According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



# Sikafloor®-407 Part A

Revision Date: 12.02.2024

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : Sikafloor®-407 Part A

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Primer

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name of supplier : Sika Limited

Watchmead Welwyn Garden City

Hertfordshire. AL7 1BQ

Telephone : +44 (0)1707 394444
Telefax : +44 (0)1707 329129
E-mail address of person : EHS@uk.sika.com

responsible for the SDS

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National Chemical Emergency Centre (NCEC) 24 Hour Emergency Telephone Number +44 870 190 6777

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Eye irritation, Category 2 H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

Skin sensitisation, Category 1 H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

## 2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms



Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

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Precautionary statements : Prevention:

P261 Avoid breathing mist or vapours.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ eye protection/ face

protection.

Response:

P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical

advice/ attention.

P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/

attention.

P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it

before reuse.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance

with local regulation.

#### Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

aromatic polyisocyanate prepolymer HDI oligomers, isocyanurate m-tolylidene diisocyanate

#### 2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Ecological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Toxicological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2 Mixtures

#### Components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No.	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
	Registration number		, ,
aromatic polyisocyanate prepoly-	Not Assigned	Eye Irrit. 2; H319	>= 40 - < 60
mer	Not Assigned	Skin Sens. 1; H317	

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HDI oligomers, isocyanurate 28182-81-2 Acute Tox. 4: H332 >= 10 - < 20 Contains: Skin Sens. 1; H317 Not Assigned hexamethylene-di-isocyanate <= 01-2119485796-17-STOT SE 3; H335 0.09 % XXXX (Respiratory system) Acute toxicity estimate Acute inhalation toxicity (dust/mist): 1,5 mg/l salicylic acid 69-72-7 Acute Tox. 4; H302 >= 0.1 - < 0.5200-712-3 Eye Dam. 1; H318 01-2119486984-17-Repr. 2; H361d XXXX Acute toxicity estimate Acute oral toxicity: 891 mg/kg Acute Tox. 1; H330 >= 0,025 - < m-tolylidene diisocyanate 26471-62-5 247-722-4 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 0,1 01-2119454791-34-Eye Irrit. 2; H319 XXXX Resp. Sens. 1; H334 Skin Sens. 1; H317 Carc. 2; H351 STOT SE 3; H335 (Respiratory system) Aquatic Chronic 3; H412 specific concentration limit Resp. Sens. 1; H334 >= 0,1 % Acute toxicity estimate Acute inhalation toxicity (vapour): 0,107

mg/l

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

According to REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by UK REACH Regulations SI 2019/758



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## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice : Move out of dangerous area.

Consult a physician.

Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

If inhaled : Move to fresh air.

Consult a physician after significant exposure.

In case of skin contact : Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately.

Wash off with soap and plenty of water. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

In case of eye contact : Immediately flush eye(s) with plenty of water.

Remove contact lenses.

Keep eye wide open while rinsing.

If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.

If swallowed : Do not induce vomiting without medical advice.

Rinse mouth with water.

Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms : Allergic reactions

Excessive lachrymation

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects

and symptoms.

Risks : irritant effects

sensitising effects

May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation.

## 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : Treat symptomatically.

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

## 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : In case of fire, use water/water spray/water jet/carbon diox-

ide/sand/foam/alcohol resistant foam/chemical powder for

extinction.

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#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

ucts

Hazardous combustion prod- : No hazardous combustion products are known

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

for firefighters

Special protective equipment : In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Further information Standard procedure for chemical fires.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions : Use personal protective equipment.

Deny access to unprotected persons.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

**Environmental precautions** : Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel,

acid binder, universal binder, sawdust).

Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protection see section 8.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling Avoid exceeding the given occupational exposure limits (see

section 8).

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. For personal protection see section 8.

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being

used.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the ap-

plication area.

Follow standard hygiene measures when handling chemical

products

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fire and explosion

Advice on protection against : Normal measures for preventive fire protection.

Hygiene measures Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety

> practice. When using do not eat or drink. When using do not smoke. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

## 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Store in accord-

ance with local regulations.

Further information on stor-

age stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) Consult most current local Product Data Sheet prior to any

use.

