

Date of last issue: 28.03.2023	Version 5.0	Print Date 29.02.2024
Revision Date: 25.07.2023		

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : Sikalastic[®]-822 Part B

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Sealing system, For professional users only.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name of supplier	:	Sika Limited Watchmead Welwyn Garden City
		Hertfordshire. AL7 1BQ
Telephone	:	+44 (0)1707 394444
Telefax	:	+44 (0)1707 329129
E-mail address of person responsible for the SDS	:	EHS@uk.sika.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National Chemical Emergency Centre (NCEC) 24 Hour Emergency Telephone Number +44 870 190 6777

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Acute toxicity, Category 4

H332: Harmful if inhaled.

Respiratory sensitisation, Category 1

H334: May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms	:		<u>!</u>
Signal word	:	Danger	
Hazard statements	:	H332 H334	Harmful if inhaled. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Date of last issue: 28.03.2023

sion Date: 25.07.2023		
Precautionary statements	: Prevention:	
	P261	Avoid breathing mist or vapours.
	P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated ar-
		ea.
	P284	In case of inadequate ventilation wear respir- atory protection.
	Response:	
	P304 + P340 +	P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh

Version 5.0

Response:	
P304 + P340 + P342 + P311	 P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.
Disposal:	
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulation.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

4-methyl-m-phenylene diisocyanate

Additional Labelling

"As from 24 August 2023 adequate training is required before industrial or professional use."

2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Ecological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Toxicological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.



Print Date 29.02.2024



Date of last issue: 28.03.2023 Revision Date: 25.07.2023 Version 5.0

Print Date 29.02.2024

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No.	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
	Registration number		(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
4-methyl-m-phenylene diisocya- nate	584-84-9 209-544-5 01-2119486974-18- XXXX	Acute Tox. 1; H330 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 Resp. Sens. 1; H334 Skin Sens. 1; H317 Carc. 2; H351 STOT SE 3; H335 (Respiratory system) Aquatic Chronic 3; H412 specific concentration limit Resp. Sens. 1; H334 >= 0,1 % Acute toxicity esti- mate Acute inhalation tox-	>= 0,5 - < 1
		icity (vapour): 0,107 mg/l	

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice	Move out of dangerou Consult a physician. Show this safety data	us area. a sheet to the doctor in attendance.
If inhaled	Move to fresh air. Consult a physician a	after significant exposure.
In case of skin contact	Take off contaminate Wash off with soap a If symptoms persist, o	
In case of eye contact	Remove contact lens	ies.



Date of last issue: 28.03.2023 Revision Date: 25.07.2023	Ve	rsion 5.0	Print Date 29.02.202
		pen while rinsing. ersists, consult a speciali	st.
If swallowed	Rinse mouth with	omiting without medical a h water. or alcoholic beverages.	dvice.
		ning by mouth to an unco	nscious person.
4.2 Most important symptoms a	effects, both acut	e and delayed	
Symptoms	Asthmatic appea Respiratory disor Allergic reactions Headache See Section 11 f and symptoms.	rder	tion on health effects
Risks	sensitising effect	ts	
	Harmful if inhale May cause allerg ties if inhaled.	d. gy or asthma symptoms c	or breathing difficul-
4.3 Indication of any immediate	May cause allerg ties if inhaled.	gy or asthma symptoms o	-
4.3 Indication of any immediate Treatment	May cause allerg ties if inhaled.	gy or asthma symptoms o ad special treatment nee	-
Treatment SECTION 5: Firefighting meas	May cause allerg ties if inhaled. edical attention an Treat symptoma	gy or asthma symptoms o ad special treatment nee	-
•	May cause allerg ties if inhaled. edical attention an Treat symptoma ires	gy or asthma symptoms o d special treatment nee	eded er jet/carbon diox-
Treatment SECTION 5: Firefighting meas 5.1 Extinguishing media	May cause allerg ties if inhaled. edical attention an Treat symptomatic ires In case of fire, us ide/sand/foam/al extinction.	gy or asthma symptoms on a special treatment need tically.	eded er jet/carbon diox-
Treatment SECTION 5: Firefighting meas 5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media	May cause allerg ties if inhaled. edical attention an Treat symptomatic ires In case of fire, us ide/sand/foam/al extinction.	gy or asthma symptoms of ad special treatment need tically.	er jet/carbon diox- mical powder for
Treatment SECTION 5: Firefighting mean 5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media 5.2 Special hazards arising from Hazardous combustion prod-	May cause allerg ties if inhaled. edical attention an Treat symptomatic ires In case of fire, us ide/sand/foam/al extinction.	gy or asthma symptoms of ad special treatment need tically.	er jet/carbon diox- mical powder for
Treatment SECTION 5: Firefighting mean 5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media 5.2 Special hazards arising from Hazardous combustion prod- ucts	May cause allerg ties if inhaled. edical attention an Treat symptomat Ires In case of fire, us ide/sand/foam/al extinction. he substance or m No hazardous co	gy or asthma symptoms of ad special treatment need tically.	er jet/carbon diox- mical powder for



