
If swallowed	:	Do not induce vomiting without medical advid Rinse mouth with water. Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages. Never give anything by mouth to an unconsc	
4.2 Most important symptoms ar	nd	effects, both acute and delayed	
Symptoms	:	Asthmatic appearance Respiratory disorder Allergic reactions Headache See Section 11 for more detailed information and symptoms.	on health effects
Risks	:	sensitising effects	
		May cause an allergic skin reaction. Harmful if inhaled. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or b ties if inhaled.	reathing difficul-
4.0 Indiantian of any immediate			4
Treatment	me :	dical attention and special treatment neede Treat symptomatically.	a
SECTION 5: Firefighting meas	sur	es	
5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media		Alcohol-resistant foam	
Suitable extinguishing media	:	Carbon dioxide (CO2) Dry chemical	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Water High volume water jet	
5.2 Special hazards arising from	th	e substance or mixture	
Specific hazards during fire- fighting	:	Do not use a solid water stream as it may sc fire.	atter and spread
Hazardous combustion prod-	:	No hazardous combustion products are know	vn



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ucts			
5.3 Advice for firefighters			
Special protective equipment for firefighters	:	In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathin	g apparatus.
Further information	:	Use water spray to cool unopened containers.	
6.1 Personal precautions, protect Personal precautions	tiv :	e equipment and emergency procedures Use personal protective equipment. Remove all sources of ignition. Deny access to unprotected persons. Beware of vapours accumulating to form explositions. Vapours can accumulate in low areas.	ve concentra-
<b>6.2 Environmental precautions</b> Environmental precautions	:	Prevent product from entering drains. If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or c respective authorities.	Irains inform

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up	:	Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible ab-
		sorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, ver-
		miculite) and place in container for disposal according to local
		/ national regulations (see section 13).

### 6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protection see section 8.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling	: Avoid formation of aerosol.
	Do not breathe vapours or spray mist.
	Avoid exceeding the given occupational exposure limits (see section 8).
	Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.
	For personal protection see section 8.
	Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asth-
	ma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should
	not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.
	Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the ap-



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	plication area. Take precautionary measures against stat Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exh Open drum carefully as content may be ur Take necessary action to avoid static elect (which might cause ignition of organic vap Follow standard hygiene measures when h products	aust in work rooms. nder pressure. tricity discharge ours).
Advice on protection against : fire and explosion	Use explosion-proof equipment. Keep awa open flames/ hot surfaces. No smoking. Ta measures against electrostatic discharges	ake precautionary
Hygiene measures :	Handle in accordance with good industrial practice. When using do not eat or drink. V smoke. Wash hands before breaks and at	When using do not
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, inc	luding any incompatibilities	
Requirements for storage : areas and containers	Keep container tightly closed in a dry and place. Containers which are opened must sealed and kept upright to prevent leakage ance with local regulations.	be carefully re-
Further information on stor- : age stability	No decomposition if stored and applied as	directed.

# 7.3 Specific end use(s)

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 Control parameters

# **Occupational Exposure Limits**

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form	Control parame-	Basis *	
		of exposure)	ters *		
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	108-65-6	STEL	100 ppm	2000/39/EC	
			550 mg/m3		
	Further inform	nation: Identifies the	possibility of signi	ficant uptake	
	through the s	kin, Indicative			
		TWA	50 ppm	2000/39/EC	
			275 mg/m3		
		TWA	50 ppm	GB EH40	
			274 mg/m3		
	Further inform	Further information: Can be absorbed through the skin. The as-			
	signed substa	signed substances are those for which there are concerns that			
	dermal absor	dermal absorption will lead to systemic toxicity.			
		STEL	100 ppm	GB EH40	
			548 mg/m3		
3-isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-	4098-71-9	TWA	0,02 mg/m3	GB EH40	