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 Control parameters

## **Occupational Exposure Limits**

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parame- ters *	Basis *		
HDI oligomers, isocyanurate	28182-81-2	TWA	0,02 mg/m3 (NCO)	GB EH40		
	Further inform	Further information: Substances that can cause occupational				
	asthma (also lead induce a simmunological become hyper sometimes eventoms. These shathma. Not a come hyper-rethose who are that can cause substances which include the disclassified as a mation can be	(NCO)				

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	asthma., Wherever it is reasonably practicable, exposure to substances that can cause occupational asthma should be prevented. Where this is not possible, the primary aim is to apply adequate standards of control to prevent workers from becoming hyperresponsive. For substances that can cause occupational asthma, COSHH requires that exposure be reduced to as low as is reasonably practicable. Activities giving rise to short-term peak concentrations should receive particular attention when risk management is being considered. Health surveillance is appropriate for all employees exposed or liable to be exposed to a substance which may cause occupational asthma and there should be appropriate consultation with an occupational health professional over the degree of risk and level of surveillance., Capable of causing occupational asthma., The 'Sen' notation in the list of WELs has been assigned only to those substances which may cause occupational asthma in the categories shown in Table 1. It should be remembered that other substances not in these tables may cause occupational asthma. HSE's asthma web pages (www.hse.gov.uk/asthma) provide further information.			
	(	STEL	0,07 mg/m3 (NCO)	GB EH40
		TWA	0,02 mg/m3 (NCO)	GB EH40
	Further informa	ation: Capable of ca		al asthma
	T GITTION INTONING	STEL	0,07 mg/m3	GB EH40
			(NCO)	
m-tolylidene diisocyanate	26471-62-5	TWA	0,02 mg/m3 (NCO)	GB EH40
	asthma (also k can induce a s immunological become hypersometimes eventoms. These sy asthma. Not all come hyper-rethose who are that can cause substances who with pre-existing include the disclassified as as mation can be assessments of asthma., When stances that can where this is not standards of coresponsive. For COSHH requires	ation: Substances the nown as asthmage tate of specific airwall irritant or other mediates of specific airwall irritant or other mediates, further en in tiny quantities, further end it is in likely to become hy occupational asthmatich may trigger the engairway hyper-respense themselves. To sthmagens or respiration found in the HSE point the evidence for a rever it is reasonably an cause occupation to possible, the print out possible, the print out possible, the print out to prevent wour substances that exposure becable. Activities giving the state of the print of the evidence of the exposure becable. Activities giving the exposure of	ns and respiratory ay hyper-respons chanism. Once the exposure to the sexposure to the sexposed to a sense appossible to identify a should be distinguished by the latter substance attory sensitisers. The latter substance are to a sense appossible to identify a should be distinguished by the latter substance attory sensitisers. The latter substance are to appose the latter substance are to a substance are to	r sensitisers) iveness via an e airways have substance, ratory symp- a runny nose to itiser will be- ify in advance Substances nguished from nma in people which do not ces are not Further infor- igen? Critical in occupational osure to sub- I be prevented. oly adequate ing hyper- ional asthma, w as is rea-

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centrations should receive particular attention when risk management is being considered. Health surveillance is appropriate for all employees exposed or liable to be exposed to a substance which may cause occupational asthma and there should be appropriate consultation with an occupational health professional over the degree of risk and level of surveillance., Capable of causing occupational asthma., The 'Sen' notation in the list of WELs has been assigned only to those substances which may cause occupational asthma in the categories shown in Table 1. It should be remembered that other substances not in these tables may cause occupational asthma. HSE's asthma web pages (www.hse.gov.uk/asthma) provide further information.			
	STEL	0,07 mg/m3	GB EH40
		(NCO)	

<sup>\*</sup>The above mentioned values are in accordance with the legislation in effect at the date of the release of this safety data sheet.

## **Biological occupational exposure limits**

Substance name	CAS-No.	Control parame- ters	Sampling time	Basis
HDI oligomers, isocyanurate	28182-81-2, 822-06-0	isocyanate- derived diamine (Isocyanates): 1 µmol/mol creati- nine (Urine)	At the end of the period of expo- sure	GB EH40 BAT
m-tolylidene diisocyanate	26471-62-5	isocyanate- derived diamine (Isocyanates): 1 µmol/mol creati- nine (Urine)	At the end of the period of expo- sure	GB EH40 BAT

# 8.2 Exposure controls

## **Engineering measures**

Maintain air concentrations below occupational exposure standards.