	Version 5.0	Print Date 29.02.2024
sel	measures	
ctiv	e equipment and emergency procedures	
:	Use personal protective equipment. Deny access to unprotected persons.	
:		
	ctiv	 ise measures ise personal protective equipment. Deny access to unprotected persons. : Do not flush into surface water or sanitary se If the product contaminates rivers and lakes

Methods for cleaning up : Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protection see section 8.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling	:	 Avoid formation of aerosol. Avoid exceeding the given occupational exposure limits (see section 8). For personal protection see section 8. Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area. Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms. Follow standard hygiene measures when handling chemical products
Advice on protection against fire and explosion	:	Normal measures for preventive fire protection.
Hygiene measures	:	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. When using do not eat or drink. When using do not smoke. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.



Sikalastic®-822 Part B

Date of last issue: 28.03.2023 Revision Date: 25.07.2023		Version 5.0	Print Date 29.02.2024
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, ir	ncl	uding any incompatibilities	
Requirements for storage areas and containers	:	Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ve place. Containers which are opened must be car sealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Store ance with local regulations.	efully re-
Further information on stor- age stability	:	No decomposition if stored and applied as directed	ed.
7.3 Specific end use(s)			
Specific use(s)	:	Consult most current local Product Data Sheet p use.	rior to any

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form	Control parame-	Basis *		
		of exposure)	ters *			
4-methyl-m-phenylene diisocyanate	584-84-9	TWA	0,02 mg/m3 (NCO)	GB EH40		
	Further information: Substances that can cause occupational					
	asthma (also known as asthmagens and respiratory sensitisers)					
		state of specific airw				
		al irritant or other me				
		er-responsive, further				
		ven in tiny quantities,				
	toms. These symptoms can range in severity from a runny nose					
	asthma. Not all workers who are exposed to a sensitiser will be- come hyper-responsive and it is impossible to identify in advance					
	those who are likely to become hyper-responsive. Substances					
	that can cause occupational asthma should be distinguished from					
	substances which may trigger the symptoms of asthma in people					
	with pre-existing airway hyper-responsiveness, but which do not					
	include the disease themselves. The latter substances are not					
	classified as asthmagens or respiratory sensitisers. Further infor					
	mation can be found in the HSE publication Asthmagen? Critical					
	assessments of the evidence for agents implicated in occupation					
	asthma., Wherever it is reasonably practicable, exposure to sub-					
	stances that can cause occupational asthma should be prevented					
	Where this is not possible, the primary aim is to apply adequate					
	standards of control to prevent workers from becoming hyper- responsive. For substances that can cause occupational asthma					
	COSHH requires that exposure be reduced to as low as is rea-					
	sonably practicable. Activities giving rise to short-term peak con-					
	centrations should receive particular attention when risk manage					
	ment is being considered. Health surveillance is appropriate for a					
		xposed or liable to be				