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trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate	(NCO)				
	Further information: Substances that can cause occupational				
	asthma (also known as asthmagens and respiratory sensitisers)				
	can induce a state of specific airway hyper-responsiveness via an				
	immunological irritant or other mechanism. Once the airways have				
	become hyper-responsive, further exposure to the substance,				
	sometimes even in tiny quantities, may cause respiratory symp-				
	toms. These symptoms can range in severity from a runny nose to				
	asthma. Not all workers who are exposed to a sensitiser will be-				
	come hyper-responsive and it is impossible to identify in advance				
	those who are likely to become hyper-responsive. Substances				
	that can cause occupational asthma should be distinguished from				
	substances which may trigger the symptoms of asthma in people				
	with pre-existing airway hyper-responsiveness, but which do not				
	include the disease themselves. The latter substances are not				
	classified as asthmagens or respiratory sensitisers. Further infor-				
	mation can be found in the HSE publication Asthmagen? Critical				
	assessments of the evidence for agents implicated in occupational				
	asthma., Wherever it is reasonably practicable, exposure to sub-				
	stances that can cause occupational asthma should be prevented.				
	Where this is not possible, the primary aim is to apply adequate				
	standards of control to prevent workers from becoming hyper-				
	responsive. For substances that can cause occupational asthma,				
	COSHH requires that exposure be reduced to as low as is rea-				
	sonably practicable. Activities giving rise to short-term peak con-				
	centrations should receive particular attention when risk manage-				
	ment is being considered. Health surveillance is appropriate for all				
	employees exposed or liable to be exposed to a substance which may cause occupational asthma and there should be appropriate				
	consultation with an occupational health professional over the				
	degree of risk and level of surveillance., Capable of causing occu-				
	pational asthma., The 'Sen' notation in the list of WELs has been				
	assigned only to those substances which may cause occupational asthma in the categories shown in Table 1. It should be remem-				
	bered that other substances not in these tables may cause occu-				
	pational asthma. HSE's asthma web pages				
	(www.hse.gov.uk/asthma) provide further information.				
	STEL 0,07 mg/m3 GB EH40				
	(NCO)				
*The share mentioned values are in a	ecordance with the logiclation in offect at the date of the re-				

\*The above mentioned values are in accordance with the legislation in effect at the date of the release of this safety data sheet.

### **Biological occupational exposure limits**

Substance name	CAS-No.	Control parame- ters	Sampling time	Basis
3-isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5- trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate	4098-71-9	isocyanate- derived diamine (Isocyanates): 1 µmol/mol creati- nine (Urine)	At the end of the period of expo- sure	GB EH40 BAT





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### 8.2 Exposure controls

Personal protective equipment	
Eye/face protection :	Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to EN166 Eye wash bottle with pure water
Hand protection :	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an ap- proved standard must be worn at all times when handling chemical products. Reference number EN 374. Follow manu- facturer specifications.
	Suitable for short time use or protection against splashes: Butyl rubber/nitrile rubber gloves (> 0,1 mm) Contaminated gloves should be removed. Suitable for permanent exposure: Viton gloves (0.4 mm), breakthrough time >30 min.
Skin and body protection :	Protective clothing (e.g. Safety shoes acc. to EN ISO 20345, long-sleeved working clothing, long trousers). Rubber aprons and protective boots are additionaly recommended for mixing and stirring work.
Respiratory protection :	Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe work- ing limits of the selected respirator. Use a properly fitted NIOSH approved air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk as- sessment indicates this is necessary. organic vapor filter (Type A) A1: < 1000 ppm; A2: < 5000 ppm; A3: < 10000 ppm Ensure adequate ventilation. This can be achieved by local exhaust extraction or by general ventilation. (EN 689 - Meth- ods for determining inhalation exposure). This applies in par- ticular to the mixing / stirring area. In case this is not sufficent to keep the concentrations under the occupational exposure limits then respiration protection measures must be used. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.
Environmental exposure contr	ols
General advice :	Prevent product from entering drains. If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	:	liquid
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Appearance	: '	viscous	
Colour		clear	
Odour	: :	sweet	
Melting point/range / Freezing point	:	No data available	
Boiling point/boiling range	:	150 °C	
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	No data available	
Upper/lower flammability or	explo	osive limits	
Upper explosion limit / Up- per flammability limit	:	10,8 %(V)	
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	1,5 %(V)	
Flash point		52 °C Method: closed cup	
Auto-ignition temperature	:	333 °C	
Decomposition temperature	:	No data available	
рН	:	Not applicable	
Viscosity			
Viscosity, dynamic	: •	450 mPa.s	
Viscosity, kinematic	: :	> 7 mm2/s (40 °C)	
Solubility(ies)			
Water solubility	:	insoluble	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	No data available	