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

## Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection : Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to EN166

Eye wash bottle with pure water

Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an ap-

proved standard must be worn at all times when handling chemical products. Reference number EN 374. Follow manu-

facturer specifications.

Suitable for short time use or protection against splashes:

Butyl rubber/nitrile rubber gloves (> 0,1 mm) Contaminated gloves should be removed.

Suitable for permanent exposure:

Viton gloves (0.4 mm),

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breakthrough time >30 min.

Skin and body protection

Protective clothing (e.g. Safety shoes acc. to EN ISO 20345, long-sleeved working clothing, long trousers). Rubber aprons and protective boots are additionaly recommended for mixing

and stirring work.

Respiratory protection

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe work-

ing limits of the selected respirator.

organic vapor filter (Type A)

A1: < 1000 ppm; A2: < 5000 ppm; A3: < 10000 ppm Ensure adequate ventilation. This can be achieved by local exhaust extraction or by general ventilation. (EN 689 - Methods for determining inhalation exposure). This applies in particular to the mixing / stirring area. In case this is not sufficent to keep the concentrations under the occupational exposure limits then respiration protection measures must be used.

## **Environmental exposure controls**

General advice

: Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state liquid Colour amber

Odour mild

Melting point/range / Freezing : No data available

point

No data available Boiling point/boiling range

Flammability (solid, gas) No data available

## Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Upper explosion limit / Up- : No data available

per flammability limit

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Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit

: No data available

Flash point : > 61 °C

Method: closed cup

Auto-ignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

pH : Not applicable

substance/mixture reacts with water

**Viscosity** 

Viscosity, dynamic : ca. 300 mPa.s (20 °C)

Viscosity, kinematic : > 30 mm2/s (40 °C)

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : insoluble

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

No data available

Vapour pressure : 22 hPa

Density : ca. 1,066 g/cm3 (20 °C)

Relative vapour density : No data available

Particle characteristics : No data available

## 9.2 Other information

No data available

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

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#### 10.2 Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable.

## 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : No hazards to be specially mentioned.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : No data available

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : No data available

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

:

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

## **Acute toxicity**

Not classified due to lack of data.

#### **Components:**

#### HDI oligomers, isocyanurate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): > 2.500 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50: 1,5 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Expert judgement

Acute toxicity estimate: 1,5 mg/l Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 Dermal (Rat): > 2.000 mg/kg

salicylic acid:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): 891 mg/kg

Acute toxicity estimate: 891 mg/kg Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 Dermal (Rat): > 2.000 mg/kg

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m-tolylidene diisocyanate:

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 0,107 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour

Acute toxicity estimate: 0,107 mg/l

Test atmosphere: vapour Method: Calculation method

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified due to lack of data.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified due to lack of data.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified due to lack of data.

Carcinogenicity

Not classified due to lack of data.

Reproductive toxicity

Not classified due to lack of data.

STOT - single exposure

Not classified due to lack of data.

STOT - repeated exposure

Not classified due to lack of data.

**Aspiration toxicity** 

Not classified due to lack of data.

11.2 Information on other hazards

**Endocrine disrupting properties** 

**Product:** 

Assessment : The substance/mixture does not contain components consid-

ered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at

levels of 0.1% or higher.

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## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

## 12.1 Toxicity

#### Components:

#### HDI oligomers, isocyanurate:

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Daphnia (water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h aquatic invertebrates

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

No data available

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

## 12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

#### Product:

Assessment This substance/mixture contains no components considered

> to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of

0.1% or higher...

## 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

#### **Product:**

Assessment : The substance/mixture does not contain components consid-

ered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at

levels of 0.1% or higher.

## 12.7 Other adverse effects

## **Product:**

Additional ecological infor-

: There is no data available for this product.

mation

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

## 13.1 Waste treatment methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized **Product** 

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wherever possible.

Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe

way.

Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed

waste disposal contractor.

Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional

local authority requirements.

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with

soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

European Waste Catalogue : 08 01 11\* waste paint and varnish containing organic sol-

vents or other dangerous substances

Contaminated packaging : 15 01 10\* packaging containing residues of or contaminated

by dangerous substances

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### 14.1 UN number or ID number

ADR : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA : Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA : Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADR : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA : Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.4 Packing group

ADR : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA (Cargo) : Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA (Passenger) : Not regulated as a dangerous good

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#### 14.5 Environmental hazards

Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### 14.6 Special precautions for user

Not applicable

## 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable for product as supplied.

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# **15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**Relevant EU provisions transposed through retained EU law

UK REACH List of restrictions (Annex 17) : Not applicable

UK REACH Candidate list of substances of very high

concern (SVHC) for Authorisation

Not applicable

The Persistent Organic Pollutants Regulations (retained

Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 as amended for Great Brit-

ain)

Not applicable

International Chemical Weapons Convention (CWC)

Schedules of Toxic Chemicals and Precursors

Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that de-

plete the ozone layer

: Not applicable

UK REACH List of substances subject to authorisation

(Annex XIV)

Not applicable

GB Export and import of hazardous chemicals - Prior

Informed Consent (PIC) Regulation

Not applicable

Control of Major Accident Hazards Regulations

2015 (COMAH)

Not applicable

Volatile organic compounds : Law on the incentive tax for volatile organic compounds

(VOCV)

Volatile organic compounds (VOC) content: 35,2% w/w

Directive 2010/75/EU of 24 November 2010 on industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) Volatile organic compounds (VOC) content: 35,2% w/w

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## П

If other regulatory information applies that is not already provided elsewhere in the Safety Data Sheet, then it is described in this subsection.

Health, safety and environmental regulation/legislation specific for the substance or mixture: : Environmental Protection Act 1990 & Subsidiary Regulations Health and Safety at Work Act 1974 & Subsidiary Regulations Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations

(COSHH)

May be subject to the Control of Major Accident Hazards

Regulations (COMAH), and amendments.

#### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this mixture by the supplier.

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### **Full text of H-Statements**

H302 : Harmful if swallowed. H315 : Causes skin irritation.

H317 : May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318 : Causes serious eye damage.
H319 : Causes serious eye irritation.

H330 : Fatal if inhaled. H332 : Harmful if inhaled.

H334 : May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficul-

ties if inhaled.

H335 : May cause respiratory irritation. H351 : Suspected of causing cancer.

H361d : Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H412 : Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## Full text of other abbreviations

Acute Tox. : Acute toxicity

Aquatic Chronic : Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard

Carc. : Carcinogenicity
Eye Dam. : Serious eye damage
Eye Irrit. : Eye irritation

Repr. : Reproductive toxicity
Resp. Sens. : Respiratory sensitisation

Skin Irrit. : Skin irritation
Skin Sens. : Skin sensitisation

STOT SE : Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure GB EH40 : UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits GB EH40 BAT : UK. Biological monitoring guidance values

GB EH40 / TWA : Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA reference period)
GB EH40 / STEL : Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period)
ADR : European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Road

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CAS : Chemical Abstracts Service
DNEL : Derived no-effect level

EC50 : Half maximal effective concentration

GHS : Globally Harmonized System

IATA : International Air Transport Association

IMDG : International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

LD50 : Median lethal dosis (the amount of a material, given all at

once, which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of

test animals)

LC50 : Median lethal concentration (concentrations of the chemical in

air that kills 50% of the test animals during the observation

period)

MARPOL : International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from

Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978

OEL : Occupational Exposure Limit

PBT : Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic PNEC : Predicted no effect concentration

REACH : Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament

and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency

SVHC : Substances of Very High Concern

vPvB : Very persistent and very bioaccumulative

#### **Further information**

## Classification of the mixture: Classification procedure:

Eye Irrit. 2 H319 Calculation method Skin Sens. 1 H317 Calculation method

The information contained in this Safety Data Sheet corresponds to our level of knowledge at the time of publication. All warranties are excluded. Our most current General Sales Conditions shall apply. Please consult the product data sheet prior to any use and processing.

Changes as compared to previous version!

GB / EN