Date of last issue: 28.03.2023 Revision Date: 25.07.2023	Version	5.0	Print Da	te 29.02.2024
	consultation wi degree of risk pational asthm assigned only asthma in the bered that othe pational asthm	cupational asthma a ith an occupational and level of surveill a., The 'Sen' notati- to those substance categories shown ir er substances not ir a. HSE's asthma w uk/asthma) provide	health professiona ance., Capable of on in the list of WE s which may cause Table 1. It should these tables may beb pages	al over the causing occu- ELs has been e occupational d be remem- cause occu-
		STEL	0,07 mg/m3 (NCO)	GB EH40

*The above mentioned values are in accordance with the legislation in effect at the date of the release of this safety data sheet.

Biological occupational exposure limits

Substance name	CAS-No.	Control parame- ters	Sampling time	Basis
4-methyl-m-phenylene diisocyanate	584-84-9	isocyanate- derived diamine (Isocyanates): 1 µmol/mol creati- nine (Urine)	At the end of the period of expo- sure	GB EH40 BAT

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures

Maintain air concentrations below occupational exposure standards. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection	:	Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to EN166 Eye wash bottle with pure water
Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an ap- proved standard must be worn at all times when handling chemical products. Reference number EN 374. Follow manu- facturer specifications.
		Suitable for short time use or protection against splashes: Butyl rubber/nitrile rubber gloves (> 0,1 mm) Contaminated gloves should be removed. Suitable for permanent exposure: Viton gloves (0.4 mm), breakthrough time >30 min.
Skin and body protection	:	Protective clothing (e.g. Safety shoes acc. to EN ISO 20345, long-sleeved working clothing, long trousers). Rubber aprons and protective boots are additionaly recommended for mixing and stirring work.
Respiratory protection	:	In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated
untry GB 00000044492		7/



Date of last issue: 28.03.2023 Revision Date: 25.07.2023	Version 5.0	Print Date 29.02.2024
	exposure levels, the hazards of the pro- ing limits of the selected respirator. Use a properly fitted NIOSH approved a respirator complying with an approved a sessment indicates this is necessary. organic vapor filter (Type A) A1: < 1000 ppm; A2: < 5000 ppm; A3: < Ensure adequate ventilation. This can b exhaust extraction or by general ventila ods for determining inhalation exposure ticular to the mixing / stirring area. In ca to keep the concentrations under the od limits then respiration protection measu Ensure adequate ventilation, especially	air-purifying or air-fed standard if a risk as- < 10000 ppm be achieved by local ation. (EN 689 - Meth- e). This applies in par- ase this is not sufficent ccupational exposure ures must be used.
Environmental exposure cor	ntrols	
General advice	: Do not flush into surface water or sanita If the product contaminates rivers and la respective authorities.	

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

intermation on sacio phycical	u.,	a ononnoai proport
Physical state Appearance	:	liquid viscous
Colour	:	off-white
Odour	:	slight
Melting point/range / Freezing point	:	No data available
Boiling point/boiling range	:	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	No data available
Upper/lower flammability or e	exp	losive limits
Upper explosion limit / Up- per flammability limit	:	No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	No data available



	Version 5.0	Print Date 29.02.2024
:	> 101 °C Method: closed cup	
:	No data available	
:	No data available	
:	Not applicable substance/mixture is non-soluble (in water)	
:	> 20,5 mm2/s (40 °C)	
:	insoluble	
:	No data available	
:	0,01 hPa	
:	ca. 1,00 g/cm3 (20 °C)	
:	No data available	
:	No data available	
		 : > 101 °C Method: closed cup : No data available : No data available : Not applicable substance/mixture is non-soluble (in water) : > 20,5 mm2/s (40 °C) : insoluble : No data available : 0,01 hPa : ca. 1,00 g/cm3 (20 °C) : No data available

9.2 Other information

No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

10.2 Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : No hazards to be specially mentioned.