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Density	: 1,023 g/cm3 (20 °C)	
Relative vapour density	: No data available	
Particle characteristics	: No data available	
<b>9.2 Other information</b> No data available		

# SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

#### 10.1 Reactivity

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions	:	Stable under recommended storage conditions.
		Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.
<b>10.4 Conditions to avoid</b> Conditions to avoid	:	Heat, flames and sparks.
		, I

### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : No data available

# **10.6 Hazardous decomposition products**

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### Acute toxicity

Harmful if inhaled.

#### **Components:**

### 3-isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): 4.814 mg/kg



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Acute inhalation toxicity	:	LC50 (Rat): 0,031 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist	
		Acute toxicity estimate: 0,031 mg/l Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Calculation method	
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 Dermal (Rat): > 7.000 mg/kg	
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl	aceta	ite:	
Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 Oral (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg	
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 Dermal (Rabbit): > 5.000 mg/kg	
Skin corrosion/irritation Not classified based on ava	ilable	e information.	
Serious eye damage/eye i	rritat	ion	
Not classified based on ava	ilable	information.	
Respiratory or skin sensit	isati	on	
<b>Skin sensitisation</b> May cause an allergic skin r	eacti	on.	
Respiratory sensitisation May cause allergy or asthm	a syr	nptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.	
Germ cell mutagenicity Not classified based on ava	ilable	information.	
<b>Carcinogenicity</b> Not classified based on ava	ilable	e information.	
Reproductive toxicity			
Not classified based on ava	ilable	information.	
STOT - single exposure	ilett	information	
Not classified based on ava		information.	
STOT - repeated exposure Not classified based on ava		information	
Aspiration toxicity	nabic		
Not classified based on ava	ilahle	information	
	nabic		



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# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

No data available

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

No data available

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

#### Product:

Assessment

: This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher..

#### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

No data available

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

#### Product:

Additional ecological infor- : There is no data available for this product. mation

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible.

Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way.

Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements.

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.



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# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

14.1 UN number or ID number			
ADR	:	UN 1993	
IMDG	:	UN 1993	
ΙΑΤΑ	:	UN 1993	
14.2 UN proper shipping name			
ADR	:	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate)	
IMDG	:	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate)	
ΙΑΤΑ	:	Flammable liquid, n.o.s. (2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate)	
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)			
		Class Subsidiary risks	
ADR	:	3	
IMDG	:	3	
ΙΑΤΑ	:	3	
14.4 Packing group			
<b>ADR</b> Packing group Classification Code Hazard Identification Number Labels Tunnel restriction code		III F1 30 3 (D/E)	
<b>IMDG</b> Packing group Labels EmS Code	:	III 3 F-E, S-E	
IATA (Cargo) Packing instruction (cargo aircraft)	:	366	
Packing instruction (LQ) Packing group Labels	:	Y344 III Flammable Liquids	
<b>IATA (Passenger)</b> Packing group Labels	:	III Flammable Liquids	
14.5 Environmental hazards			

#### 14.5 Environmental hazards



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## ADR

Environmentally hazardous	:	no
IMDG Marine pollutant	:	no
IATA (Passenger) Environmentally hazardous	:	no
IATA (Cargo) Environmentally hazardous	:	no