Date of last issue: 28.03.2023 Revision Date: 25.07.2023	Version 5.0	Print Date 29.02.202
10.4 Conditions to avoid		
Conditions to avoid	: No data available	
10.5 Incompatible materials		
Materials to avoid	: No data available	
10.6 Hazardous decompositior	products	
No decomposition if stored a	d applied as directed.	
SECTION 11: Toxicological	formation	
11.1 Information on hazard cla	es as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/	/2008
Acute toxicity		
Harmful if inhaled.		
Components:		
4-methyl-m-phenylene diis	cyanate:	
Acute oral toxicity	: LD50 Oral (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg	
Acute inhalation toxicity	: LC50 (Rat): 0,107 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: vapour	
	Acute toxicity estimate: 0,107 mg/l Test atmosphere: vapour Method: Calculation method	
Acute dermal toxicity	: LD50 Dermal (Rat): > 9.400 mg/kg	
Skin corrosion/irritation Not classified based on ava	ble information.	
Serious eye damage/eye in Not classified based on avail		
Respiratory or skin sensit	ation	
Skin sensitisation Not classified based on ava	ble information.	
Respiratory sensitisation May cause allergy or asthma	symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.	
Germ cell mutagenicity	ble information.	



Date of last issue: 28.03.2023 Revision Date: 25.07.2023	Version 5.0	Print Date 29.02.2024
Carcinogenicity Not classified based on available inform	ation.	
Reproductive toxicity Not classified based on available inform	ation.	
STOT - single exposure Not classified based on available inform	ation.	

STOT - repeated exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

11.2 Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

Product:

Assessment

: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

No data available

12.2 Persistence and degradability

No data available

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product:

Assessment

: This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher..

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties



Date of last issue: 28.03.2023 Revision Date: 25.07.2023	Version 5.0	Print Date 29.02.2024
Assessment	 The substance/mixture does not contai ered to have endocrine disrupting prop REACH Article 57(f) or Commission De (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regula levels of 0.1% or higher. 	erties according to elegated regulation
12.7 Other adverse effects		
<u>Product:</u> Additional ecological infor- mation	: There is no data available for this produ	uct.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product	:	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
European Waste Catalogue	:	08 01 11* waste paint and varnish containing organic sol- vents or other dangerous substances
Contaminated packaging	:	15 01 10* packaging containing residues of or contaminated by dangerous substances

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number or ID number

ADR	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
ΙΑΤΑ	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good
14.2 UN proper shipping name		
ADR	:	Not regulated as a dangerous good

SAFETY DATA SHEET According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



Sikalastic[®]-822 Part B

Date of last issue: 28.03.2023 Revision Date: 25.07.2023	Version 5.0	Print Date 29.02.202
IMDG	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
ΙΑΤΑ	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
14.3 Transport hazard class	s(es)	
ADR	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
IMDG	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
ΙΑΤΑ	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
14.4 Packing group		
ADR	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
IMDG	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
IATA (Cargo)	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
IATA (Passenger)	: Not regulated as a dangerous good	
14.5 Environmental hazards Not regulated as a dange		
14.6 Special precautions fo Not applicable	r user	
14.7 Maritime transport in b Not applicable for produc	ulk according to IMO instruments ct as supplied.	

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Relevant EU provisions transposed through retained EU law

UK REACH List of restrictions (Annex 17)	:	Conditions of restriction for the fol- lowing entries should be considered: 4-methyl-m-phenylene diisocyanate (Number on list 74)
UK REACH Candidate list of substances of very high concern (SVHC) for Authorisation	n :	Not applicable
The Persistent Organic Pollutants Regulations (retain Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 as amended for Great Brain)		Not applicable
International Chemical Weapons Convention (CWC) Schedules of Toxic Chemicals and Precursors	:	Not applicable
Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that d	e- :	Not applicable