#### 14.6 Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

### 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable for product as supplied.

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# **15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture** Relevant EU provisions transposed through retained EU law

UK REACH List of restrictions (Ar	nex 17)	:	Conditions of restriction for the fol- lowing entries should be considered: 3-isocyanatomethyl-3,5,5- trimethylcyclohexyl isocyanate (Number on list 74)
International Chemical Weapons Schedules of Toxic Chemicals an	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	:	Not applicable
Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer		:	Not applicable
GB Export and import of hazardous chemicals - Prior : Not applicable Informed Consent (PIC) Regulation			
Control of Major Accident Hazards Regulations P5c FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS 2015 (COMAH)			
Volatile organic compounds :	Law on the incentive tax for volatile organic compounds (VOCV)		
	( )	und	ls (VOC) content: 27,5% w/w
Directive 2010/75/EU of 24 November 2010 on industree emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control)			



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Volatile organic compounds (VOC) content: 27,5% w/w, 281,33 g/l VOC content excluding water

If other regulatory information applies that is not already provided elsewhere in the Safety Data Sheet, then it is described in this subsection.

Health, safety and environmental regulation/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:  Environmental Protection Act 1990 & Subsidiary Regulations Health and Safety at Work Act 1974 & Subsidiary Regulations Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) May be subject to the Control of Major Accident Hazards Regulations (COMAH), and amendments.

### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this mixture by the supplier.

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### **Full text of H-Statements**

H226 H315 H317 H319 H330 H334 H335 H336 H411		Flammable liquid and vapour. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. Fatal if inhaled. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficul- ties if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Full text of other abbreviation	ns	
Acute Tox. Aquatic Chronic Eye Irrit. Flam. Liq. Resp. Sens. Skin Irrit. Skin Sens. STOT SE 2000/39/EC	:	Acute toxicity Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard Eye irritation Flammable liquids Respiratory sensitisation Skin irritation Skin sensitisation Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure Europe. Commission Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values
GB EH40 GB EH40 BAT 2000/39/EC / TWA 2000/39/EC / STEL GB EH40 / TWA GB EH40 / STEL	:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits UK. Biological monitoring guidance values Limit Value - eight hours Short term exposure limit Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA reference period) Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period)



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ADR	:	European Agreement concerning the Inte Dangerous Goods by Road	ernational Carriage of
CAS		Chemical Abstracts Service	
DNEL	÷	Derived no-effect level	
EC50	÷	Half maximal effective concentration	
GHS	:	Globally Harmonized System	
ΙΑΤΑ	:	International Air Transport Association	
IMDG	:	International Maritime Code for Dangerou	us Goods
LD50	:	Median lethal dosis (the amount of a mat	
		once, which causes the death of 50% (or	
		test animals)	
LC50	:	Median lethal concentration (concentration	
		air that kills 50% of the test animals durin	ig the observation
		period)	
MARPOL	:	International Convention for the Prevention	
		Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol	of 1978
OEL	:	Occupational Exposure Limit	
PBT	:	Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic	
PNEC		Predicted no effect concentration	
REACH		Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the Eu	
		and of the Council of 18 December 2006	
		istration, Evaluation, Authorisation and R	
SVHC		cals (REACH), establishing a European (	Jnemicals Agency
vPvB	:	Substances of Very High Concern	
VFVD	•	Very persistent and very bioaccumulative	;
Further information			

Classification of the	mixture:	Classification procedure:
Flam. Liq. 3	H226	Based on product data or assessment
Acute Tox. 4	H332	Calculation method
Resp. Sens. 1	H334	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1	H317	Calculation method

The information contained in this Safety Data Sheet corresponds to our level of knowledge at the time of publication. All warranties are excluded. Our most current General Sales Conditions shall apply. Please consult the product data sheet prior to any use and processing.

Changes as compared to previous version !

GB / EN