Date of last issue: 28.03.2023 Revision Date: 25.07.2023	Version 5.0	Print Date 29.02.2024
plete the ozone layer		
UK REACH List of substances su (Annex XIV)	bject to authorisation : Not applicable	
GB Export and import of hazardou Informed Consent (PIC) Regulation		
Control of Major Accident Hazards 2015 (COMAH)	s Regulations Not applicable	
Volatile organic compounds :	Law on the incentive tax for volatile organic com (VOCV)	pounds
	Volatile organic compounds (VOC) content: 1% no VOC duties	w/w
	Directive 2010/75/EU of 24 November 2010 on in emissions (integrated pollution prevention and co Volatile organic compounds (VOC) content: 1%	ontrol)

If other regulatory information applies that is not already provided elsewhere in the Safety Data Sheet, then it is described in this subsection.

Health, safety and environ- mental regulation/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:	:	Environmental Protection Act 1990 & Subsidiary Regulations Health and Safety at Work Act 1974 & Subsidiary Regulations Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH)
		May be subject to the Control of Major Accident Hazards Regulations (COMAH), and amendments.

Other regulations:

Take note of The Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1999 (requirements relating to new and expectant mothers at work contained in Regulation 16 to 18) and of the Pregnant Workers Directive 92/85/EEC.

Take note of The Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1999 (requirements relating to protection of young people at work contained in Regulation 19) and of Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this mixture by the supplier.



Sikalastic®-822 Part B

Date of last issue: 28.03.2023 Revision Date: 25.07.2023 Version 5.0

Print Date 29.02.2024

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-Statements		
H315		Causes skin irritation.
H317	:	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	:	Causes serious eye irritation.
H330	:	Fatal if inhaled.
	:	
H334	:	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficul- ties if inhaled.
H335	:	May cause respiratory irritation.
H351	:	Suspected of causing cancer.
H412	:	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Full text of other abbreviati	ons	
Acute Tox.	:	Acute toxicity
Aquatic Chronic	:	Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard
Carc.	:	Carcinogenicity
Eye Irrit.	:	Eye irritation
Resp. Sens.	:	Respiratory sensitisation
Skin Irrit.	:	Skin irritation
Skin Sens.	:	Skin sensitisation
STOT SE	:	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure
GB EH40		UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits
GB EH40 BAT	:	UK. Biological monitoring guidance values
GB EH40 / TWA	:	Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA reference period)
GB EH40 / STEL	:	Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period)
ADR	:	
ADR	•	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of
CAS		Dangerous Goods by Road
CAS	•	Chemical Abstracts Service
DNEL	÷	Derived no-effect level
EC50	•	Half maximal effective concentration
GHS	:	Globally Harmonized System
IATA	:	International Air Transport Association
IMDG	:	International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
LD50	:	Median lethal dosis (the amount of a material, given all at
		once, which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of
		test animals)
LC50	:	Median lethal concentration (concentrations of the chemical in
		air that kills 50% of the test animals during the observation
		period)
MARPOL	:	International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from
		Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978
OEL	:	Occupational Exposure Limit
PBT	:	Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic
PNEC	:	Predicted no effect concentration
REACH	÷	Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament
	•	and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Reg-
		istration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemi-
		cals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency
SVHC		Substances of Very High Concern
0010	•	oubstances of very high ouncern



Date of last issue: 28.03.2023 Revision Date: 25.07.2023	Version 5.0	Print Date 29.02.2024
vPvB	: Very persistent and very bioaccumulative	
Further information		
Classification of the mixtu	re: Classification pr	rocedure:

Classification of the	mixture:	Classification procedu		
Acute Tox. 4	H332	Calculation method		
Resp. Sens. 1	H334	Calculation method		

The information contained in this Safety Data Sheet corresponds to our level of knowledge at the time of publication. All warranties are excluded. Our most current General Sales Conditions shall apply. Please consult the product data sheet prior to any use and processing.

Changes as compared to previous version !

GB / EN